PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED JULY 26, 2018

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds (i) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, (ii) is not an item of tax preference for federal alternative minimum tax purposes, (iii) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, and (iv) is not an item of tax preference for Minnesota alternative minimum tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds is included, however, in adjusted current earnings for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations with respect to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018 and in taxable income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions. See "TAX EXEMPTION AND RELATED CONSIDERATIONS" herein.

The City will NOT designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which permits financial institutions to deduct interest expenses allocable to the Bonds to the extent permitted under prior law.

New Issue

Credit Enhanced Rating: Moody's Investors Service "Aa2"
Underlying Rating: Moody's Investors Service "A3"

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA

(Todd County)

(Minnesota City Credit Enhancement Program)

\$11,725,000* GENERAL OBLIGATION SEWER REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2018A

PROPOSAL OPENING: August 6, 2018, 10:30 A.M., C.T. **CONSIDERATION**: August 6, 2018, 7:00 P.M., C.T.

PURPOSE/AUTHORITY/SECURITY: The \$11,725,000* General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A (the "Bonds") are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475, by the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota (the "City") for the purpose of financing the construction of various sanitary sewer utility system improvements within the City. The Bonds will be general obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and taxing powers are pledged. Delivery is subject to receipt of an approving legal opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minnesota.

DATE OF BONDS: August 30, 2018 **MATURITY:** February 1 as follows:

Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*
2020	\$270,000	2027	\$530,000	2034	\$670,000
2021	470,000	2028	545,000	2035	695,000
2022	470,000	2029	560,000	2036	725,000
2023	480,000	2030	585,000	2037	745,000
2024	490,000	2031	605,000	2038	780,000
2025	505,000	2032	620,000	2039	810,000
2026	520,000	2033	650,000		

MATURITY ADJUSTMENTS:

* The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread

per \$1,000.

TERM BONDS: See "Term Bond Option" herein.

INTEREST: August 1, 2019 and semiannually thereafter.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION: Bonds maturing February 1, 2028 and thereafter are subject to call for prior redemption on February 1,

2027 and any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest.

MINIMUM PROPOSAL: \$11,607,750

GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT: A good faith deposit in the amount of \$234,500 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire transfer

of funds.

PAYING AGENT: Bond Trust Services Corporation

BOND COUNSEL: Dorsey & Whitney LLP **MUNICIPAL ADVISOR:** Ehlers and Associates, Inc.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY: See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein (unless otherwise specified by the purchaser).

REPRESENTATIONS

No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the City to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Preliminary Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the City. This Preliminary Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Bonds in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction.

This Preliminary Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the Syndicate Manager or Syndicate Members. Statements contained herein which involve estimates or matters of opinion are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact. Ehlers & Associates, Inc. prepared this Preliminary Official Statement and any addenda thereto relying on information of the City and other sources for which there is reasonable basis for believing the information is accurate and complete. Bond Counsel has not participated in the preparation of this Preliminary Official Statement and is not expressing any opinion as to the completeness or accuracy of the information contained therein. Compensation of Ehlers & Associates, Inc., payable entirely by the City, is contingent upon the sale of the issue.

COMPLIANCE WITH S.E.C. RULE 15c2-12

Certain municipal obligations (issued in an aggregate amount over \$1,000,000) are subject to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule").

Preliminary Official Statement: This Preliminary Official Statement was prepared for the City for dissemination to potential investors. Its primary purpose is to disclose information regarding the Bonds to prospective underwriters in the interest of receiving competitive proposals in accordance with the sale notice contained herein. Unless an addendum is posted prior to the sale, this Preliminary Official Statement shall be deemed nearly final for purposes of the Rule subject to completion, revision and amendment in a Final Official Statement as defined below.

Review Period: This Preliminary Official Statement has been distributed to prospective bidders for review. Comments or requests for the correction of omissions or inaccuracies must be submitted to Ehlers & Associates, Inc. at least two business days prior to the sale. Requests for additional information or corrections in the Preliminary Official Statement received on or before this date will <u>not</u> be considered a qualification of a proposal received from an underwriter. If there are any changes, corrections or additions to the Preliminary Official Statement, interested bidders will be informed by an addendum prior to the sale.

Final Official Statement: Copies of the Final Official Statement will be delivered to the underwriter (Syndicate Manager) within seven business days following the proposal acceptance.

Continuing Disclosure: Subject to certain exemptions, issues in an aggregate amount over \$1,000,000 may be required to comply with provisions of the Rule which require that underwriters obtain from the issuers of municipal securities (or other obligated party) an agreement for the benefit of the owners of the securities to provide continuing disclosure with respect to those securities. This Preliminary Official Statement describes the conditions under which the Bonds are exempt or required to comply with the Rule.

CLOSING CERTIFICATES

Upon delivery of the Bonds, the underwriter (Syndicate Manager) will be furnished with the following items: (1) a certificate of the appropriate officials to the effect that at the time of the sale of the Bonds and all times subsequent thereto up to and including the time of the delivery of the Bonds, this Preliminary Official Statement did not and does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (2) a receipt signed by the appropriate officer evidencing payment for the Bonds; (3) a certificate evidencing the due execution of the Bonds, including statements that (a) no litigation of any nature is pending, or to the knowledge of signers, threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, (b) neither the corporate existence or boundaries of the City nor the title of the signers to their respective offices is being contested, and (c) no authority or proceedings for the issuance of the Bonds have been repealed, revoked or rescinded; and (4) a certificate setting forth facts and expectations of the City which indicates that the City does not expect to use the proceeds of the Bonds in a manner that would cause them to be arbitrage bonds within the meaning of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or within the meaning of applicable Treasury Regulations.

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CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE CITY COUNCIL

		Term Expires
Don Rasmussen	Mayor	January 2019
Lilah Gripne	Council Member	January 2021
Devin Hines	Council Member	January 2019
Randy Mechels	Council Member	January 2021
Tony Towle	Council Member	January 2019

ADMINISTRATION

Brenda Thomes, City Administrator/Clerk

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, Minneapolis, Minnesota

Ehlers & Associates, Inc., Municipal Advisors, Roseville, Minnesota (Other offices located in Waukesha, Wisconsin; Chicago, Illinois and Denver, Colorado)

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Preliminary Official Statement contains certain information regarding the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota (the "City") and the issuance of its \$11,725,000* General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A (the "Bonds"). Any descriptions or summaries of the Bonds, statutes, or documents included herein are not intended to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such statutes and documents and the form of the Bonds to be included in the resolution awarding the sale of the Bonds ("Award Resolution") to be adopted by the City Council on August 6, 2018.

Inquiries may be directed to Ehlers & Associates, Inc. ("Ehlers" or the "Municipal Advisor"), Roseville, Minnesota, (651) 697-8500, the City's Municipal Advisor. A copy of this Preliminary Official Statement may be downloaded from Ehlers' web site at www.ehlers-inc.com by connecting to the link to the Bond Sales and following the directions at the top of the site.

THE BONDS

GENERAL

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form as to both principal and interest in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof, and will be dated, as originally issued, as of August 30, 2018. The Bonds will mature on February 1 in the years and amounts set forth on the cover of this Preliminary Official Statement. Interest will be payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2019, to the registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month. Interest will be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. (For example, if a rate of 4.50% is proposed for the 2020 maturity, then the lowest rate that may be proposed for any later maturity is 2.50%.) All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from the date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). (See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein.) As long as the Bonds are held under the book-entry system, beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds may be acquired in book-entry form only, and all payments of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds shall be made through the facilities of DTC and its participants. If the book-entry system is terminated, principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds shall be payable as provided in the Award Resolution.

The City has selected Bond Trust Services Corporation, Roseville, Minnesota, to act as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). Bond Trust Services Corporation and Ehlers are affiliate companies. The City will pay the charges for Paying Agent services. The City reserves the right to remove the Paying Agent and to appoint a successor.

*Preliminary, subject to change.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

At the option of the City, the Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2028 shall be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on February 1, 2027 and on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest.

Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the selection of the amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be at the discretion of the City. If only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for redemption, then the City or Paying Agent, if any, will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant's interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interest in such maturity to be redeemed.

Notice of redemption shall be sent by mail not more than 60 days and not less than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

AUTHORITY; PURPOSE

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475, by the City for the purpose of financing the construction of the 2018 Wastewater Treatment Improvements in the City.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES*

Sourc	es		
	Par Amount of Bonds	\$11,725,000	
	Grant Funds	2,500,000	
	Total Sources		\$14,225,000
Uses			
	Total Underwriter's Discount (1.000%)	\$117,250	
	Costs of Issuance	105,000	
	Deposit to Project Construction Fund	14,000,000	
	Rounding Amount	2,750	
	Total Uses		\$14,225,00 0

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change

SECURITY

The Bonds are general obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and taxing powers are pledged without limitation as to rate or amount. Principal and interest on the Bonds will be paid entirely from net revenues of the sewer system which is owned and operated by the City. Should the revenues pledged for payment of the Bonds be insufficient to pay the principal and interest as the same shall become due, the City is required to pay maturing principal and interest from moneys on hand in any other fund of the City not pledged for another purpose and/or to levy a tax for this purpose upon all the taxable property in the City, without limitation as to rate or amount.

The City has certain contractual obligations with each private user in the Significant Industrial User Agreements for services at the wastewater treatment plant being financed by the Bonds. The City received a \$12,000,000 allocation of state volume cap on July 2, 2018 and held the required public hearing on July 16, 2018 to qualify the Bonds as "exempt facility" private activity obligations.

CONCURRENT FINANCING

By means of a separate Preliminary Official Statement, the City will be offering for sale its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018B (the "Concurrent Obligations" or the "Series 2018B Bonds") which are scheduled to close on August 30, 2018.

RATING

The City will be participating in the State of Minnesota Credit Enhancement Program ("MNCEP") for this issue and is requesting a rating from Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"). Moody's has a policy which assigns a minimum rating of "Aa2" to issuers participating in the MNCEP. The "Aa2" rating is based on the State of Minnesota's current "Aa1" rating from Moody's. See "STATE OF MINNESOTA CREDIT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM" for further details.

The City received an "A3" underlying rating from Moody's on this issue. Such rating reflects only the views of such organization and explanations of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency, if in the judgement of such rating agency circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Such rating is not to be construed as a recommendation of the rating agency to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and the rating assigned by the rating agency should be evaluated independently. Except as may be required by the Disclosure Undertaking described under the heading "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" neither the City nor the underwriter undertake responsibility to bring to the attention of the owner of the Bonds any proposed changes in or withdrawal of such rating or to oppose any such revision or withdrawal.

STATE OF MINNESOTA CREDIT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

By resolution adopted for this issue on May 21, 2018 (the "Resolution"), the City has covenanted and obligated itself to be bound by the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Section 446A.086 (the "Act"), which provides for payment by the State of Minnesota in the event of a potential default of certain obligations. The City has entered into a Credit Enhancement Program Agreement (the "Agreement") with the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority (the "Authority"), which is acting on behalf of the State of Minnesota. The provisions of the Agreement shall be binding on the City as long as any obligations of the issue remain outstanding.

The City covenants in the Agreement to deposit with the paying agent for the issue three business days prior to the date on which a payment is due an amount sufficient to make that payment. Under the Agreement, if the City believes it may be unable to make a principal or interest payment for this issue on the due date, it must notify the Authority not less than 15 business days prior to the date a payment is due on the Bonds if the City will be unable to make all or a portion of the payment. The City's agreement with the Paying Agent for the Bonds requires the Paying Agent to immediately inform the Minnesota Commissioner of Management and Budget, with a copy to the Authority, if the Paying Agent becomes aware of a default or potential default in the payment of principal or interest on the Bonds, or if, on the day two business days before the date a payment is due on the Bonds, there are insufficient funds on deposit with the Paying Agent to make the payment.

If the City is unable to make any portion of the payment on the Bonds on or before the date due, the State of Minnesota, acting through the Authority, shall make such payment in its place pursuant to the Act, providing that funds are available in the State General Fund. The obligation to make a payment under the Act is not a general obligation of the State of Minnesota. The Act does not obligate the Minnesota legislature to provide for the availability of funds in the General Fund for this purpose.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriters in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (hereinafter the "Rule"), the City shall covenant to take certain actions pursuant to a Resolution adopted by the City Council by entering into a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (the "Disclosure Undertaking") for the benefit of holders, including beneficial holders. The Disclosure Undertaking requires the City to provide electronically or in the manner otherwise prescribed certain financial information annually and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule. The details and terms of the Disclosure Undertaking for this issue are set forth in Appendix D to be executed and delivered by the City at the time of delivery of the Bonds. Such Disclosure Undertaking will be in substantially the form attached hereto.

In the previous five years, the City believes it has not failed to comply in all material respects with its prior undertakings under the Rule.

A failure by the City to comply with any Disclosure Undertaking will not constitute an event of default on this issue or any issue outstanding. However, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

The City will file its continuing disclosure information using the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system or any system that may be prescribed in the future. Investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org. Ehlers is currently engaged as disclosure dissemination agent for the City.

LEGAL OPINION

An opinion in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B will be furnished by Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota, bond counsel to the City.

TAX EXEMPTION AND RELATED TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal and Minnesota income tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds. This summary is based on the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial decisions, and published rulings and administrative pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. Any such change could adversely affect the matters discussed below, including the tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. The City has not sought and will not seek any rulings from the IRS regarding the matters discussed below, and there can be no assurance the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position regarding these matters.

This summary is for general information only and is not intended to constitute a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership, and disposition of Bonds. It does not address the U.S. federal estate and gift tax or any state, local, or non-U.S. tax consequences except with respect to Minnesota income tax to the extent specified herein. This summary is limited to consequences to U.S. holders that purchase the Bonds for cash at original issue and hold the Bonds as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment).

This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income or state taxation that may be relevant to particular holders of the Bonds in light of their specific circumstances or the tax considerations applicable to holders that may be subject to special income tax rules, such as holders subject to special tax accounting rules under Section 451(b) of the Code; insurance companies, brokers, dealers, or traders in stocks, securities, or currencies or notional principal contracts; foreign corporations, subject to the branch profits tax; and S corporations, partnerships, or other pass-through entities or investors therein.

Prospective purchasers of Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to applicable federal, state, and local tax rules, and any pending or proposed legislation or regulatory or administrative actions, relating to the Bonds based on their own particular circumstances.

Tax Exempt Interest

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney, LLP, Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds (I) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes (ii) is not an item of tax preference for federal alternative minimum tax purposes; (iii) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, and (iv) is not an item of tax preference for federal or Minnesota alternative minimum tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds is included, however, in adjusted current earnings for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations with respect to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018 and in taxable income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions.

The Code establishes certain requirements that must be met after the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excluded from federal gross income and from Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts. These requirements include, but are not limited to, provisions regarding the use of Bond proceeds and the facilities financed or refinanced with such proceeds and restrictions on the investment of Bond proceeds and other amounts. The City has made certain representations and has covenanted to comply with certain restrictions, conditions, and requirements designed to ensure interest on the Bonds will not be included in federal gross income. Inaccuracy of these representations or noncompliance with these covenants may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in federal gross income or in Minnesota taxable net income retroactively to their date of issue. Bond Counsel has not independently verified the accuracy of these representations and will not verify the continuing compliance with these covenants. No provision has been made for redemption of or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds in the event that interest on the Bonds is included in federal gross income or in Minnesota taxable net income.

Original Issue Discount

Bonds may be issued at a discount from their principal amount (any such Bonds being "Discount Bonds"). The excess of the principal amount of Bonds of a given maturity over their "issue price" (*i.e.*, the first price at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of that maturity is sold for cash to persons other than bond houses, brokers, or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents, or wholesalers) constitutes "original issue discount" ("OID"). OID that accrues to a holder of a Discount Bond is excluded from federal gross income and from Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts to the same extent that stated interest on such Discount Bond would be so excluded. The amount of OID that accrues on a Discount Bond is added to the holder's federal and Minnesota tax bases. OID is taxable under the Minnesota franchise tax on corporations and financial institutions.

OID on a Discount Bond generally accrues pursuant to a constant-yield method that reflects semiannual compounding on dates that are determined by reference to the maturity date of the Discount Bond. The amount of OID that accrues for any particular semiannual accrual period generally is equal to the excess of (1) the product of (a) one-half of the yield on such Discount Bonds (adjusted as necessary for an initial short period) and (b) the adjusted issue price of such Discount Bonds, over (2) the amount of stated interest actually payable. For this purpose, the adjusted issue price is determined by adding to the issue price for such Discount Bonds the OID that is treated as having accrued during all prior accrual periods. If a Discount Bond is sold or otherwise disposed of between semiannual compounding dates, then the original issue discount that would have accrued for that accrual period for federal income tax purposes is allocated ratably to the days in such accrual period.

If a Discount Bond is purchased for a cost that exceeds the sum of the Issue Price plus accrued interest and accrued OID, the amount of OID that is deemed to accrue thereafter to the purchaser is reduced by an amount that reflects amortization of such excess over the remaining term of such Discount Bond. If the excess is greater than the amount of remaining OID, the basis reduction rules for amortizable bond premium may result in taxable gain upon sale or other disposition of the Bonds, even if the Bonds are sold, redeemed or retired for an amount equal to or less than their cost.

It is possible under certain state and local income tax laws that original issue discount on a Discount Bond may be taxable in the year of accrual, and may be deemed to accrue differently than under federal law.

Market Discount

A holder that acquires a Bond for an amount in excess of its principal amount generally must, from time to time, reduce the holder's federal and Minnesota tax bases for the Bond. Premium generally is amortized for federal income tax purposes and Minnesota income and franchise tax purposes on the basis of a bondholder's constant yield to maturity or to certain call dates with semiannual compounding. Accordingly, holders who acquire Bonds at a premium may recognize taxable gain upon sale of the Bonds, even if such Bonds are sold for an amount equal to or less than their original cost. Amortized premium is not deductible for federal income tax purposes or for purposes of the Minnesota income tax applicable to individuals, estates and trusts.

Bond Premium

A holder that acquires a Bond for an amount in excess of its principal amount generally must, from time to time, reduce the holder's federal and Minnesota tax basis for the Bond. Premium generally is amortized for federal income tax purposes and Minnesota income and franchise tax purposes on the basis of a bondholder's constant yield to maturity or to certain call dates with semiannual compounding. Accordingly, holders who acquire Bonds at a premium may recognize taxable gain upon sale of the Bonds, even if such Bonds are sold for an amount equal to or less than their original cost. Amortized premium is not deductible for federal income tax purposes or for purposes of the Minnesota income tax applicable to individuals, estates, or trusts.

Related Tax Considerations

Section 86 of the Code and corresponding provisions of Minnesota law require recipients of certain social security and railroad retirement benefits to take interest on the Bonds into account in determining the taxability of such benefits.

Section 265(a) of the Code denies a deductible for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds, and Minnesota law similarly denies a reduction for such interest in the case of individuals, estates, and trusts. In the case of a financial institution, no deduction is allowed under Section 265(b) of the Code for that portion of the holder's interest expense that is allocable to interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, unless the obligations are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code. The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code. Accordingly, although interest expense allocable to the Bonds is not subject to the disallowance under Section 265(b) of the Code, the deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds may be subject to reduction under Section 291 of the Code.

The ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of amounts treated as interest on, the Bonds, may affect a holder's federal, state, or local tax liability in some additional circumstances. The nature and extent of these other tax consequences depends upon the particular tax status of the holder and the holder's other items of income or deduction.

Sale or Other Disposition

A holder will generally recognize gain or loss on the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement, or other disposition of a Bond equal to the difference between (I) the amount realized less amounts attributable to any accrued but unpaid stated interest and (ii) the holder's adjusted tax basis in the Bond. The amount realized includes the cash and the fair market value of any property received by the holder in exchange for the Bond. A holder's adjusted tax basis in a Bond generally will be equal to the amount that the holder paid for the Bond, increased by any accrued OID with respect to the Bond and reduced by the amount of any amortized bond premium on the Bond. Except to the extent attributable to market discount (which will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent not previously included in income), any gain or loss will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the holder held the Bond for more than one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by certain non-corporate persons, including individuals, generally are taxable at a reduced rate. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to significant limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments of interest on the Bonds (including any allocable bond premium or accrued OID) and proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the Bonds generally will be reported to the IRS as required under applicable Treasury Regulations. Backup withholding will apply to these payments if the holder fails to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number and certification that it is not subject to backup withholding (generally on an IRS Form W-9) or otherwise fails to comply with the applicable backup withholding requirements. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Certain holders are exempt from information reporting. Potential holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding qualification for an exemption and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Ehlers has served as municipal advisor to the City in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor cannot participate in the underwriting of the Bonds. The financial information included in this Preliminary Official Statement has been compiled by the Municipal Advisor. Such information does not purport to be a review, audit or certified forecast of future events and may not conform with accounting principles applicable to compilations of financial information. Ehlers is not a firm of certified public accountants. Ehlers is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the MSRB as a Municipal Advisor.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR AFFILIATED COMPANIES

Bond Trust Services Corporation ("BTSC") and Ehlers Investment Partners, LLC ("EIP") are affiliate companies of Ehlers. BTSC is chartered by the State of Minnesota and authorized in Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Illinois to transact the business of a limited purpose trust company. BTSC provides paying agent services to debt issuers. EIP is a Registered Investment Advisor with the Securities and Exchange Commission. EIP assists issuers with the investment of bond proceeds or investing other issuer funds. This includes escrow bidding agent services. Issuers, such as the City, have retained or may retain BTSC and/or EIP to provide these services. If hired, BTSC and/or EIP would be retained by the City under an agreement separate from Ehlers.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The basic financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 have been audited by Schlenner Wenner & Co., St. Cloud, Minnesota, independent auditors (the "Auditor"). The report of the Auditor, together with the basic financial statements, component units financial statements, and notes to the financial statements are attached hereto as "APPENDIX A – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS". The Auditor has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. The Auditor also has not performed any procedures relating to this Preliminary Official Statement.

RISK FACTORS

Following is a description of possible risks to holders of the Bonds without weighting as to probability. This description of risks is not intended to be all-inclusive, and there may be other risks not now perceived or listed here.

Taxes: The Bonds are general obligations of the City, the ultimate payment of which rests in the City's ability to levy and collect sufficient taxes to pay debt service should other revenue (sewer revenues) be insufficient. In the event of delayed billing, collection or distribution of property taxes, sufficient funds may not be available to the City in time to pay debt service when due.

State Actions: Many elements of local government finance, including the issuance of debt and the levy of property taxes, are controlled by state government. Future actions of the state may affect the overall financial condition of the City, the taxable value of property within the City, and the ability of the City to levy and collect property taxes.

Future Changes in Law: Various State and federal laws, regulations and constitutional provisions apply to the City and to the Bonds. The City can give no assurance that there will not be a change in or interpretation of any such applicable laws, regulations and provisions which would have a material effect on the City or the taxing authority of the City.

Ratings; Interest Rates: In the future, the City's credit rating may be reduced or withdrawn, or interest rates for this type of obligation may rise generally, either possibility resulting in a reduction in the value of the Bonds for resale prior to maturity.

Tax Exemption: If the federal government or the State of Minnesota taxes all or a portion of the interest on municipal obligations, directly or indirectly, or if there is a change in federal or state tax policy, the value of the Bonds may fall for purposes of resale. Noncompliance following the issuance of the Bonds with certain requirements of the Code and covenants of the bond resolution may result in the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in gross income of the recipient for United States income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for State of Minnesota income tax purposes. No provision has been made for redemption of the Bonds, or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds, in the event that interest on the Bonds becomes subject to United States or State of Minnesota income taxation, retroactive to the date of issuance.

Continuing Disclosure: A failure by the City to comply with the Disclosure Undertaking for continuing disclosure (see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE") will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. Any such failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer, or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

State Economy; State Aids: State of Minnesota cash flow problems could affect local governments and possibly increase property taxes.

Book-Entry-Only System: The timely credit of payments for principal and interest on the Bonds to the accounts of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may be delayed due to the customary practices, standing instructions or for other unknown reasons by DTC participants or indirect participants. Since the notice of redemption or other notices to holders of these obligations will be delivered by the City to DTC only, there may be a delay or failure by DTC, DTC participants or indirect participants to notify the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

Economy: A combination of economic, climatic, political or civil disruptions or terrorist actions outside of the control of the City, including loss of major taxpayers or major employers, could affect the local economy and result in reduced tax collections and/or increased demands upon local government. Real or perceived threats to the financial stability of the City may have an adverse effect on the value of the Bonds in the secondary market.

Secondary Market for the Bonds: No assurance can be given that a secondary market will develop for the purchase and sale of the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. The underwriters are not obligated to engage in secondary market trading or to repurchase any of the Bonds at the request of the owners thereof. Prices of the Bonds as traded in the secondary market are subject to adjustment upward and downward in response to changes in the credit markets and other prevailing circumstances. No guarantee exists as to the future market value of the Bonds. Such market value could be substantially different from the original purchase price.

Bankruptcy: The rights and remedies of the holders may be limited by and are subject to the provisions of federal bankruptcy laws, to other laws, or equitable principles that may affect the enforcement of creditors' rights, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to limitations on legal remedies against local governments. The opinion of Bond Counsel to be delivered with respect to the Bonds will be similarly qualified.

Cybersecurity: Municipalities are dependent on electronic information technology systems to deliver services. These systems may contain sensitive information or support critical operational functions which may be valued for unauthorized purposes. As a result, the electronic systems and networks may be targets of cyberattack. There can be no assurance that they will not experience a breach with financial consequences that could have a material adverse impact.

VALUATIONS

OVERVIEW

All non-exempt property is subject to taxation by local taxing districts. Exempt real property includes Indian lands, public property, and educational, religious and charitable institutions. Most personal property is exempt from taxation (except investor-owned utility mains, generating plants, etc.).

The valuation of property in Minnesota consists of three elements. (1) The <u>estimated market value</u> is set by city or county assessors. Not less than 20% of all real properties are to be appraised by local assessors each year. (2) The <u>taxable market value</u> is the estimated market value adjusted by all legislative exclusions. (3) The <u>tax capacity (taxable) value</u> of property is determined by class rates set by the State Legislature. The tax capacity rate varies according to the classification of the property. Tax capacity represents a percent of taxable market value.

The property tax rate for a local taxing jurisdiction is determined by dividing the total tax capacity or market value of property within the jurisdiction into the dollars to be raised from the levy. State law determines whether a levy is spread on tax capacity or market value. Major classifications and the percentages by which tax capacity is determined are:

Type of Property	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Residential homestead ¹	First \$500,000 - 1.00%	First \$500,000 - 1.00%	First \$500,000 - 1.00%
	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%
Agricultural homestead ¹	First \$500,000 HGA - 1.00%	First \$500,000 HGA - 1.00%	First \$500,000 HGA - 1.00%
	Over \$500,000 HGA - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 HGA - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 HGA - 1.25%
	First \$2,140,000 - 0.50% ²	First \$2,050,000 - 0.50% ²	First \$1,940,000 - 0.50% ²
	Over \$2,140,000 - 1.00% ²	Over \$2,050,000 - 1.00% ²	Over \$1,940,000 - 1.00% ²
Agricultural non-homestead	Land - 1.00% ²	Land - 1.00% ²	Land - 1.00% ²
Seasonal recreational residential	First \$500,000 - 1.00% ³	First \$500,000 - 1.00% ³	First \$500,000 - 1.00% ³
	Over \$500,000 - 1.25% ³	Over \$500,000 - 1.25% ³	Over \$500,000 - 1.25% ³
Residential non-homestead:	1 unit - 1st \$500,000 - 1.00%	1 unit - 1st \$500,000 - 1.00%	1 unit - 1st \$500,000 - 1.00%
	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%
	2-3 units - 1.25%	2-3 units - 1.25%	2-3 units - 1.25%
	4 or more - 1.25%	4 or more - 1.25%	4 or more - 1.25%
	Small City ⁴ - 1.25%	Small City ⁴ - 1.25%	Small City ⁴ - 1.25%
	Affordable Rental:	Affordable Rental:	Affordable Rental:
	First \$106,00075%	First \$115,00075%	First \$121,00075%
	Over \$106,00025%	Over \$115,00025%	Over \$121,00025%
Industrial/Commercial/Utility ⁵	First \$150,000 - 1.50%	First \$150,000 - 1.50%	First \$150,000 - 1.50%
	Over \$150,000 - 2.00%	Over \$150,000 - 2.00%	Over \$150,000 - 2.00%

A residential property qualifies as "homestead" if it is occupied by the owner or a relative of the owner on the assessment date.

² Applies to land and buildings. Exempt from referendum market value tax.

Exempt from referendum market value tax.

Cities of 5,000 population or less and located entirely outside the seven-county metropolitan area and the adjacent nine-county area and whose boundaries are 15 miles or more from the boundaries of a Minnesota city with a population of over 5,000.

⁵ The estimated market value of utility property is determined by the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

CURRENT PROPERTY VALUATIONS

2016/17 Economic Market Value ¹		<u>\$126,996,346</u> ²
	2017/18 Assessor's Estimated Market Value	2017/18 Net Tax Capacity
Real Estate	\$127,356,200	\$1,433,895
Personal Property	1,835,800	36,667
Total Valuation	\$129,192,000	\$1,470,562
Less: Captured Tax Increment Tax Capacity ³		(150,615)
Taxable Net Tax Capacity		\$1,319,947

Most recent value available from the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

According to the Minnesota Department of Revenue, the Assessor's Estimated Market Value (the "AEMV") for the City of Long Prairie is about 93.43% of the actual selling prices of property most recently sold in the City. The sales ratio was calculated by comparing the selling prices with the AEMV. Dividing the AEMV of real estate by the sales ratio and adding the AEMV of personal property and utility, railroads and minerals, if any, results in an Economic Market Value ("EMV") for the City of \$126,996,346.

The captured tax increment value shown above represents the captured net tax capacity of tax increment financing districts in the City of Long Prairie.

2017/18 NET TAX CAPACITY BY CLASSIFICATION

	2017/18 Net Tax Capacity	Percent of Total Net Tax Capacity
Residential homestead	\$ 435,922	29.64%
Agricultural	3,203	0.22%
Commercial/industrial	752,148	51.15%
Public utility	291	0.02%
Non-homestead residential	234,203	15.93%
Commercial & residential seasonal/rec.	8,128	0.55%
Personal property	36,667	2.49%
Total	\$1,470,562	100.00%

TREND OF VALUATIONS

Levy Year	Assessor's Estimated Market Value	Assessor's Taxable Market Value	Net Tax Capacity ¹	Taxable Net Tax Capacity²	Percent +/- in Estimated Market Value
2013/14	\$118,574,100	\$ 98,898,200	\$1,244,922	\$1,155,453	- 0.24%
2014/15	116,563,300	97,529,000	1,236,189	1,143,279	- 1.70%
2015/16	112,364,400	93,586,867	1,195,737	1,104,292	- 3.60%
2016/17	118,752,400	99,632,613	1,279,221	1,212,518	+ 5.69%
2017/18	129,192,000	109,945,143	1,470,562	1,319,947	+ 8.79%

Net Tax Capacity includes tax increment values.

² Taxable Net Tax Capacity does not include tax increment values.

LARGER TAXPAYERS¹

Taxpayer	Type of Property	2017/18 Net Tax Capacity	Percent of City's Total Net Tax Capacity
Centracare Health System	Commercial	\$107,986	7.34%
LSC Communications MM LLC	Industrial	105,702	7.19%
Long Prairie Packing Co. Inc.	Industrial	101,317	6.89%
Farmers Union Processing	Industrial	65,695	4.47%
Dan's Prize, Inc.	Industrial	42,678	2.90%
Minnesota Power & Light Co.	Utility	36,586	2.49%
Coborn Realty Company	Commercial	31,266	2.13%
Little Falls Courtyard LLC	Apartments	20,383	1.39%
Central Minnesota Credit Union	Commercial	18,600	1.26%
Minnesota National Bank	Commercial	18,278	1.24%
Total		\$548,491	37.30%

City's Total 2017/18 Net Tax Capacity \$1,470,562

Source: Current Property Valuations, Net Tax Capacity by Classification, Trend of Valuations and Larger Taxpayers have been furnished by Todd County.

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In 2018, the estimated median commercial and industrial sales ratio used to equalize utility values in Todd County dropped below 90% to 75.73%, thereby resulting in lower valuations for this classification of property. Depreciation may also have affected the decrease in valuations.

DEBT

DIRECT DEBT¹ (includes the Bonds and the Concurrent Obligations, as defined herein)*

General Obligation Debt (see schedules following)

Total g.o. debt being paid from revenues (includes the Series 2018A Bonds)*	\$16,650,000
Total g.o. debt being paid from revenues and taxes (includes the Series 2018B Bonds)*	1,985,000
Total g.o. debt being paid from special assessments and taxes	4,465,000
Total g.o. debt being paid from special assessments and tax increment revenues	870,000
Total g.o. debt being paid from revenues, special assessments, and taxes	1,065,000
Total g.o. debt being paid from tax abatement revenues and taxes	4,000,000
Total General Obligation Debt*	\$29,035,000

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

Outstanding debt is as of the dated date of the Bonds.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Being Paid From Revenues (As of 8/30/18)

			Fiscal Year Ending	2018	2019	2020	2021 14.	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	
			% Paid	1.80%	4.46%	8.82%		19.41%	24.80%	30.31%	35.20%	40.20%	45.04%	20.00%	22.09%	80.36%	65.80%	69.52%	73.42%	77.45%	81.62%	85.98%	90.45%	95.14%	100.00%	
			Principal Outstanding	16,350,000	15,907,000	15,181,000	14,300,000	13,418,000	12,521,000	11,603,000	10,790,000	9,956,000	9,151,000	8,325,000	7,478,000	6,600,000	5,695,000	5,075,000	4,425,000	3,755,000	3,060,000	2,335,000	1,590,000	810,000	0	
			Total P & I	344,582	917,366	1,201,887	1,337,553	1,319,350	1,314,356	1,314,237	1,188,170	1,188,256	1,137,871	1,136,580	1,133,742	1,139,412	1,139,614	826,603	833,898	829,803	829,376	832,389	823,719	828,405	826,403	22.443.568
			Total Interest	44,582	474,366	475,887	456,553	437,350	417,356	396,237	375,170	354,256	332,871	310,580	286,742	261,412	234,614	206,603	183,898	159,803	134,376	107,389	78,719	48,405	16,403	5.793.568
			Total Principal	300,000	443,000	726,000	881,000	882,000	897,000	918,000	813,000	834,000	805,000	826,000	847,000	878,000	905,000	620,000	000'099	000'029	695,000	725,000	745,000	780,000	810,000	16.650.000
venue :018A	*000,		Estimated Interest	0	373,380	385,720	377,783	367,208	355,923	343,673	330,485	316,388	301,423	285,154	267,470	248,425	228,044	206,603	183,898	159,803	134,376	107,389	78,719	48,405	16,403	5.116.666
Sewer Revenue Series 2018A	8/9/18 \$11,725,000*	8/01	Principal	0	0	270,000	470,000	470,000	480,000	490,000	205,000	520,000	530,000	545,000	260,000	585,000	605,000	620,000	000'059	670,000	695,000	725,000	745,000	780,000	810,000	11.725.000
r 1) 2015A	15 ,000,	_	Interest	0	19,665	16,915	13,815	10,465	7,165	3,815	1,586	529														73.955
Water 1) Series 2015A	10/1/15 \$1,305,000	2/01	Principal	0	135,000	140,000	170,000	165,000	165,000	170,000	45,000	45,000														1.035.000
Vater Loan)	11 000		Interest	40,066	75,183	70,124	64,955	29,678	54,268	48,749	43,099	37,340	31,448	25,426	19,272	12,987	6,570									589,165
Clean Water (MPFA Loan)	8/22/11 \$4,821,000	8/20	Principal	226,000	231,000	236,000	241,000	247,000	252,000	258,000	263,000	269,000	275,000	281,000	287,000	293,000	300,000									3.659.000
Vater oan)	186		Interest	4,516	6,139	3,128																				13,783
Drinking Water (MPFA Loan)	4/06/01 \$1,098,586	8/20	Principal	74,000	77,000	80,000																				231,000
	Dated Amount	Maturity	Fiscal Year Ending	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	

14.11%

*Preliminary, subject to change.

1) This issue refunded the 2017 through 2024 maturities of the City's \$1,225,000 General Obligation Water Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A, dated December 19, 2007.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Being Paid From Revenues and Taxes (As of 8/30/18)

G.O. Bonds 1) Series 2018B

Dated	8/9/18	18						
Amount	608,14	000,						
Maturity	8/01							
Fiscal Year		Estimated	Total	Total	Total	Principal		Fiscal Year
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	교 정	Outstanding	% Paid	Ending
2019	0	54,863	0	54,863	54,863	1,985,000	0.00%	2019
2020	135,000	55,699	135,000	55,699	190,699	1,850,000	6.80%	2020
2021	165,000	52,500	165,000	52,500	217,500	1,685,000	15.11%	2021
2022	170,000	48,730	170,000	48,730	218,730	1,515,000	23.68%	2022
2023	170,000	44,693	170,000	44,693	214,693	1,345,000	32.24%	2023
2024	175,000	40,335	175,000	40,335	215,335	1,170,000	41.06%	2024
2025	185,000	35,563	185,000	35,563	220,563	985,000	20.38%	2025
2026	190,000	30,405	190,000	30,405	220,405	795,000	29.95%	2026
2027	190,000	24,990	190,000	24,990	214,990	605,000	69.52%	2027
2028	40,000	21,605	40,000	21,605	61,605	565,000	71.54%	2028
2029	45,000	20,244	45,000	20,244	65,244	520,000	73.80%	2029
2030	45,000	18,748	45,000	18,748	63,748	475,000	%20.92	2030
2031	45,000	17,206	45,000	17,206	62,206	430,000	78.34%	2031
2032	45,000	15,631	45,000	15,631	60,631	385,000	80.60%	2032
2033	50,000	13,933	20,000	13,933	63,933	335,000	83.12%	2033
2034	20,000	12,108	20,000	12,108	62,108	285,000	85.64%	2034
2035	55,000	10,151	22,000	10,151	65,151	230,000	88.41%	2035
2036	55,000	8,061	22,000	8,061	63,061	175,000	91.18%	2036
2037	55,000	5,916	22,000	5,916	60,916	120,000	93.95%	2037
2038	60,000	3,630	000'09	3,630	63,630	000'09	%86.96	2038
2039	60,000	1,215	000'09	1,215	61,215	0	100.00%	2039
	1							
-	1,985,000	536,224	1,985,000	536,224	1,624,740			

*Preliminary, subject to change.

¹⁾ The Water Meter portion of this issue is payable entirely from revenues (\$885,000 estimated principal outstanding).

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Being Paid From Special Assessments and Taxes (As of 8/30/18)

		1		***						
	Series 2010A	nent 110A	Series 2016A	lent 16A						
Dated Amount	7/15/10 \$1,985,000	00	8/18/16 \$3,610,000	00						
Maturity	2/01		2/01							
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total P & I	Principal Outstanding	% Paid	Fiscal Year Ending
2019	160,000	36,119	340,000	62,900	200,000	99,019	599,019	3,965,000	11.20%	2019
2020	165,000	31,141	350,000	26,000	515,000	87,141	602,141	3,450,000	22.73%	2020
2021	170,000	25,800	355,000	48,950	525,000	74,750	599,750	2,925,000	34.49%	2021
2022	100,000	21,388	360,000	41,800	460,000	63,188	523,188	2,465,000	44.79%	2022
2023	105,000	17,966	360,000	34,600	465,000	52,566	517,566	2,000,000	55.21%	2023
2024	105,000	14,356	375,000	27,250	480,000	41,606	521,606	1,520,000	65.96%	2024
2025	110,000	10,594	385,000	19,650	495,000	30,244	525,244	1,025,000	77.04%	2025
2026	115,000	6,584	390,000	11,900	205,000	18,484	523,484	520,000	88.35%	2026
2027	120,000	2,250	400,000	4,000	520,000	6,250	526,250	0	100.00%	2027
	1.150.000	166.197	3.315.000	307.050	4.465.000	473.247	4.938.247			

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Being Paid From Special Assessments & Tax Increment Revenues (As of 8/30/18)

Tax Increment Series 2016B

8/18/16 \$870,000

Dated Amount

Maturity	2/01							
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total P & I	Principal Outstanding	% Paid	Fiscal Year Ending
2019	35,000	20,281	35,000	20,281	55,281	835,000	4.02%	2019
2020	35,000	19,844	35,000	19,844	54,844	800,000	8.05%	2020
2021	35,000	19,406	35,000	19,406	54,406	765,000	12.07%	2021
2022	40,000	18,838	40,000	18,838	58,838	725,000	16.67%	2022
2023	40,000	18,138	40,000	18,138	58,138	685,000	21.26%	2023
2024	40,000	17,438	40,000	17,438	57,438	645,000	25.86%	2024
2025	40,000	16,738	40,000	16,738	56,738	605,000	30.46%	2025
2026	40,000	15,938	40,000	15,938	55,938	265,000	35.06%	2026
2027	40,000	15,038	40,000	15,038	55,038	525,000	39.66%	2027
2028	40,000	14,138	40,000	14,138	54,138	485,000	44.25%	2028
2029	45,000	13,181	45,000	13,181	58,181	440,000	49.43%	2029
2030	45,000	12,090	45,000	12,090	57,090	395,000	54.60%	2030
2031	45,000	10,920	45,000	10,920	55,920	350,000	29.77%	2031
2032	45,000	9,750	45,000	9,750	54,750	305,000	64.94%	2032
2033	45,000	8,513	45,000	8,513	53,513	260,000	70.11%	2033
2034	20,000	7,135	20,000	7,135	57,135	210,000	75.86%	2034
2035	20,000	5,685	20,000	5,685	55,685	160,000	81.61%	2035
2036	20,000	4,185	20,000	4,185	54,185	110,000	87.36%	2036
2037	25,000	2,558	22,000	2,558	57,558	55,000	93.68%	2037
2038	22,000	853	25,000	853	55,853	0	100.00%	2038
	870,000	250,663	870,000	250,663	1,120,663			

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Being Paid From Revenues, Special Assessments and Taxes (As of 8/30/18)

Refunding 1) Series 2012A

		Fiscal Year Ending	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
		% Paid	15.49%	30.52%	46.48%	62.44%	78.87%	95.77%	100.00%	
		Principal Outstanding	900,000	740,000	570,000	400,000	225,000	45,000	0	
		Total P & I	181,913	174,680	182,160	179,313	181,163	182,700	45,450	1,127,378
		Total Interest	16,913	14,680	12,160	9,313	6,163	2,700	450	62,378
		Total Principal	165,000	160,000	170,000	170,000	175,000	180,000	45,000	1,065,000
00		Interest	16,913	14,680	12,160	9,313	6,163	2,700	450	62,378
3/22/12 \$2,045,000	2/01	Principal	165,000	160,000	170,000	170,000	175,000	180,000	45,000	1,065,000
Dated Amount	Maturity	Fiscal Year Ending	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	

1) This issue refunded the 2015 through 2024 maturities of the City's \$2,125,000 General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2006A, dated July 18, 2006, and the 2015 through 2025 maturities of the \$2,015,000 General Obligation Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006B, dated July 18, 2006.

The 2006B refunding portion of this issue is payable entirely from revenues (\$645,000 current principal outstanding).

Prepared by Ehlers

Txbl. Tax Abatement Series 2016C

Dated Amount	12/1/16 \$4,000,000	91						
Maturity	2/01							
Fiscal Year		Ī	Total	Total	Total	Principal		Fiscal Year
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	- 8	Outstanding	% Paid	Ending
2019	155,000	123,700	155,000	123,700	278,700	3,845,000	3.88%	2019
2020	155,000	120,600	155,000	120,600	275,600	3,690,000	7.75%	2020
2021	160,000	117,450	160,000	117,450	277,450	3,530,000	11.75%	2021
2022	165,000	114,200	165,000	114,200	279,200	3,365,000	15.88%	2022
2023	165,000	110,075	165,000	110,075	275,075	3,200,000	20.00%	2023
2024	170,000	105,050	170,000	105,050	275,050	3,030,000	24.25%	2024
2025	175,000	99,875	175,000	99,875	274,875	2,855,000	28.63%	2025
2026	180,000	94,955	180,000	94,955	274,955	2,675,000	33.13%	2026
2027	185,000	90,163	185,000	90,163	275,163	2,490,000	37.75%	2027
2028	190,000	84,958	190,000	84,958	274,958	2,300,000	42.50%	2028
2029	195,000	79,203	195,000	79,203	274,203	2,105,000	47.38%	2029
2030	205,000	72,953	205,000	72,953	277,953	1,900,000	52.50%	2030
2031	210,000	66,206	210,000	66,206	276,206	1,690,000	57.75%	2031
2032	215,000	59,034	215,000	59,034	274,034	1,475,000	63.13%	2032
2033	225,000	51,328	225,000	51,328	276,328	1,250,000	68.75%	2033
2034	230,000	43,081	230,000	43,081	273,081	1,020,000	74.50%	2034
2035	240,000	34,413	240,000	34,413	274,413	780,000	80.50%	2035
2036	250,000	25,225	250,000	25,225	275,225	530,000	86.75%	2036
2037	260,000	15,500	260,000	15,500	275,500	270,000	93.25%	2037
2038	270,000	5,231	270,000	5,231	275,231	0	100.00%	2038
	000	2.00	000	2.00	2.00			
	4,000,000	1,513,200	4,000,000	1,513,200	5,513,200			

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Being Paid From Tax Abatement Revenue and Taxes (As of 8/30/18)

DEBT LIMIT

The statutory limit on debt of Minnesota municipalities other than school districts or cities of the first class (Minnesota Statutes, Section 475.53, subd. 1) is 3% of the Assessor's Estimated Market Value of all taxable property within its boundaries. "Net debt" (Minnesota Statutes, Section 475.51, subd. 4) is the amount remaining after deducting from gross debt: (1) obligations payable wholly or partly from special assessments levied against benefitted property; (2) warrants or orders having no definite or fixed maturity; (3) obligations issued to finance any public revenue producing convenience (includes the Bonds and Concurrent Obligations); (4) obligations issued to create or maintain a permanent improvement revolving fund; (5) funds held as sinking funds for payment of principal and interest on debt other than those deductible under 1-4 above; and (6) other obligations which are not to be included in computing the net debt of a municipality under the provisions of the law authorizing their issuance.

2017/18 Assessor's Estimated Market Value	\$1	29,192,000
Multiply by 3%		0.03
Statutory Debt Limit	\$	3,875,760
Less:Long-Term Debt Outstanding Being Paid Solely from Taxes		0
Unused Debt Limit	\$	3,875,760

OVERLAPPING DEBT¹

Taxing District	2017/18 Taxable Net Tax Capacity	% In City	Total G.O. Debt ²	City's Proportionate Share
Todd County	\$20,833,444	6.3357%	\$3,405,000	\$ 215,731
I.S.D. No. 2753 (Long Prairie-Grey Eagle)	6,599,482	20.0008%	8,615,000	1,723,069
City's Share of Total Overlapping Debt				\$1,938,800

Overlapping debt is as of the dated date of the Bonds. Only those taxing jurisdictions with general obligation debt outstanding are included in this section. Does *not* include non-general obligation debt, self-supporting general obligation revenue debt, short-term general obligation debt, or general obligation tax/aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness.

Outstanding debt is based on information in Official Statements obtained on EMMA and the Municipal Advisor's records.

DEBT RATIOS

	G.O. Debt	Debt/Economic Market Value (\$126,996,346)	Debt/ Current Population Estimate (3,371)
Direct G.O. Debt Being Paid From:			
Revenues*	\$ 16,650,000		
Revenues & Taxes*	1,985,000		
Special Assessments & Taxes	4,465,000		
Special Assessments & Tax Increment Revenues	870,000		
Revenues, Special Assessments & Taxes	1,065,000		
Tax Abatement Revenues & Taxes	4,000,000		
Total General Obligation Debt (includes the Bonds and the Concurrent Obligations)*	\$ 28,195,000		
Less: G.O. Debt Paid Entirely from Revenues ¹	(18,180,000)		
Tax Supported General Obligation Debt*	\$ 9,755,000	7.68%	\$2,893.80
City's Share of Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 1,938,800	1.53%	\$575.14
Total*	\$ 11,693,800	9.21%	\$3,468.94

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

DEBT PAYMENT HISTORY

The City has no record of default in the payment of principal and interest on its debt.

FUTURE FINANCING

In addition to the Concurrent Obligations, the City has no current plans for additional financing in the next 12 months.

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Debt service on the City's general obligation revenue debt is being paid entirely from revenues and therefore is considered self-supporting debt. Includes the 2006B refunding portion of the City's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A (\$645,000 current principal outstanding) and the Water Meter portion of the Series 2018B Bonds (\$885,000 estimated principal outstanding).

TAX RATES, LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Tax Year	Net Tax Levy ¹	Total Collected Following Year	Collected to Date ²	% Collected
2013/14	\$567,284	\$556,514	\$566,863	99.93%
2014/15	604,320	593,192	603,180	99.81%
2015/16	620,519	611,883	617,624	99.53%
2016/17	683,096	671,654	671,654	98.32%
2017/18	703,620	In	process of collection	

Property taxes are collected in two installments in Minnesota--the first by May 15 and the second by October 15.³ Mobile home taxes are collectible in full by August 31. Minnesota Statutes require that levies (taxes and special assessments) for debt service be at least 105% of the actual debt service requirements to allow for delinquencies.

TAX CAPACITY RATES⁴

., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., .					
	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Todd County	62.822%	65.691%	72.507%	73.842%	74.568%
City of Long Prairie	48.866%	52.637%	55.075%	56.086%	53.245%
I.S.D. No. 2753 (Long Prairie-Grey Eagle)	28.613%	32.534%	34.235%	18.364%	19.390%
Referendum Market Value Rates:					
I.S.D. No. 2753 (Long Prairie-Grey Eagle)	0.16391%	0.15126%	0.16247%	0.16352%	0.17678%

Source: Tax Levies and Collections and Tax Capacity Rates have been furnished by Todd County.

This reflects the Final Levy Certification of the City after all adjustments have been made.

² Collections are through December 31, 2017.

Second half tax payments on agricultural property are due on November 15th of each year.

⁴ After reduction for state aids. Does not include the statewide general property tax against commercial/industrial, non-homestead resorts and seasonal recreational residential property.

LEVY LIMITS

The State Legislature has periodically imposed limitations on the ability of municipalities to levy property taxes. For taxes levied in 2013, payable in 2014, only, the Legislature imposed a one year levy limit on all counties with a population greater than 5,000, and all cities with a population greater than 2,500. While these limitations have expired, the potential exists for future legislation to limit the ability of local governments to levy property taxes. All previous limitations have not limited the ability to levy for the payment of debt service on bonded indebtedness. For more detailed information about Minnesota levy limits, contact the Minnesota Department of Revenue or Ehlers & Associates.

THE ISSUER

CITY GOVERNMENT

The City of Long Prairie was organized as a municipality in 1883 The City operates under a statutory form of government consisting of a five-member City Council of which the Mayor is a voting member. The City Administrator/Clerk is responsible for administrative details and financial records.

EMPLOYEES; PENSIONS; UNIONS

The City currently has 11 full-time, 28 part-time, and 4 seasonal employees. All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employee Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF) and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF) which are cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement plans. PERA members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated members are covered by Social Security. See the Notes to Financial Statements in Appendix A for a detailed description of the Plans.

Recognized and Certified Bargaining Units

Bargaining Unit	Expiration Date of Current Contract
Minnesota Teamsters Public & Law Enforcement-Police	December 31, 2018
Minnesota Teamsters Clerks	December 31, 2018
Minnesota Teamsters Public Works	December 31, 2018

POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City does not pay directly for retirees' post-employment benefits. The City has some obligations for post-employment benefits as mandated by State Statutes. Specifically, the City is required to allow retirees to be covered by the City's health care plan as long as the retiree pays his/her premiums. Retiree membership in a health care plan typically increases costs of the premiums. This increased cost is commonly known as implicit price subsidy.

LITIGATION

There is no litigation threatened or pending questioning the organization or boundaries of the City or the right of any of its officers to their respective offices or in any manner questioning their rights and power to execute and deliver the Bonds and the Concurrent Obligations or otherwise questioning the validity of the Bonds or the Concurrent Obligations.

MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Municipalities are prohibited from filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (reorganization) or Chapter 7 (liquidation) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532) (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Instead, the Bankruptcy Code permits municipalities to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, but only if certain requirements are met. These requirements include that the municipality must be "specifically authorized" under State law to file for relief under Chapter 9. For these purposes, "State law" may include, without limitation, statutes of general applicability enacted by the State legislature, special legislation applicable to a particular municipality, and/or executive orders issued by an appropriate officer of the State's executive branch.

As of the date hereof, Minnesota Statutes, 471.831, authorizes municipalities to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code. A municipality is defined in United States Code, title 11, section 101, as amended through December 31, 1996, but limited to a county, statutory or home rule charter city, or town; or a housing and redevelopment authority, economic development authority, or rural development financing authority established under Chapter 469, a home rule charter or special law.

FUNDS ON HAND (As of May 31, 2018)

Fund	Total Cash and Investments
General	\$ 1,277,139
Debt Service	3,689,536
Capital Projects	667,309
Enterprise Funds	2,401,519
Water Fund	1,719,596
Sewer Fund	681,923
Municipal Liquor Fund	757,675
Total Funds on Hand	\$11,194,697

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Revenues available for debt service on the City's enterprise funds have been as follows as of December 31 each year:

	2015	2016	2017
Municipal Liquor Store			
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 391,497	\$ 348,366	\$ 370,988
Less: Operating Expenses	(192,978)	(273,481)	(245,435)
Operating Income	\$ 198,519	\$ 74,885	\$ 125,553
Plus: Depreciation	10,966	9,847	10,114
Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$ 209,485	\$ 84,732	\$ 135,667
Water			
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 588,369	\$ 546,956	\$ 616,265
Less: Operating Expenses	(271,786)	(352,176)	(311,628)
Operating Income	\$ 316,583	\$ 194,780	\$ 304,637
Plus: Depreciation	82,050	84,242	84,922
Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$ 398,633	\$ 279,022	\$ 389,559
Sewer			
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 870,240	\$ 730,002	\$1,032,639
Less: Operating Expenses	(904,140)	(1,010,503)	(1,183,104)
Operating Income	\$ (33,900)	\$(280,501)	\$ (150,465)
Plus: Depreciation	189,071	190,050	189,691
Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$ 155,171	\$ (90,451)	\$ 39,226

SUMMARY GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Following are summaries of the revenues and expenditures and fund balances for the City's General Fund. These summaries are not purported to be the complete audited financial statements of the City, and potential purchasers should read the included financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City. Copies of the complete statements are available upon request. Appendix A includes the City's 2017 audited financial statements.

	FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31				1
COMBINED STATEMENT					2018
	2014	2015	2016	2017	Adopted
_	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Budget ¹
Revenues		4. 25 0 656	Ф. 205.025	ф. 21 6004	0.50.55
Taxes	\$ 340,032	\$ 358,656	\$ 297,827	\$ 316,984	\$ 352,775
Special Assessments	27.840	0	15,164	9,177	95,000
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues	27,849 961,511	26,183 1,069,363	147,409 1,006,356	39,055 1,032,722	52,850 1,042,452
Franchise fees	901,311	1,009,303	79,546	99,225	95,278
Charges for services	24,195	11,481	17,146	41,976	26,250
Fines and forfeitures	25,867	19,414	30,448	33,049	19,100
Interest on investments	7,047	1,163	0	36,591	32,271
Miscellaneous revenues	33,879	149,969	99,835	44,633	57,000
Total Revenues	\$ 1,420,380		\$ 1,693,731	\$ 1,653,412	\$ 1,772,976
	,				
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	\$ 383,991	\$ 596,936	\$ 522,082	\$ 418,097	\$ 512,047
Public safety	538,531	514,596	600,082	617,802	624,208
Streets and highways	346,104	325,344	0	0	0
Public works	0	0	310,011	436,312	549,322
Economic development	32,000	32,000	32,367	28,214	32,000
Capital outlay Total Expenditures	\$ 1,300,626	\$ 1,468,876	196,362 \$ 1,660,904	\$ 1,517,526	\$55,000 \$1,772,577
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,500,020	\$ 1,400,070	\$ 1,000,204	\$ 1,317,320	\$ 1,772,377
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 119,754	\$ 167,353	\$ 32,827	\$ 135,886	\$ 399
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 39,277	
Operating transfers in	\$ 120,500	\$ 344,905	\$ 177,060	\$ 156,762	
Operating transfers out	(278,386)	(226,732)	(293,917)	(331,721)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (157,886)	\$ 118,173	\$ (116,857)	\$ (174,959)	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (38,132)	\$ 285,526	\$ (84,030)	\$ 204	
General Fund Balance January 1	835,938	797,805	1,083,330	1,097,285	
Prior Period Adjustment	(1)		97,985	0	
Residual Equity Transfer in (out)	0	0	0	0	
General Fund Balance December 31	\$ 797,805	\$ 1,083,330	\$ 1,097,285	\$ 1,097,489	
DETAILS OF DECEMBER 31 FUND BALAN	CE				
Nonspendable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 7,205	\$ 7,828	
Assigned	508,000	508,000	0	0	
Unassigned	289,805	575,330	1,090,080	1,089,661	
Total	\$ 797,805	\$ 1,083,330	\$ 1,097,285	\$ 1,097,489	

The 2018 budget was adopted on December 4, 2017.

GENERAL INFORMATION

LOCATION

The City of Long Prairie, with a 2010 U.S. Census population of 3,458, and a current population estimate of 3,371, and comprising an area of 2.4 square miles, is located approximately 130 miles northwest of the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area. The City of Long Prairie is the county seat of Todd County.

LARGER EMPLOYERS¹

Larger employers in the City of Long Prairie include the following:

Firm	Type of Business/Product	Estimated No. of Employees
CentraCare Health System-Long Prairie	Healthcare	740 2
I.S.D. No. 2753 (Long Prairie-Grey Eagle)	Elementary and secondary education	306 ³
Long Prairie Packing Company	Meat packing	250 4
Todd County	County government and services	249
Dan's Prize, Inc.	Deli meat producer	160
Central Bi-Products	Rendering plant	130
RR Donnelley	Printer manufacturer	75
Coborn's Superstore	Retail grocery	65
Daybreak Foods	Poultry-wholesale	50
McDonald's	Restaurant	45

Source: Reference USA, written and telephone survey (May 2018), and the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

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This does not purport to be a comprehensive list and is based on available data obtained through a survey of individual employers, as well as the sources identified above. Some employers do not respond to inquiries for employment data.

² Previously known as Long Prairie Memorial Hospital and Home.

³ Reflects employees for entire District, including those outside of City limits.

⁴ Part of American Foods Group.

BUILDING PERMITS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 ¹
New Single Family Homes					
No. of building permits	27	28	40	39	29
Valuation	\$388,609	\$224,212	\$508,089	\$406,481	\$320,404
New Commercial/Industrial					
No. of building permits	9	18	13	20	12
Valuation	\$321,057	\$695,374	\$69,120,656	\$1,030,411	\$7,789,253
All Building Permits (including additions and remodelings)					
No. of building permits	37	37	45	50	34
Valuation	\$725,675	\$941,157	\$15,920,776	\$1,737,137	\$8,110,657

Source: The City of Long Prairie.

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¹ As of July 10, 2018.

U.S. CENSUS DATA

Population Trend: City of Long Prairie, Minnesota

2000 U.S. Census population	3,040
2010 U.S. Census population	3,458
2016 State Demographer's Estimate	3,371
Percent of Change 2000 - 2010	+13.75%

Income and Age Statistics

	City of Long Prairie	Todd County	State of Minnesota	United States
2016 per capita income	\$20,773	\$24,410	\$33,225	\$29,826
2016 median household income	\$37,515	\$47,549	\$63,217	\$55,322
2016 median family income	\$50,344	\$57,863	\$79,595	\$67,871
2016 median gross rent	\$592	\$587	\$873	\$928
2016 median value owner occupied units	\$100,700	\$132,100	\$191,500	\$184,700
2016 median age	37.9 yrs.	43.1 yrs.	37.8 yrs.	37.7 yrs.

	State of Minnesota	United States
City % of 2016 per capita income	62.52%	69.65%
City % of 2016 median family income	63.25%	74.18%

Housing Statistics

	<u>City of Lo</u>	City of Long Prairie		
	2000	2016	Percent of Change	
All Housing Units	1,334	1,505	12.82%	

Source: 2000 and 2010 Census of Population and Housing, and 2016 American Community Survey (Based on a five-year estimate), U.S. Census Bureau (<u>www.factfinder2.census.gov</u>).

EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

Rates are not compiled for individual communities within counties.

	Average Employment	Average Unemployment		
Year	Todd County	Todd County	State of Minnesota	
2014	12,173	4.7%	4.2%	
2015	12,341	4.4%	3.7%	
2016	12,273	4.7%	3.8%	
2017	12,440	4.3%	3.5%	
2018, May	13,513	3.2%	2.5%	

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

APPENDIX A

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Potential purchasers should read the included financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the City's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The City has not requested the Auditor to perform any additional examination, assessments or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof, nor has the City requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the City since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the City represents that there have been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the City, nor has the City incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.

Copies of the complete audited financial statements for the past three years and the current budget are available upon request from Ehlers.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
& Business Consultants



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 25, 2018

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Prairie, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Prior Period Adjustment

As discussed in Note 4.G. to the financial statements, the 2016 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of City Contributions, and Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) as shown in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and Schedule of Indebtedness are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and Schedule of Indebtedness have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Long Prairie's internal control of financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Long Prairie's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Schlyner Wenner + 6.

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Long Prairie's compliance with provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 6.65. The purpose of the report is to determine if the City has complied with Minnesota laws and regulations. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in the State of Minnesota.

SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.

St. Cloud, Minnesota

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$ 3,358,618	\$ 3,149,063	\$ 6,507,681
Property Taxes Receivable	22,041	₩.	22,041
Assessments Receivable	908,827	96,161	1,004,988
Accounts Receivable	25,748	162,572	188,320
Due from Other Governments	36,694	말	36,694
Notes Receivable	100,000	臣	100,000
Inventory	-	177,571	177,571
Accrued Interest Receivable	45,140	3	45,140
Prepaids	13,622	6,726	20,348
Investments Held For Sale	3,561,063	π.	3,561,063
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	8,781,223	2,061,042	10,842,265
Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Net)	10,189,679	9,121,182	19,310,861
Net Pension Asset	133,816		133,816
TOTAL ASSETS	27,176,471	14,774,317	41,950,788
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	800,668	126,964	927,632
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	446,754	114,388	561,142
Retainage Payable	439,283	5	439,283
Accrued Salaries	28,389	20,917	49,306
Due to Other Governments	(*)	423	423
Accrued Interest	111,955	44,604	156,559
Compensated Absences	19,640	13,107	32,747
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds Due Within One Year	520,000	530,000	1,050,000
Bonds Due After One Year	9,883,907	5,283,844	15,167,751
Accrued Severance	62,705	44,959	107,664
Net Pension Liability	706,089	451,000	1,157,089
TOTAL LIABILITIES	12,218,722	6,503,242	18,721,964
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	886,449	79,020	965,469
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,566,995	5,368,380	13,935,375
Restricted	834,655	2,200,200	834,655
Unrestricted	5,470,318	2,950,639	8,420,957
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,871,968	\$ 8,319,019	\$ 23,190,987

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

					Prog	ram Revenues			1	Net (Expense) F	lever	ue and Change:	s in N	Net Position
						Operating		Capital	Primary Government					
2			(Charges for	(Grants and		Grants and	G	overnmental	B	usiness-Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		ontributions	C	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:														
General Government	\$	465,740	S	114,080	\$		\$		\$	(351,660)	\$	7.77	\$	(351,660)
Public Safety	-	943,784		85,989		97,702		**		(760,093)		3.63		(760,093)
Public Works		823,273				281		1,151,242		327,969		5*0		327,969
Parks and Recreation		92,943		1,890				1,316		(89,737)		(20)		(89,737)
Economic Development		58,307		*				6,794		(51,513)		363		(51,513)
Airport		125,618		29,778				73,680		(22,160)		140		(22,160)
Tourism		16,980		9				,		(16,980)		395		(16,980)
Debt Service		240,411						135,688		(104,723)		294		(104,723)
Total Governmental Activities		2,767,056		231,737	-	97,702		1,368,720		(1,068,897)	_	-		(1,068,897)
Total Governmental Activities		2,707,030		231,131		97,702		1,306,720		(1,000,097)				(1,000,097)
Business-Type Activities:														
Water		344,923		612,211		*		3,463		2.0		270,751		270,751
Sewer		1,278,533		1,031,181		(4)		526,200		06		278,848		278,848
Liquor		1,411,219		1,536,772		(3)	_		_	- 14		125,553	_	125,553
Total Business-Type Activities	_	3,034,675		3,180,164		- 4	_	529,663	_		_	675,152		675,152
TOTALS	\$	5,801,731	\$	3,411,901	<u>\$</u>	97,702	\$	1,898,383		(1,068,897)		675,152		(393,745)
General Revenues:														
Taxes										685,425		-		685,425
Tax Increment Financing										94,843		-		94,843
Intergovernmental										997,227		165		997,392
Franchise Fees										99,225				99,225
Investment Income										42,147		8,741		50,888
Miscellaneous										127,910		16,879		144,789
Loss on Disposal of Assets										(28,323)		-		(28,323)
Capital Asset Transfers										9,654		(9,654)		*
Transfers									_	176,564		(176,564)	_	
Total General Revenues and Transfers										2,204,672	_	(160,433)	_	2,044,239
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										1,135,775		514,719		1,650,494
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF	YEA	R							_	13,736,193	_	7,804,300	_	21,540,493
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR									\$	14,871,968	\$	8,319,019	\$	23,190,987

See accompanying notes

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

		General Fund		016 Street provement Fund		Fiber Optic able Project Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$	1,072,685	\$	\(\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$	846,968	\$	1,438,965	\$	3,358,618
Property Taxes Receivable		10,289		(* :		*		11,752		22,041
Assessments Receivable		17,139		891,688		•		•		908,827
Accounts Receivable		20,052		(; ≟ 5		-		5,696		25,748
Notes Receivable				10 0 0		-		100,000		100,000
Due from Other Governments		172				€		36,522		36,694
Due from Other Funds		59,697		·		2		2		59,697
Prepaids		7,828		(9.00)		*		5,794		13,622
Investment Held for Sale	-		-		_	3,561,063	-	•	_	3,561,063
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	1,187,862	\$	891,688	<u>\$</u>	4,408,031	\$	1,598,729	\$	8,086,310
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	37,094	\$	24,990	\$	315,584	\$	69,086	\$	446,754
Retainage Payable		(5)		291,516		127,579		20,188		439,283
Accrued Salaries		28,308		0.28		2		81		28,389
Unearned Revenue		300				7,048				7,048
Due to Other Funds			_	22,950				36,747		59,697
Total Liabilities		65,402		339,456		450,211		126,102		981,171
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue:										
Property Taxes		7,832		9.5		5		8,950		16,782
Special Assessments		17,139		891,688		말		-		908,827
Notes Receivable	_		_	370		=	_	100,000		100,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		24,971		891,688		¥		108,950		1,025,609
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		7,828		(2)		3,561,063		5,794		3,574,685
Restricted		<u>:=</u> ;		1992		396,757		497,665		894,422
Committed						9		649,003		649,003
Assigned		343		(<u>*</u>		2		268,984		268,984
Unassigned	_	1,089,661		(339,456)			_	(57,769)		692,436
Total Fund Balances	_	1,097,489		(339,456)	_	3,957,820		1,363,677	_	6,079,530
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,187,862	\$	891,688	\$	4,408,031	<u>\$</u>	1,598,729	\$	8,086,310

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds			\$	6,079,530
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,759,439) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				18,970,902
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the funds: Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable	\$	16,782 908,827		
Notes Receivable		100,000		1,025,609
Revenues corresponding to future interest expenses have been deferred on the fund level, to match the recognition of such revenues with the related interest expenditures to be incurred in the following year.				7,048
Interest receivable on capital lease has been accrued to match the interest payable on the long-term debt (being financed via lease collections) recorded by the City and not reported in the governmental fund Balance Sheet:				45,140
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds Balance Sheet:				(111,955)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet: Compensated Absences Accrued Severance Unamortized Bond Premium and Discounts Bonds Due Within One Year Bonds Due In More Than One Year	_	(19,640) (62,705) (128,907) (520,000) (9,755,000)		(10,486,252)
The net pension liability and related inflows/outflows of resources represent the allocation of pension obligations to the City. Such balances are not reported in the funds: Net Pension Asset Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows - Pensions		133,816 (706,089) 800,668		
Deferred Inflows - Pensions Deferred Inflows - Pensions	_	(886,449)	e	(658,054)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$	14,871,968

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Fund	2016 Street Improvement Fund	Fiber Optic Cable Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 316,984		~	\$ 374,702	\$ 691,686
Special Assessments	9,177	106,697	30	:	115,874
Tax Increment Financing			-	94,843	94,843
Loan Principal Collections	*			50,000	50,000
Franchise Fees	99,225				99,225
Licenses, Permits and Fees	39,055		· ·	-	39,055
Intergovernmental	1,032,722	138,673		130,702	1,302,097
Charges for Services	41,976	-		156,755	198,731
Fines	33,049		150	- 27	33,049
Investment Income	36,591	4,439	-	1,060	42,090
Miscellaneous	44,633	-		41,410	86,043
TOTAL REVENUES	1,653,412	249,809		849,472	2,752,693
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General Government	418,097			5	418,097
Public Safety	617,802			177,487	795,289
Public Works	436,312		-	65,534	542,604
Parks and Recreation	,50,512	•	340	77,904	77,904
Economic Development	28,214			,	28,214
Tourism	20,21			16,980	16,980
Airport				50,103	50,103
Debt Service:				,	,
Pay-as-you-go Debt Payments	5		e e e	81,418	81,418
Principal				335,000	335,000
Interest and Other Charges	2	68,791	83,500	75,270	227,561
Capital Outlay	17,101	,		319,233	2,535,809
•					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,517,526	2,309,024	83,500	1,198,929	5,108,979
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	135,886	(2,059,215	(83,500)	(349,457)	(2,356,286)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets	39,277		120	(4)	39,277
Loan Receivable Income			83,500		83,500
Operating Transfers In	156,762			398,196	554,958
Operating Transfers Out	(331,721			(46,673)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		/			
SOURCES (USES)	(135,682		83,500	351,523	299,341
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	204	(2,059,215)	2,066	(2,056,945)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING (As previously reported)	1,097,285	1,719,759	3,895,641	1,361,611	8,074,296
DDIOD DEDIOD AD HIGHWAR			60 170		60 170
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (See Note 4, G,)			62,179		62,179
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING (As restated)	1,097,285	1,719,759	3,957,820	1,361,611	8,136,475
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,097,489	\$ (339,456	\$ 3,957,820	\$ 1,363,677	\$ 6,079,530

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ (2,056,945)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different due to the following:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital Outlay Capitalized, Net of \$17,345 Trade-in Value Depreciation Expense	\$	2,535,809 (547,845)	
Transfer of Capital Assets Loss on the Disposal of Assets		9,654 (67,600)	1,930,018
Loss on the Disposal of Assets	-	(67,000)	1,930,016
Revenues in Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:			950 270
Change in Long-term Receivables			850,370
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt is an other financing source in the governmental funds, while repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, neither transaction has any effect on net position:			
Bond Payments			335,000
Net effect of eliminating unearned revenue from overpayment of capital lease payments, and instead accruing interest receivable on such lease to correspond with the interest payable accrued on the general obligation			
bonds being financed directly by such lease payments.			52,188
Net change in accrued interest on bonds is not reported as expenses in the funds:			54,662
The effects of bond premiums and discounts are reported in the governmental fund financial statements upon issuance of the debt.			
These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:			13,906
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not			
reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in Accrued Compensated Absences		(1,240)	
Change in Accrued Severance	<u> </u>	(1,367)	(2,607)
Net pension liability does not represent the impending use of current resources. Therefore, the change in this liability and the related			
deferrals is not reported in the governmental funds:			(40,817)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$ 1,135,775

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Liquor Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,072,560	\$ 1,226,203	\$ 850,300	\$ 3,149,063
Assessments Receivable	44,798	51,363	-	96,161
Accounts Receivable	48,503	114,069	-	162,572
Inventory	:€:	340	177,571	177,571
Prepaids	949	4,721	1,056	6,726
Total Current Assets	1,166,810	1,396,356	1,028,927	3,592,093
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets Not Depreciated	28,499	2,032,543	_	2,061,042
Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Net)	1,798,498	7,300,667	22,017	9,121,182
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,826,997	9,333,210	22,017	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,820,997	9,333,210	22,017	11,182,224
TOTAL ASSETS	2,993,807	10,729,566	1,050,944	14,774,317
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	53,954	39,808	33,202	126,964
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	10,001	71,004	33,383	114,388
Accrued Salaries	8,984	6,435	5,498	20,917
Due to Other Governments	423	48	₩.	423
Accrued Interest	12,892	31,712	2	44,604
Compensated Absences	6,153	4,561	2,393	13,107
Bonds Due Within One Year	209,000	321,000		530,000
Total Current Liabilities	247,453	434,712	41,274	723,439
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Accrued Severance	25,145	17,491	2,323	44,959
Bonds Due After One Year	1,205,847	4,077,997		5,283,844
Net Pension Liability	192,065	141,545	117,390	451,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,423,057	4,237,033	119,713	5,779,803
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,670,510	4,671,745	160,987	6,503,242
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	33,652	24,800	20,568	79,020
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	412,150	4,934,213	22,017	5,368,380
Unrestricted	931,449	1,138,616	880,574	2,950,639
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,343,599	\$ 6,072,829	\$ 902,591	\$ 8,319,019

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Liquor Fund	Totals
SALES AND COSTS OF SALES	\$ -	¢	¢ 1526772	¢ 1526772
Sales Cost of Sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,536,772 (1,165,784)	\$ 1,536,772 (1,165,784)
Cost of Saics			(1,105,764)	(1,105,764)
GROSS PROFIT	n.	7.50	370,988	370,988
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	616,265	1,032,639		1,648,904
TOTAL GROSS PROFIT AND OPERATING REVENUES	616,265	1,032,639	370,988	2,019,892
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Wages and Benefits	138,828	230,439	171,607	540,874
Materials and Supplies	44,999	282,794	15,709	343,502
Other Services and Charges	42,879	480,180	48,005	571,064
Depreciation	84,922	189,691	10,114	284,727
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	311,628	1,183,104	245,435	1,740,167
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	304,637	(150,465)	125,553	279,725
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Special Assessment Interest	77	524,742	12	524,742
Intergovernmental	70	52	43	165
Connection Fees	2	600	(2)	600
Investment Income	3,385	3,246	2,110	8,741
Miscellaneous	10,729	4,788	171	15,688
Interest and Other Charges	(33,295)	(95,429)		(128,724)
TOTAL NONOPERATING				
INCOME (EXPENSE)	(19,111)	437,999	2,324	421,212
11,00,112 (2.11,21,02)	(17,111)			,
CHANGE IN NET POSITION PRIOR				
TO TRANSFERS	285,526	287,534	127,877	700,937
TRANSFERS	((00 071)	(00.017		(0.654)
Interfund Capital Contributions	(699,871)	690,217	(04.002)	(9,654)
Operating Transfers Out	(33,665)	(47,907)	(94,992)	(176,564)
NET TRANSFERS	(733,536)	642,310	(94,992)	(186,218)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(448,010)	929,844	32,885	514,719
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,791,609	5,142,985	869,706	7,804,300
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,343,599	\$ 6,072,829	\$ 902,591	\$ 8,319,019

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	_	Water Fund	_	Sewer Fund	_	Liquor Fund	_	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(12.210	er.	001 (47	ď	1 526 772	er.	2 121 727
Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers	Э	613,318 (77,958)	\$	981,647 (729,636)	\$	1,536,772 (1,233,751)	\$	3,131,737 (2,041,345)
Cash Paid to Employees		(120,188)		(217,579)		(163,738)		(501,505)
,								
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		415,172		34,432		139,283		588,887
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Property Taxes, Special Assessments,		22.07/		552 225		214		507 (15
Intergovernmental, and Other Revenue Net Operating Subsidies and Transfers to Other Funds		33,076 (33,665)		553,325 (47,907)		214 (94,992)		586,615 (176,564)
The operating substates and Transition to State Lands		(23,000)	_	(11,3501)		(71,072)	_	(175,501)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(589)		505,418		(94,778)		410,051
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchases of Capital Assets		(127,556)		(364,792)		(10,500)		(502,848)
Payments on Bond Principal Cash Paid for Interest		(206,000) (37,323)		(311,003) (97,380)		(E)		(517,003) (134,703)
Cash I ald for interest		(31,323)	-	(97,360)	-		_	(154,705)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(370,879)		(773,175)		(10,500)		(1,154,554)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Investment Income		3,385		3,246		2,110		8,741
			-				_	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		47,089		(230,079)		36,115		(146,875)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,025,471	_	1,456,282		814,185	_	3,295,938
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	1,072,560	\$	1,226,203	\$	850,300	\$	3,149,063
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Net Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	304,637	\$	(150,465)	\$	125,553	\$	279,725
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		84,922		189,691		10,114		284,727
Depreciation Expense Nonoperating Revenue from Customers		04,922		600		10,114		600
Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferrals:								
Accounts Receivable		(3,047)		(51,592)		369		(54,639)
Inventory		021		012		(5,045)		(5,045)
Prepaids Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		931 49,073		812 36,435		(457) 31,056		1,286 116,564
Accounts Payable		8,989		32,526		1,249		42,764
Accrued Salaries		305		827		(51)		1,081
Due to Other Governments		100				1.62		100
Compensated Absences		2,111		598		173		2,882
Net Pension Liability		(42,678)		(32,171)		(29,019)		(103,868)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		9,829		7,171	_	5,710	_	22,710
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	415,172	\$	34,432	\$	139,283	<u>\$</u>	588,887
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Contribution of Capital Assets to Governmental Funds	\$	(4,827)	\$	(4,827)	\$	6	8	(9,654)
Transfer of Capital Assets between Proprietary Funds	\$	(695,044)	\$	695,044	\$	-	\$	

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION COMPONENT UNIT DECEMBER 31, 2017

	EDA Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 57,888
NET POSITION Restricted	\$ 57,888

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	EDA Fund
REVENUES	
City's Contribution	\$ 31,597
Fee Income	2,255
Interest	92
Miscellaneous	100
TOTAL REVENUES	34,044
EXPENSES	
Contract Labor	1,733
Per Diems	1,055
Utilities	455
Todd County Development SBAC Program	2,500
Office Expenses	1,631
Contract Expenses	3,375
TOTAL EXPENSES	10,749
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	23,295
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	34,593
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 57,888

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Long Prairie (the City), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The City has a mayor-council form of government that is governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. The City provides the following services: sanitation, recreation, public improvements, public safety, planning and zoning, and general

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity is comprised of the primary governmental unit of the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board; the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council of the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units finds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City does not have any blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

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Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

I.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all finds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The Fiduciary Funds are only reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes; intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, fund equity, revenues, and expanditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

NOTE 1

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

The 2016 Street Improvement Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the construction of the 2016 road improvement projects. The Fiber Optic Cable Project Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the installation of fiber optic cable for internet service.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water, Sewer, and Liquor Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

The City reports the following nonmajor fund types:

The Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on general long-term debt of the City other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes and special assessments are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's indebtedness.

The Debt Service TIF District Fund accounts for the receipt of tax increment financing dollars and the use of such dollars for pay-as-you-go debt or eligible administrative costs incurred by the City.

The Special Revenue Funds account for funds received by the City with a specific purpose.

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The Component Unit EDA Fund is a fiduciary fund used to account for the activity of the City's Economic Development Authority. The City acts as a fiscal agent for the entity, but the component unit does not meet the criteria for blending or discreet presentation.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

TE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

asurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus as defined in the second bullet below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable infancial resources at the end of the period.
- The government-wide financial statements, proprietary, and fiduciary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

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In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the "accorated basis" of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the "modified accrual" basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to cruent basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to exercent period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting,

1.D. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those activities

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

DECEMBER 31, 2017

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND EQUITY

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

NOTE 1

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings, and certificate of deposit accounts for the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand, savings, and certificate of deposit accounts.

rvestments

Investments are stated at their fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Certificates of deposit are stated at cost, plus accrued interest, which approximates fair market value. Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments includes net unrealized and realized gains and losses. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date hastic

See Note 3.A. for additional information related to Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments,

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to good and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other fund." Long-term interfund loans are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities, as well as interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities, as well as interfund receivables and payables between funds within transactions. See Note 3.D. for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Prepaid Expenditures/Expenses

Prepaids represent expenditures/expenses paid during the current year to be recognized in future periods.

Inventories

The Liquor Fund carries inventory that consists of items held for resale. Inventory is recognized on the first in, first out (FIFO)

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are absed upon historical trends and the perfold eaging of accounts receivable and not deemed necessary at year end. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include taxes, special assessments and charges for services. Business-type activities report utility derages and assessments as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as taxes, assessments, other intergovernmental revenues, fines and charges for services since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available services in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government—wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary find material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and assessments compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivables. No allowances are deemed necessary at year end.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND EQUITY (Continued)

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and must have an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

20-40 years	20-40 years	5-15 years	7-10 years
Buildings and Improvements	Infrastructure	Equipment	Vehicles

Government-wide Statements

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In the government-wide financial statements, capital outlay expenditures are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Investment Held for Sale

In 2016, the City began constructing a Fiber Optic Cable System (the System) throughout the City. The City issued General Obligation bonds (2016C) frames the project, and is the sole responsible party under this debt agreement. The construction is being managed by a telecommunications company through its estimated completion in 2018. The System is currently being constructed for the purpose of leasing the System back to the telecommunications company through a capital lease. Therefore, the System is currently considered an Investment Held for Sale on the City's financial statements. During 2017, a prior period adjustment has been recorded to adjust construction in progress recorded in the City's 2016 financial statements to conform to the aforementioned paragraph. See Note 4.G. to the financial statements for additional detail regarding the prior period adjustment.

Compensated Absences / Severance

Vacation Pay – The City compensates all employees upon termination for unused vacation. Employees may carry forward up to 10 days to the subsequent calendar year. Such pay is not accrued as an expense in the governmental fund financial statements since it does not require current available resources. Such pay has been accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as compensated absences.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) NOTE 1

I.E. ASSETS, LIABILLITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND EQUITY (Continued)

Compensated Absences / Severance (Continued)

Sick Pay – The City compensates employees with five, ten, and twenty consecutive years, respectively, of uninterrupted service upon termination for unused sick leave. Such employees are compensated for 25 percent, 40 percent, and 50 percent, respectively, of up to 100 days of accrued sick leave. Such pay is not accrued as an expense in the governmental fund financial statements since it does not require current available resources. Such pay has been accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as accrued severance.

Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the related assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation bonds and revenue bonds. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Net Pension Asset/Liability

The net pension asset represents the Long Prairie Fire Relief Association's net pension asset as of the most recent actuarial valuation date. The net pension liability represents the City's allocation of its pro-rata share of the net pension liabilities of the Statewide pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association.

PERA

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, and therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position in relation to the advisity of the porsion funds in which City employees participate.

In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position and Balance Sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future peroka, and therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports property axes, special assessments, and notes recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports property axes, special assessments, and notes recognized to the reimbursement of construction costs) as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. In addition, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position in relation to the activity of pension funds in which City employees participate. Accordingly, such amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that they secome available.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

NOTE 1

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND EQUITY (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

See Note 4 for additional information pertaining to the deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources recorded to account for pension activities.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – The portion of net position for which use is constrained by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling

Unrestricted - Remaining balance of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to its depletion before unrestricted net position is applied

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nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. When the City incurs an expenditure for which it may use either restricted frund balances fruit unless unrestricted frund balances will have to be returned because they were not used. When the City incurs an expenditure for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted frund balance so fast of the committed, assigned, unassigned, massigned, unassigned, unassigned. Governmental Fund Financial Statements – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances as either

Nonspendable – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The nonspendable fund balances at December 31, 2017 consist of prepaid expenditures and investment held for sale.

Restricted – That portion of fund balance which is not available for appropriation or which has been legally segregated for a

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution. Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Administrator/Clerk or his/her designee has the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The City has not formally adopted a policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance to be maintained for the General Fund.

See Note 3.E. for additional disclosures.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements, as described above.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property Tax

Under state law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. The City levies its property tax for the subsequent year during the month of December. Todd County is the collecting agency for the levy and remits the collections to the City. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60

The last day the City can certify a tax levy to the County for collection occurs in November. The County creates the tax list for all taxable property in the City and applies the applicable tax rate to the tax capacity of individual properties to arrive at the actual tax for each property. The County collects all taxes and special assessments, except for certain prepayments paid directly to the City. The County mails copies of all real estate and personal property tax statements. Each year, property owners are required to pay one half of their real estate taxes by May 15 and the balance by October 15. Penalties and interest are assessed to property owners who do not pay their property taxes and special assessments by the due dates. Delinquent taxes receivable includes the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by deferred inflows of resources for taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character

Current (further classified by Function) Capital Outlay Debt Service

Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds, as well as all interfund transfers between individual proprietary funds, have been eliminated. See additional information at Note 3.D.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

NOTE 2

2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS AND DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds.

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral at market value. Minnesota Statutes require that I deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 110% of deposits in excess of FDIC or FSLIC insurance (100% if collateral pledged is irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal I forne Loan Bank). The City complies with such laws.

2.B. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and any major special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City docs not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Council so that a budget may be prepared for the following year. Public hearings are conducted to allow for taxpayer comments, and the proposed budget is then reviewed and approved by the Council.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Council. See original and final General Fund budget presented as Required Supplementary Information.

2.C. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

Actual expenditures exceeded total budgeted expenditures for the current year end as follows:

Unbudgeted Transfers	Included in	Actual	\$ 104,971
	Actual	Expenditures	\$ 1,849,247
	Budgeted	Expenditures	\$ 1,682,618
		Fund	General Fund

The expenditures in excess of budget are primarily due to City transfers between funds and have been financed via available fund balance.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

2.D. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

Deficit fund balance in individual funds at December 31, 2017 consists of the following:

Fund Deficit		\$ 339,456			\$ 46,813	5
Major Fund	Capital Project Funds	2016 Street Improvement	Nonmajor Funds	Special Revenue Funds	Airport	The control of

These fund deficits are expected to be financed through future revenues, bond proceeds, tax levies or transfers.

E 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

osits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the City Council. Minnesota Statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States Government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- A general obligation of a state or local government, with taxing powers, rated "A" or better;
- A revenue obligation of a state or local government, with taxing powers, rated "AA" or better;
- Unrated general obligation securities of a local government, with taxing powers, pledged as collateral against funds
 deposited by that same local government entity;

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

- Irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank accompanied by written evidence that the
 Federal Home Loan Bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's or Standard and Poor's; or
- Time deposits insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota Statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At December 31, 2017, the City's deposits, including certificates of deposit, were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The City's deposits were sufficiently covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

As of December 31, 2017, the City has the following deposits:

\$ 2,637,359 1,088,716	\$ 3,726,075
Cash in Checking Certificates of Deposit	Total Deposits

Investments

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes as follows: direct obligations guaranteed by the United States of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that received the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the leve highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better, revenue obligations rated "AA" or better, general obligations rated "AA" or better, penkers acceptances of United States backs eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve State, and per issued by United States oroporations or thet. Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 2.70 days or tests; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States corporations or their creves purchase agreements and securities leading agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve Bank or New Vork, or certain Minnesota securities primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New Vork, or certain Minnesota securities broker-cleaters. The City does not have any investment polities that would further limit investment obscious.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, investment balances are as follows:

Deposit/Investment	Interest	Maturities		Fair Values	Credit Ratings	Percent of Total
Money Market Funds	N/A	N/A	69	431,109	N/A	15.18
Brokered Certificates of Deposit	1.15-1.35	<1 year		379,468	N/A	13.36
	1.20-2.20	1-5 years		1,236,721	N/A	43.55
	2.50-3.00	6-10 years		198,703	N/A	7.00
	2.00	11-15 years		162,296	N/A	5.72
U.S. Government Bonds and Securities	1.13	1-5 years		133,765	AA+, AAA	4.71
	1.50	6-10 years	Į,	297,432	AA+, AAA	10.48
Totals			6/3	2,839,494		100.00

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk as indicated in the table above. Minnesota Statutes limit the City's investments.
- Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be
 able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City
 does not have a formal investment policy to address custodial credit risk, but typically limits its exposure by purchasing
 insured or registered investments. At December 31, 2017, none of the underlying securities held by the City are subject
 to custodial credit risk because they are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).
- <u>Concentration risk</u> is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the City's investments (considered 5 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as Treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The City has no formal policy limiting the amounts that may be invested in any one issuer.
- <u>Interest rate risk</u> is the risk that changes the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment and it disclosed above by presenting maturity information. The City has no formal policy to address interest rate risk.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

U.S. Government bonds and securities of \$431,197, certificates of deposits of \$1,977,188, and money market funds of \$431,109 are valued by using the quoted market prices (level 1).

Deposits and Investments Summary

The following is a summary of total deposits and investments:

Deposits Investments (see Investments section)	∞	3,726,075
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	60	6,565,569

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are included on the basic financial statements as follows:

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.B. CAPITAL ASSETS

The beginning Construction in Progress capital asset balances below has been restated to correct an error identified in the 2016 audited financial statements. See Note 4.G. for additional information.

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance at 01/01/17 (Restated)	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Bala 12/	Balance at 12/31/17
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets not Being Depreciated						
Land Construction In Progress	\$ 834,551	\$ 14,278	\$ (40,000)	69	64	808,829
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	6,407,164	2,414,059	(40,000)		5 00	8,781,223
Capital Assets Being Demeciated						
Buildings and Improvements	12,998,688	32,553			13,	13,031,241
Motor Vehicles	1,224,204	32,994		8		1,257,198
Machinery and Equipment	1,685,052	73,548	(107,575)	9,654	-,	629,099,1
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated	15,907,944	139,095	(107,575)	9,654	15,	15,949,118
Less: Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings and Improvements	(3,375,002)	(356,176)	2	*	6,	(3,731,178)
Motor Vehicles	(653,082)	(92,716))	(745,798)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,246,140)	(98,953)	62,630		(1)	(1,282,463)
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	(5,274,224)	(547,845)	62,630	*	(5,	(5,759,439)
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated, Net	10,633,720	(408,750)	(44,945)	9,654	10,	10,189,679
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,040,884	\$ 2,005,309	\$ (84,945)	\$ 9,654		\$ 18,970,902

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.B. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance at 01/01/17	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance at 12/31/17
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 1,017,500	240	69	€9	\$ 1,017,500
Constitution in Frogress Total Capital Assets not Boing Depreciated	1,712,544	348,498			2,061,042
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Vehicles	87,795				87,795
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	3,366,656	10,500 47,688		(9,654)	10,501,036
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	13,944,987	58,188	,	(9,654)	13,993,521
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Vehicles	(58,252)	(3,194)			(61,446)
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	(1,944,418) (2,584,942)	(223,475) (58,058)			(2,167,893)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,587,612)	(284,727)			(4,872,339)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	9,357,375	(226,539)		(9,654)	9,121,182
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,069,919 \$ 121,959	\$ 121,959	64	\$ (9,654)	(9,654) \$ 11,182,224

Depreciation is charged to governmental activities as follows:

\$ 36,703	114,357		167,0/7	276,251 14,926	7
General Government	Public Safety	Public Works	Parks and Recreation	Sconomic Development	Airport

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

3.C. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

The City's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities. All bonds set forth below are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Debt Detail

As of December 31, 2017, the long-term debt of the financial reporting entity consists of the following:

Governmental Activities

	Remaining Amount	1,310,000	870,000	4,000,000	485,000	10,275,000	520,000	9,755,000
		S			-		d	99
	Maturity Date	02/27	02/38	02/38	02/25			
anon Bonds	Interest Rate(s)	2.00 - 3.75% 2.00%	1.25 - 3.10%	2.00 - 3.88%	0.55 - 2.00%	ities Bonds Payable	ar	L,
General Obligation Bonds	Annual Principal Payment	\$105,000 - \$170,000 \$295,000 - \$400,000	\$35,000 - \$55,000	\$155,000 - \$270,000	\$65,000 - \$180,000	Fotal Governmental Activities Bonds Payable	Bonds Due Within One Year	Bonds Duc After One Year
	Original Amount	1,985,000	870,000	4,000,000	1,025,000			
	0.0	8 8	2	2	2			
	Issue Date	07/10	1/80	12/16	03/12			

Business-Type Activities

	Maturity Remaining Date Amount	26 \$ 1,170,000		3,658,997	740,000	5,799,997	7 5 269 997
tion Bonds	Interest Mat Rate(s) Dz	%			0.55 - 2.00% 02.	ties Bonds Payable ar	
General Obligation Bonds	Annual Principal Payment	\$45,000 - \$170,000	\$30,850 - \$80,000	\$102,000 - \$299,997	\$45,000 - \$105,000	Total Business-Type Activities Bonds Payable Bonds Due Within One Year	Bonds Due After One Year
	Original Amount	\$ 1,305,000	1,224,850	4,821,000	1,020,000		
	Issue Date	10/15	04/01	08/11	03/12		

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.C. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2017;

Type of Debt	Balance 01/01/17	Additions	S	Deductions		Balance 12/31/17		Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Unamortized Bond Premium Accrued Severance	\$ 10,610,000 142,813 61,338	\$ 6,349	\$ 10	(335,000) (13,906) (4,982)	69	(13,906) \$ 10,275,000 (13,906) 128,907 (4,982) 62,705	69	520,000
Total	\$ 10,814,151	\$ 6,349	s	\$ (353,888) \$ 10,466,612	S	10,466,612	69	520,000
Business-Type Activities: Bonds Unamortized Bond Premium Accrued Severance	\$ 6,317,000 15,825 41,579	\$ 5,600	· · · o	(517,003) \$ (1,978) (2,220)	69	5,799,997 13,847 44,959	649	530,000

Interest expense totals \$300,901 in the Statement of Activities (included in Debt Service, Water, and Sewer lines). Interest expenditures total \$252,31 for the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (included in the line Interest and Other Charges) and \$1128,724 in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds (included in the line Interest and Other Charges).

5,600 \$ (521,201) \$ 5,858,803 \$ 530,000

\$ 6,374,404 \$

Governmental activity debt is typically funded through the Debt Service Funds. Business-type activity debt is funded through the Water and Sewer Funds. Severance is funded through the fund to which the respective employees' wages are allocated.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.C. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Annual Debt Service Requirements

At December 31, 2017, the estimated annual debt service requirements to maturily, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Years Ending		O	overni	Governmental Activities	es	
December 31,		Principal	N	Interest		Total
2018	64)	520,000	69	263,144	69	783,144
2019		760,000		249,573		1,009,573
2020		770,000		233,231		1,003,231
2021		790,000		216,221		1,006,221
2022		735,000		199,668		934,668
2023-2027		3,685,000		735,470		4,420,470
2028-2032		1,235,000		422,433		1,657,433
2033-2037		1,455,000		197,622		1,652,622
2038		325,000	J	6,082	J,	331,082
Totals	₩	10,275,000	64	2,523,444	64	12,798,444
Years Ending		B	sines	Business-Type Activities	sei	
December 31,		Principal		Interest	IJ	Total
2018	₩9	530,000	69	123,009	69	653,009
2019		538,000		111,326		649,326
2020		551,000		99,200		650,200
2021		511,000		86,315		597,315
2022		512,000		76,012		588,012
2023-2027		1,997,000		234,397		2,231,397
2028-2031	1	1,160,997		64,256		1,225,253
Totals	69	5,799,997	69	794,515	6/3	6,594,512

Total

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3,D. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Operating transfers consist of the following for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Transfers	Major Funds	Nonmajor Funds	
Major Funds	Out	General	Governmental	Total
General	\$ 331,721	59	\$ 331,721	\$ 331,721
Water	33,665	33,665	,	33,66
Sewer	47,907		1	47,90
Liquor	94,992		19,802	94,992
	508,285	Ī	351,523	508,285
Nonmajor Funds				
Fire Department	46,673		46,673	46,673
	\$ 554,958	156,762	\$ 398,196 \$	\$ 554,958

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget require to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The interfund balances are as follows:

Short	hort-Term Balances			
Due To Fund	Due From Fund			
General	2016 Street Improvement	€9	22,950	Eliminate negative cash
General	Airport		27,804	Eliminate negative cash
General	Library		1,195	Eliminate negative cash
General	Tax Increment Financing		7,748	Eliminate negative cash
Fotal Interfund Balances		69	59,697	

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3.E. FUND EQUITY

At December 31, 2017, governmental fund equity consists of the following:

\$ 7,828	\$ 1,097,489	\$ (339,456)	\$ 3,561,063	\$ 3,957,820	\$ 5.794	107,378	100,000	237,938	39,600	158,710	63,959	424,309	93,470	(57,769)	\$ 1,363,677
General Fund Nonspendable - Prepaids Unassigned	Total General Fund Balance	2016 Street Improvements Fund Unassigned	Fiber Optic Cable Project Fund Nonspendable - Investment Held for Sale Restricted for Project Expenditures	Total Fiber Optic Cable Fund Balance	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonspendable - Prepaids	Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Tourism	Restricted for Revolving Loan Activity	Restricted for CentraCare Drive Construction	Kestricted for Economic Development Committed for Parks	Committed for Street Improvements	Committed for Police Equipment Purchases	Committed for Public Works Equipment Purchases	Assigned for EDA Building Activities	Unassigned	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance

OTE 4 OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Vilmescaa (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Status Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund))

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City of Long Prairie are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund))

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and friefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to prep. A

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by State Statute and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the finding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5 percent increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, are given one percent increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERAA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for each of salary for each of the first ten years of salary for the salary f

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

I.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for the Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after to years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The amunity accrual rate is three percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 percent and 6.50 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 11.78 percent of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2017. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2017 total \$51,194. The City's contributions are equal to the required contributions as set by State Statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary in the calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 16.20 percent of pay for members in calendar year 2017. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Find for the year ended December 31, 2017, total \$65,238. The City's contributions are equal to the required contributions as set by State Statute.

Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$657,545 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability and the State's state pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesoa's acontribution of \$6 million to the fund in 2017. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City of Long Pearire totaled \$8,299. The net pension liability was associated with the City of Long Pearire totaled \$8,299. The net pension liability was the season of the date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payed dates from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. A Julue 30, 2017, the City's proportion share was 0.0103 percent which was an increase of 0.0003 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$33,061 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$240 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the General Employees Fund.

OTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Re	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferr	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected				
and actual economic experience	69	21,671	69	41,069
Changes in actuarial assumptions		105,987		62,919
Difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		871		,
Changes in proportionate share		30,652		8,221
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent				
to the measurement date		25,933		
Total Deferred Outflows/Inflows	69	185,114	69	115,209

A total of \$25,933 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	on Expense	31,098	48,028	(7,242)	(27,912)	
	Pension E	S	69	69	69	
Year ended	December 31:	2018	2019	2020	2021	

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$499,544 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net person institute. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's proportion of the net botal actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. The City also recognized \$3,330 for the year ended December 31, 2017 as pension revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of negative \$64,216 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

At December 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions form the following sources:

	Deferre	Deferred Outflows of	Deferr	Deferred Inflows of
	R	Resources	R	Resources
Differences between expected				
and actual economic experience	64	11,498	69	133,547
Changes in actuarial assumptions		653,753		709,229
Difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		6,861		
Changes in proportionate share		5,400		7,484
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent				
to the measurement date		33,894		
Total Deferred Outflows/Inflows	69	711,406	69	850,260
total Colonia Carried				

A total of \$33,894 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Pension Expense	8,626	8,626	(989,6)	(40,768)	(139.546)
Pen	S	S	99	89	69
Year ended December 31:	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

TE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on Rolf at the Rolf and Rolf and

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015. The most recent five-year experience study for Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016.

General Employees Fund

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Police and Fire Fund

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy amuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male trates aliquisted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled amuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled amuitants be assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years
 younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older
 than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.A. EMPLOYEE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular beats of the long-term expected rate of freturn using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of freturn are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by the target savet allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	39%	5.10%
International Stocks	19%	5.30%
Bonds	20%	0.75%
Alternative Assets	20%	2.90%
Cash	2%	0.00%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employees will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the Iduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be fit were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount

	General	Employ	General Employees Fund	Police	Police and Fire Fund	Fund
6 Increase in Discount Rate	8.50%	69	360,891	8.50%	69	135,273
urrent Discount Rate	7.50%	69	657,545	7.50%	69	499,544
6 Decrease in Discount Rate	6.50%	69	1.019.901	6.50%	69	940.787

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

OTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

1 Description

Firefighters of the City of Long Prairie are members of the Long Prairie Fire Relief Association. The Association is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan available to firefighters. The plan operates under the provisions of Minnesota laws 1965 Ch. 446 as amended, and the applicable provisions of Ninnesota Statute Chs. 69 and 424 and 424A. It is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of six members elected by the members of the Association, and the Mayor, a City Council member, and Fire Chief, who serve as ex-officio members of the Board.

Benefits Provided

After the age of 50 and upon retirement, each member who has served as an active firefighter in the Association is eligible for varying levels of pension benefits, dependent upon the individual's years of service. In addition, members or their beneficiaries may qualify for death or disability benefits.

Contributions

The Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (Chapter 261 as amended by Chapter 509 of Minnesota Statute 1980) specifies minimum contributions required on an annual basis. The minimum support rates from the municipality and state aid are determined in the amount required to meet the normal cost plus amortizing any existing prior year service costs over a 10-year period. The City's contributions to the Association for the year ended December 31, 2017 total \$6,000.

Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City of Long Prairie reported a net pension asset of \$133,816 for the Fire Relief Association's plan. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2016, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended December 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of negative \$25,966 for the Association. The City also recognized \$38,302 for the year ended December 30, 2017, as pension expense (and grant revenue) for State of Minnesota's contributions to the Association.

The following table presents the changes in net pension asset during the year.

	Tota	Total Pension Liability	Plan	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Liab	Net Pension Jability (Asset)
Beginning Balance - 12/31/15	64	380,995	69	497,309	69	(116,314)
Service Cost		20,952		3		20,952
Interest on Pension Liability		15,955		1		15,955
Net Investment Income (Loss)		è		20,949		(20,949)
Contributions (State)		•		38,302		(38,302)
Contributions (Municipal)				6,000		(0000)
Asset (Gain)/Loss		10,216		(626)		10,842
Benefit Payouts		(53,062)	ļ	(53,062)		4
Net Changes	J	(5,939)		11,563	1	(17,502)
Balance End of Year - 12/31/16	64	375.056	6/9	508.872	v	(133.816)

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City of Long Prairie reported deferred outflows of resources related to the pension from the following

	Deferred Re	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Reso	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected				
and actual economic experience	6/9	9,287	€9	
Difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		15,825		
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent				
to the measurement date		000'9		,
Total Deferred Outflows/Inflows	69	31,112	69	,

A total of \$6,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Pension Expense	6,599	6,599	5,289	1,054	929	929	929	929	929	926
Pe	69	€9	69	69	€9	69	69	69	69	69
Year ended December 31:	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset at December 31, 2016, was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Rates	4.25%	4.25%	3.50%	2.50%	%00.0
Assumptions	Investment Rate of Return (Discount)	Expected Long-Term Rate of Return	20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	Salary Increases	Cost of Living Increases

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions in 2016.

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.B. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (Continued)

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension asset for the Fire Relief Association's plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

1% Increase in	Discount Rate (5.25%)	\$ 145,171
	Discount Rate (4.25%)	\$ 133,816
1% Decrease in	Discount Rate (3.25%)	\$ 122,162
		Net Pension Asset

Plan Investments

Asset Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 4.25%. The asset allocation at the measurement date and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class of the Association's pension fund investments are summarized in the following table:

		name division of the contract
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
ash	55%	2.25%
Fixed Income	%6	3.50%
Equities	35%	7.50%
Other	1%	%00.9

Description of significant investment policy changes during the year

The Fire Relief Association made no significant changes to their investment policy during 2016.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's net position is available in a separately-issued financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting the City at 615 Lake Street South, Long Prairie, MN 56347.

4.C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To manage these risks, the City purchases commercial insurance. The City retains risk for the deductible portions of the insurance. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past two years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The City's management is not aware of any incurred but no reported claims.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.D. COMMITMENTS

Construction Contracts

The City entered into various contracts during the year for construction services. At December 31, 2017, remaining commitments under these contracts total \$587,008, not including retainage which has been accrued in these financial statements.

4.E. TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS

The City occasionally enters into tax increment financing arrangements with local businesses for the purpose of stimulating economic growth within the City. Eligibility for businesses seeking tax abatements of this nature is determined in accordance with applicable Minnesota Statues, and such arrangements generally include a commitment by the local business to use the abated finds for financing a development or redevelopment project. Any tax increment generated by the district and not retained by the City for administrative costs is returned to the business to finance the debt incurred for the related improvements.

The following is a summary of the City's current tax increment financing districts:

	Dist	District #1-2	District #1-3	:#1-3	Distr	District #1-6
Business Name	Tew	Terrace	Reichert Hotel	Hotel	Felling	Felling Addition
Purpose Authorizing MN Statute	H 46	Housing 469.174	Housing 469.174	ing 74	H 94	Housing 469.174
Year Established		6661	2000	0	2	2005
Duration of District	Thro	Through 2016	Through 2027	1 2027	Throu	Through 2032
Original Base Net Tax Capacity	69	68	69	443	S	151
Current Net Tax Capacity	69	18,303	6/1	3,818	69	7.799
Captured Net Tax Capacity	69	18,214	€9	3,375	69	7,648
Taxes Abated in Current Year	69		S		69	
Related Debt: Pay-as-you-go Debt	S	,	69	76,402		N/A

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.E. TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS (Continued)

	D	District #1-9	Distr	District #1-10	District #1-11	11-11
Business Name	Va	Valley View	Long	Long Prairie	Impact Technology	mology
Purpose Authorizing MN Statute Year Established		Housing 469.174 2011	Econom 46	omic Develop. 469.174	Economic Develop. Economic Develop 469.174 469.174 2017	evelop.
Duration of District	Th	Through 2038	Thro	Through 2021	Through 2022	2022
Original Base Net Tax Capacity	69	11,625	69	332	€9	498
Current Net Tax Capacity	S	17,272	69	44,566	69	3,962
Captured Net Tax Capacity	69	5,647	65	44,234	69	3,464
Taxes Abated in Current Year	S	6,342	69	69,810	89	5,266
Related Debt: Pay-as-you-go Debt	69	267,132	69	1,059,143	8	41,041
	Dis	District #1-12				
Business Name	CO	CentraCare Assisted Living				
Purpose		Housing				
Authorizing MN Statute		469.174				
Year Established		2016				
Duration of District	Thr	Through 2043				
Original Base Net Tax Capacity	69	1,306				
Current Net Tax Capacity	69	84,218				
Captured Net Tax Capacity	69	82,912				
Taxes Abated in Current Year	9	31				
Related Debt:	¥					
t ay-as-you-go coor	9					

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 OTHER NOTES (Continued)

4.F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Capital Purchases

Subsequent to year end and prior to issuance of these financial statements, the City purchased a street sweeper for a total cost of \$210,988. The City also approved a contract for a pavement overlay project at an approximate cost of \$91,359.

Debt Issuance

Subsequent to year end and prior to the issuance of these financial statements, the City approved the issuance of \$7,465,000 General Obligation Sewer and Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A for the purpose of financing the construction of the 2018 Wastewater Treatment Improvements and 2018 Water Meter Replacements in the City.

Subsequent to year end and prior to the issuance of these financial statements, the City approved the issuance of \$5,405,000 Taxable General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2018B for the purpose of financing the construction of the 2018 Wastewater Treatment Improvements in the City.

4.G. CORRECTION OF ERROR

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the City determined an adjustment to beginning fund balance was necessary to correct an error in the City's prior year financial statements. An adjustment was made record an investment held for sale for construction costs previously recorded as expenditures on the fund level, since the asset being constructed is to be sold upon its completion.

The following tables show the impact of the prior period adjustment to the December 31, 2016 financial statements:

3,957,820	69	Net Change in Fund Balance for the Year Ended December 31, 2016, as Restated
62,179		Construction Expenditures Correction
3,895,641	69	Ended December 31, 2016, as Previously Stated
		Net Change in Fund Balance for the Year
3,957,820	69	December 31, 2016 Fund Balance, as Restated
62,179	- 1	as an Investment Held for Sale
3,895,641	69	December 31, 2016 Fund Balance, as Previously Stated Correction to Record Construction Expenditures
Fund	1	
Cable Project	•	
Fiber Optic		

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):

Administration Council and Planning Commission
u
-
BUDGETARY CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS (Presented Prospectively)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.9% 68.9% 78.2%	85 4% 63 9% 86 6%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Nis Covered Payroll ((a+b/c))	100.0% 132.7% 89.3%	133 0% 412 2% 128 2%
City's Covered Payroll (c)	666,040 619,648 551,453	375,574 360,191 336,901
4	60 60 60	0000
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (a+b)	665,844 822,522 492,339	499,544 1,484,874 431,769
	0.01	00 00 00
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (b)	\$ 8,299 \$ 10,572	N N N
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	n Plan 657,545 811,950 492,339	sion Plan 499,544 1,484,874 431,769
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	General Employees Retirement Fund Pension Plan 2017 0.0103% \$ 2016 0.0100% \$ 2015 0.0095% \$	Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan 2017 0370% \$ 4 2016 0.0370% \$ 1,4 2015 0.0380% \$ 4
For the Measurement Year Ended June 30	General Employees 2017 2016 2016	Public Employees P 2017 2016 2015

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN YEARS (Presented Prospectively)

Contributions as	a Percentage of	Payroll		7.5%	7.5%	7.5%		16.2%	16.2%	16.2%		N/A	N/A	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Contrib	City's a Perce			682,587	639,057	577,413		402,704	362,191	352,580		N/A	N/A	A1/4
				€	6 / 9	69		6/9	69	69				
	_	1		٠						•		(000	(000,9)	1000
	Contribution	(Excess)										(6,	(9)	27
		1		4	8 6	\$ 9		\$	5 \$	99		\$ 0	0 \$	6
Contributions in Relation to the	Statutorily	Contribution		51,19	47,929	43,30	lan	65,23	58,675	57,11		900	9,000	000
Contr	Sta	Con	ion Plan	₩	69	69	noisne P	69	⇔	5 9		69	69	6
	Statutorily Required	Contribution	nt Fund Pens	51,194	47,929	43,306	Fire Fund Po	65,238	58,675	57,118	ntion	,	1	
	Sta	Cor	Retireme	69	69	99	olice and	6/9	9	S	g Associa	S	S	6
	For the Calendar Year Ended	December 31	General Employees Retirement Fund Pension Plan	2017	2016	2015	Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan	2017	2016	2015	Volunteer Fire Relief Association	2017	2016	2100

Note: The schedule is provided propsectively beginning with the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES INVEST PRESION LABILITY (ASSET) FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION LAST TEN YEARS (Presented Prospectively)

Changes in Total Pension Liability (TPL)						
Balance at January 1st	S	380,995	S	430,411	69	429,168
Service Cost		20,952		21,310		20,790
Interest on the TPL Actuarial Experience ((Gains)/Losses)		15,955		16,440		17,453
Benefit Payments	III.	(53,062)		(87,166)	۱	(37,000)
Balance at December 31st	s	375,056	S	380,995	S	430,411
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (PFNP)						
Balance at January 1st	\$	497,309	S	541,417	69	523,708
Fire State Aid		38,302		36,409		34,288
Municipal Contributions		0000'9		9,000		000*9
Projected Investment Return		20,949		22,054		22,299
Total Additions		65,251		64,463		62,587
Gain or Loss		(626)		(21,175)		(6,548)
Benefit Payments		(53,062)		(87,166)		(37,000)
Administrative Expenses			J	(230)	IJ	(1,330)
Total Reductions		(53,688)		(108,571)		(44,878)
Balance at December 31st	sl	508,872	S	497,309	69	541,417
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31st	w	(133,816)	N	(116,314)	N	(111,006)
Dim Cidentine Met Doubline on a Demonstrace of Total Doubline (Access)		10201		70101		10001

Note. The schedule is provided propsectively beginning with the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 (December 31, 2014 measurement date) and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	1	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	1	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	1	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	~ g	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxos Receivable Accounts Receivable Notes Receivable Due from Other Governments Prepaids	69	104,576	69	211,661 5,696 36,522 4,649	64	1,122,728	so.	1,438,965 11,752 5,696 100,000 36,522 5,794
TOTAL ASSETS	65	116,328	ام	258,528	60	1,223,873	6/9	1,598,729
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Recainage Payable Accound Salaries Due to Office Funds	69	7,748	69	64,570 * 81 28,999	69	4,516	69	69,086 20,188 81 36,747
Total Liabilities		7,748		93,650		24,704		126,102
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue: Property Taxes Notes Receivable		8,950		37		100,000		8,950
Fotal Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,950			Ų,	100,000		108,950
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		107,378		4,649		1,145		5,794
Committed Assigned Unassigned		(7,748)		2,023 95,476 (50,021)		173,508		268,984 (57,769)
Total Fund Balances	Ш	99,630	11	164,878	IJ,	1,099,169	П	1,363,677
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	60	116,328	S	258,528	64	1,223,873	69	1,598,729

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENDENESS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
ALL NODMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL, FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Taxes Taxe		Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
94,843 130,702 130,702 130,008 117,657 39,008 117,487 66,534 77,904 77,904 16,880 50,103 81,418 335,000 19,532 50,103 472,156 23,680 11,137 (207,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,630 88,497 264,284 11,008,839 11,133 (99,406) (90,339	REVENUES Taxes				(-)
130,702 50,000 130,702 39,008 117,657 39,008 19,609 117,657 39,008 17,044 177,487 65,534 77,904 16,880 19,532 19,532 178,036 19,532 11,174 17,487 65,534 19,532 18,535,000 19,532 11,174 17,487 65,534 11,504 18,532 11,174 11,174 18,032 11,174 11,174 11,133 11,172 11,174 11,133 11,172 11,008,130 12,472 11,008,130 11,204 13,630 164,878 \$1,008,130 11,204 14,650 15,64,284 1,008,130 11,204 15,630 164,878 \$1,008,130 11,204 17,008,130 11,008,130 11,204 18,000 11,008,130 11,204 18,000 11,008,130 11,204 18,000 11,000,160 \$1,0	Tax Increment Financing	94,843			94,843
130,702	Loan Principal Collections			50,000	
117,657 39,098 13,406 34,366 7,044 666 34,366 7,044 7,044 7,094 15,534 7,7904 16,534 16,800 19,532 1,11 1,133 1,14 1,008,159 1,14 1,11 1,133 1,14 1,008,169 1,14 1,008,169 1,14 1,008,169 1,14 1,14 1,008,169 1,14 1,008,169 1,14 1,008,169 1,15 1,14 1,008,169 1,15 1,15 1,14 1,008,169 1,15 1,15 1,14 1,008,169 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,14 1,008,169 1,15 1,1	Intergovernmental		130,702		_
177,487 66,534 7,044 849,609 293,055 96,808 8 177,904 16,980 19,532 177,904 16,980 19,532 177,904 16,980 19,532 177,904 178,036 191,197 178,036 178,036 178,036 114,197 178,036 114,127 129,734 178,036 114,722 219,794 11,133 (99,406) 90,339 11,138 11,133 (99,406) 8 1,008,830 11,288,497 264,284 1,008,830 264,686 264,68	Charges for Services		117,657		
34,366 7,044 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Investment Income		394		
459,609 293,055 96,808 8 1177,487 65,534 77,904 16,880 50,103 53,500 53,738 178,036 19,532 141,197 33,500 19,532 141,197 33,500 11,133 18,497 108,049 108,040 108,039 11,133 109,406 108,039 11,133 109,406 108,039 11,133 109,630 11,008,839 11,133 12,9406 12,008,839 11,133 12,9406 12,008,839 11,133 12,9406 12,008,839 11,133 12,9406 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 11,133 12,008,839 12,008,839 12,008,839 12,008,839 12,008,839	Miscellancous		34,366	7	4
81,418 81,418 335,000 55,738 472,156 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,148 11,1497	TOTAL REVENUES	459,609	293,055		000
81,418 81,418 335,000 55,738 178,004 19,532 55,738 178,006 19,532 141,197 472,156 100,450 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,148 11,148 11,1497 11,14	EXPENDITURES				
177,487 65,534 1	Current:				
81,418 81,418 335,000 55,738 178,036 19,532 472,136 (12,547) (207,455) (129,455) (129,794 11,133 (99,406) 88,497 (10,08,838 (1,098,169 (1,008,838 (1,008,8	Public Safety	3	177,487		177,487
81,418 335,000 55,738 472,156 178,036 472,156 178,036 11,133 154,722 109,406 109,406 11,133 11,133 164,878 100,830 100,830 100,9406 100,339 11,334 11,133 11,008,830	Public Works			65,534	
16,980 19,532 335,000 19,532 178,036 19,532 178,036 19,532 1,11,133 178,036 19,532 1,11,133 178,036 154,722 219,794 3 23,680 154,722 219,794 3 23,680 154,722 219,794 3 23,680 154,722 219,794 3 23,680 154,722 219,794 3 23,680 108,0406 90,339 1,3 264,284 1,0008,030 1,3 2,9,630 \$	Parks and Recreation	6	77,904	1	77,904
81,418 335,000 355,738 178,036 141,197 3 472,156 500,510 226,263 11,137 23,680 11,133 (99,406) 90,339 11,133 88,497 264,284 1,008,839 1,009,169 2 99,630 2 164,878 2 1,009,169 2 1,008,839	Tourism		16,980		16,980
81,418 335,000 55,738 178,036 141,197 372,136 (12,547) (207,455) (129,455) (129,454) (207,455) (129,455) (33,080 154,722 219,794 32,080 11,133 (99,406) 90,339 11,133 (99,406) 88,497 264,284 1,008,830 5,139	Airport	•	50,103		50,103
335,000 55,738 472,156 178,036 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,133 11,1008,N30 11,1008,N30 11,133 11,1008,N30 11,133 11,1	Debt Service:	014 10			
55,738	ray-as- I ou-do Deot rayments	01+10			01,410
55,738	Principal	335,000	(%)		
17,2156 141,197 141,	Interest and Other Charges	55,738			
(12,547) (207,485) (129,455) (12,545) (12,547) (207,485) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (129,455) (13,580) (198,049) (29,406) (29,339) (29,406) (20,339) (26,284) (1,008,830) (26,284) (Capital Outlay		178,036		319,233
(12,547) (207,455) (129,455) 23,680 154,722 219,794 23,680 (46,673) 219,794 11,133 (99,406) 90,339 88,497 264,284 1,008,830 5 99,630 \$ 164,878 \$ 1,099,169 \$ 1	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	472,156	500,510	226,263	1,198,929
23,680 154,722 219,794 39 (46,673) (49,704 39 (11,133 (99,406) 90,339 (88,497 264,284 1,008,830 1,36	DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(12,547)	(207,455)		(349,457)
(44,673) - (46,673) - (41,0734) - (41,0734) - (41,0734) - (41,0133) - (41,0344) - (41,008,830) - (41,364,497) -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfers In	23,680	154,722	219,794	398,196
23.680 108,049 219,794 35 11,133 (99,406) 90,339 1,308,839 88,497 264,284 1,008,830 1,36 \$ 99,630 \$ 164,878 \$ 1,099,169 \$ 1,36	Operating Transfers Out		(46,673)		(46,673)
11,133 (99,406) 90,339 1,36 88,497 264,284 1,008,830 1,36 \$ 99,630 \$ 164,878 \$ 1,099,169 \$ 1,36	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	23,680	108,049	219,794	351,523
88,497 264,284 1,008,830 \$ 99,630 \$ 164,878 \$ 1,099,169 \$	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	11,133	(99,406)		2,066
\$ 99,630 \$ 164,878 \$ 1,099,169 \$	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	88,497	264,284		1,361,611
	FUND BALANCE - ENDING			69	

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

Tax Increment Financing Fund	ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 37,5 Property Taxes Receivable	TOTAL ASSETS \$ 37,5	LIABILITIES Due To Other Funds \$ 7,7	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue: Property Taxes	FUND BALANCES Restricted Unassigned (7,7)	Total Fund Balances 29,8	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES \$ 37.5
i	37,553	37,553	7,748	5	37,553 (7,748)	29,805	37,553
2010 G.O. Bonds Fund	5 44,288 5,715	\$ 50,003	€	4,338	45,665	45,665	50,003 \$
2012 G.O. Bonds Fund	\$ 22,735	\$ 28,772	€9	4,612	24,160	24,160	\$ 28,772 \$
	69	S	69		4	Ш	€>
Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	104,576 11,752	116,328	7,748	8,950	107,378 (7,748)	99,630	116,328

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJONE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS.—DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Inc	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Ö	2010 G.O. Bonds Fund	2012 G.O. Bonds Fund	şp	2	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
REVENUES Taxes Tax Increment Financing	60	94,843	69	179,319	\$ 18.5	185,447	69	364,766
TOTAL REVENUES		94,843		179,319	185	185,447		459,609
EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Pay-asYouGo Debt Payments		81,418						81,418
Principal				155,000	180	180,000		335,000
Interest and Other Charges	Į			47,185	•	8,553		55,738
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		81,418		202,185	188	188,553		472,156
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		13,425		(22,866)	9	(3,106)		(12,547)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In		1		23,680		1		23,680
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		13,425		814	()	(3,106)		11,133
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		16,380		44,851	27	27,266	- 1	88,497
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	69	29,805	64	45,665	64	24,160	69	99,630

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
COMBINING BALANCE, SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2017

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, ZEYBONITHERA, AND CHANGES IN FIND BALANCES
NOMALOR GOVERNMENTA, FUNDS.—SPECIAL, REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Airport Fund	Library Fund	Park Fund	Tourism Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Fire Department Fund	urtment	Non Sp Res	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES Taxes		1		\$ 9.936	s		1		9:636
Intergovernmental	82,680						48,022		130,702
Charges for Services	29,778	,	068'1	•			686,58		117,657
Investment Income		,	•	34		0	360		394
Miscellaneous	14,376		1,818	7,459			10,713		34,366
TOTAL REVENUES	126,834		3,708	17,429			145,084		293,055
EXPENDITURES									
Ситепі:									
Public Safety				~			177,487		177,487
Parks and Recreation		1,897	76,007				٠		77,904
Tourism	7			086'91			A.		16,980
Airport	50,103	1	9				.,		50,103
Capital Outlay	155,138	9					22,898		178,036
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	205,241	1,897	76,007	16,980	1		200,385		500,510
Salinahad ao (hOndiolagu) SSAONA									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(78,407)	(1,897)	(72,299)	449			(55,301)		(207,455)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (I)SES)									
Operating Transfers In	000'6		66,834				78,888		154,722
Operating Transfers Out	4		1			+	(46,673)		(46,673)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	000'6	1	66,834				32,215		108,049
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(69,407)	(1,897)	(5,465)	449			(23,086)		(99,406)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	22,594		8,321	12,300	000'001		121,069		264,284
ELIND BAT ANCE - ENDING	S (40×17) S	11.8071	2 846	\$ 13.749	000 0001	2 0	07 083		164 K7K

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
COMBINING BALANCE SBIEST
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL PUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2017

	J	CentraCare Drive Fund	E	Street Improvements Fund	DEE	DEED Housing Rehabilitation Fund	B	EDA Building Fund	Ξ.	Police Equipment Fund	Pul	Public Works Equipment Fund	_ g	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Notes Receivable Prepaids	69	258,704	so I	158,710	69	39,600	S	176,246 100,000 1,145	60	63,959	0	425,509	S	1,122,728 100,000 1,145
TOTAL ASSETS	50	258,704	S	158,710	60	39,600	S	277,391	69	63,959	S	425,509	co.	1,223,873
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Total Liabilities	0	578 20,188 20,766	60	3.50	· ·		50	2,738	69	3.37	64	1,200	₩.	4,516 20,188 24,704
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue: Notes Receivable	93			- 7		ľ		100,000		- 4				100,000
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		237,938				39,600		1,145		4.0				1,145
Committed Assigned Total Fund Balances		237,938	J	158,710		39,600		173,508		63,959		424,309		646,978 173,508 1,099,169
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	69	258,704	6	158.710		009 08	L CO	195 77.0		63 620		425 509 S		1.223.873

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF BEVENCHUES, STAN CHANGES IN PUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENT AI, FUNDS.—CAPTAL PROJECT FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Total

	CentraCare Drive Fund	Street Improvements Fund	DEED Housing Rehabilitation Fund	EDA Building Fund	Police Equipment Fund	Public Works Equipment Fund	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
REVENUES Loan Principal Collections		S		\$ 50,000	64	50	\$ 50,000
Charges for Services	-	9		39,098			39,098
Investment Income			2		37	629	999
Miscellaneous				P62'9	250	4	7,044
TOTAL REVENUES				95,892	287	629	808'96
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works	000'9	55,865	2.		- 3	3,669	65,534
Debt Service: Interest and Other Charges	19,532	,			-1	,	19,532
Capital Outlay	78,063		j	6,140		26,994	141,197
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	103,595	55,865		6,140		60,663	226,263
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(103,595)	(55,865)	ľ	89,752	287	(60,034)	(129,455)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In		54,996	1		862*#	120,000	219,794
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(103,595)	(698)		89,752	45,085	59,966	90,339
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	341,533	159,579	39,600	84,901	18,874	364,343	1,008,830
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	237.938 \$	\$ 158.710 \$	39.600 \$	S 174.653 S	\$ 63.959 \$	\$ 424.309 \$	S 1 099 169

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
SUPPLEMENTAL, COMBINNES BALANCE SHEET
NOMMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND—TAX INCERMENT FINANCING FUND
BECEMBER 31, 2017

						l ax Ir.	Icrer.	l ax Increment Financing Districts	istric	2	1		ı			
	I- Terr Townh	1-2 Terrace ownhomes		1-3 Reichert Hotel	110	1-6 Felling Addition	1	1-10 Long Prairie Parking	11.4	1-9 Valley View		1-11 Impact (echnology		I-12 Centracare Assisted Living	. 7	Tax Increment Financing Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	91	4,7005	69	825	w.	22,800	100	2,100	S	2,153	90	4,970	60		69	37,553
IABILITIES Due To Other Funds	69	9	S		in		69		49	Ľ	60		69	7,748	69	7,748
FUND BALANCE Restricted Unassigned		4,705		825		22,800		2,100		2,153		4,970		(7,748)		37,553
otal Fund Balances		4,705	Ш	825	N.	22,800	Ų,	2,100		1153		4,970		(7,748)		29,805
FUND BALANCE	и	4,705	69	825	69	22,800	60	2,100	ug	2,153	69	4.970	60		60	37.553

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA
SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING SCHEDULE, OF REVENERS, KNECHTERS, AND CHANCES IN FUND BALANCE
NONMALOR COVERNERS ALL EIND. "TAX INCEREMENT FINANCING FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

					lax In	Tax Increment Financing Districts	3 Distr	ıcts						
	1-2 Terrace Townhomes	ce	DE.	1-3 Reichert Hotel	1-6 Felling	1-10 Long Prairie		1-9 Valley View	-	I-11 Impact	Cent	1-12 Centracare Assisted Living	5 2	Tax Increment Financing Fund
REVENUES Tax Increment Financing	o	1	.40	S	11,670		\$ 0	7,047	69	5,616	100	,	64	94,843
EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Pay-as-You-Go Debt Payments	Щ	1	.]			60.83	OI	6,342		5,266				81,418
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		10		1	11,670	700	0	705		350				13,425
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		4,705		825	11.130	1,40	01	1,448		4,620		(7,748)		16,380
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	M	4,705	w	N25 S	22,800	\$ 2,100	01	2,153	69	0,970	w	(7,748)	4	39,805

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF INDERTEDNESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

	Issuc	Interest	Maturity	Initial Authorized Issued	Outstanding Balance 01/01/17	Issued	Paid	Outstanding Balance 12/31/17	Print D	Principal Due in 2018	
GOVERNMENTAL DEBTS General Obligation Bonds										į.	
G O Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A G O Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (2006A) G O Improvement Bonds, Series 2016A G O Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2016C	7/15/2010 3/22/2012 8/18/2016 12/1/2016	2 00-3 75% 0 55-2 00% 2 00% 2 00-3 88%	2/1/2027 2/1/2025 2/1/2027 2/1/2038	\$ 1,985,000 1,025,000 3,610,000 4,000,000	\$ 1,465,000 665,000 3,610,000 4,000,000	9	185,000	\$ 1,310,000 485,000 3,610,000 4,000,000	υ 1	65,000	
Tax Increment Bonds				10,620,000	9,740,000		335,000	9,405,000		520,000	
G O Tax Increment Bonds, Series 2016B	8/18/2016	1 25-3 10%	2/1/2038	870,000	870,000	Î	1	870,000	Ų	1	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL DEBTS				11,490,000	10,610,000		335,000	10,275,000		520,000	
ENTERPRISE DEBT Cheeral Obligation Bonds											
G O. Refunding Bonds, Scries 2012A (2006B) G O. Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A	3/22/2012	0.55-2.00% 2.00-2.35%	2/1/2025	1,020,000	830,000	j	90,000	740,000	- 1	95,000	
Notes (PFA)				2,325,000	2,135,000		000°577	000'016'1		000'067	
PFA - Drinking Water State Revolving Fund PFA - Clean Water State Revolving Fund	4/6/2001	3.91%	8/20/2020	1,224,850 4,821,000 6,645,830	302,000		71,000 221,003 242,003	231,000 3,658,997	11	74,000 226,000 No coo	
TOTAL ENTERPRISE DEBTS				8,370,850	6,317,000	Ì	517,003	5,799,997	J	530,000	
TOTAL INDEBTEDNESS				058'098'61 \$	\$ 16,927,000	8	852,003	\$ 16,074,997		000'050'1 \$	

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 25, 2018

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Prairie, Minnesota We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the ComprollerGeneral of the United States, the financial statements of the government and vivites, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining find information of the City of Long Prairie (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Long Prairie's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Long Prairie's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but no for the unprose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be material weaknesses: 2016-003 and 2016-004.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be significant deficiencies: 2016-001 and 2016-002.

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M.U.S. Allatron member firms are suparable and independent basinesses and togal entities had are responsible for their own acids and omissions, and each are suparable storn independent form RSM U.S.L.P. GIR U.S.L.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City's Response to Findings

The City of Long Prairie's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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SCHLENNER WENNER & CO.

St. Cloud, Minnesota

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CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Condition: The City has limited segregation of accounting duties.

Criteria:

Internal control that supports the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements requires adequate segregation of accounting duties. In other words, no one person may have control over two or more of these resonantialities.

Limited number of staff members.

Cause:

Effect:

The existence of limited segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial

statements.

Recommendation: Although the number of staff members may not be large enough to eliminate this deficiency, we recommend that the City evaluate current procedures and segregate where possible and implement compensating controls. It is important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information.

Management's Response: Management agrees with the recommendation.

Finding 2016-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Condition: Schlenner Wenner & Co. drafted the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures for the for the formation of financial statements and the auditors' responsibility to determine the fairness of the presentation. This deficiency could result in a material misstatement that could have been prevented or detected by management.

Criteria: Internal controls over financial reporting should be in place to provide for the preparation of financial statements on an annual basis.

Cause: The City's staff does not possess the expertise to prepare financial statements internally. This is not unusual for a City of your size. Effect: The inability to internally prepare the City's financial statements can result in undetected errors in financial reporting.

Recommendation: We recommend that management review a draft of the financial statements in detail for accuracy.

During review we recommend a disclosure checklist be utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented and the City should agree the financial statement numbers to their accounting software. The City may not currently have the ability to implement controls that would eliminate this finding.

Management's Response: The City will continue to have the auditor assist in preparation of the financial statements and will review the cost/benefit of preparing financial statements internally on an annual basis.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

udit Adjustments	
Material Aud	
Finding 2016-003	

Condition:

Audit adjustments were required to correct material misstatements identified in the trial balance The City is required to report financial information that is accurately presented in accordance with presented for the audit. Criteria:

Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America.

The City relies on the auditor to record various year-end adjustments required under the accrual basis

Cause:

Effect:

The misstatements in the trial balance presented for the audit resulted in the need to record typical audit adjustments to achieve fair financial statement presentation under accounting principles generally of accounting, and various other adjustments.

accepted in the United States of America.

We recommend management perform a thorough review of the trial balance prior to the audit and ensure all accounts have been properly adjusted at year-end.

Recommendation:

Management's Response: Management agrees with the recommentation, however, the City will continue to have the auditor assist with some year-end adjustments and will review the cost/benefit of such on an annual basis.

Prior Period Adjustments Finding 2016-004

A-42

The City's prior year financial statements contained a material misstatement. Condition:

The City is required to report financial information that is accurately presented in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. Criteria:

Cause:

The City's prior year financial statements included an error in relation to construction expenditures that should have been recorded as an investment held for sale at year-end. See additional detail in Note 4.G. to the basic financial statements.

The misstatement in the prior year's audited financial statements resulted in the need to restate beginning fund balance in the current year. Effect:

We recommend management perform a thorough review of the audited financial statements and yearend adjustments to ensure their accuracy and completeness. Recommendation:

Management's Response: Management agrees with the recommendation.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2016-001 Limited Segregation of Duties

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding.
 There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2

Actions Planted in Response to Finding
The City will continue to monitor and review current procedures and implement additional controls where possible.

Brenda Thomes, City Administrator, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action Official Responsible

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4.

Planned Completion Date
The Corrective Action Plan will be reviewed on an ongoing basis with no anticipated completion date.

Š,

Plan to Monitor Completion
The City Council will be monitoring this Corrective Action Plan.

Finding 2016-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

7

Actions Planned in Respanse to Finding.

The City may continue to have the auditor prepare the financial statements and will continue to document the annual review of the financial statements and related footnote disclosures. The City will revisit this decision on an ongoing, annual basis.

Official Responsible

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Brenda Thomes, City Administrator, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action.

Planned Completion Date.
The Corrective Action Plan will be reviewed on an ongoing basis with no anticipated completion date. 4.

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Plan to Monitor Completion The City Council will be monitoring this Corrective Action Plan.

CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

Material Audit Adjustments Finding 2016-003

- Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding There is no disagreement with the audit finding.
- Actions Planned in Response to Finding
 The City will perform a thorough review of the audited financial statements and year-end adjustments to ensure their accuracy and completeness. 2
- Official Responsible 33
- Brenda Thomes, City Administrator, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action
- Planned Completion Date 4
- The Corrective Action Plan will be reviewed on an ongoing basis with no anticipated completion date.
- Plan to Monitor Completion
 The City Council will be monitoring this Corrective Action Plan.

Finding 2016-004 Prior Period Adjustments

- _;
- Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding There is no disagreement with the audit finding.
- Actions Planned in Response to Finding.
 The City will perform a thorough review of the audited financial statements and year-end adjustments to ensure their accuracy and completeness.
- Official Responsible
- Brenda Thomes, City Administrator, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action
- Planned Completion Date December 31, 2018. 4
 - S
- Plan to Monitor Completion
 The City Council will be monitoring this Corrective Action Plan.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

June 25, 2018

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Prairie, Minnesota We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Strudards, issued by the Comprofler Centeral of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2018. The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested; contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of furterest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories. In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Calade for Citizes. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of Such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance and management of the City of Long Prairie and the State Auditor and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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SCHLENNER WENNER & CO. St. Cloud, Minnesota

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APPENDIX B

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION

(See following page)

PROPOSED FORM OF LEGAL OPINION



City of Long	Prairie, Minnesota
[Purchaser]	
Re:	\$ General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A City of Long Prairie, Minnesota

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance by the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota (the "City"), of the obligations described above, dated, as originally issued as of August 15, 2018 (the "Bonds"). In that capacity, we have reviewed copies of certain proceedings taken by the City Council in the authorization, sale and issuance of the Bonds, including the form of the Bonds and certain other proceedings and documents furnished by the City and others. As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have assumed the authenticity of and relied upon the proceedings, affidavits and certificates furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation. From our examination of such proceedings, affidavits and certificates and on the basis of existing law, it is our opinion that:

- 1. The Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City, enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 2. The principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from net revenues of the municipal sewer system and ad valorem taxes duly levied on all taxable property in the City, which revenues and ad valorem taxes are expected to produce amounts sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds when due; but, if necessary for the payment of such principal and interest, additional ad valorem taxes are required by law to be levied on all taxable property in the City without limitation as to rate or amount.
- 3. Interest on the Bonds (a) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Code.
- 4. Interest on the Bonds (a) is excludable from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the Minnesota alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals, trusts, and estates.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 1 and 2 above are subject, as to enforceability, to the effect of any state or federal laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or creditors' rights and the application of equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 3 and 4 above are subject to the condition of the City's compliance with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest thereon may be, and continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income

City of Long Prairie, Minnesota [Purchaser] Page 2

tax purposes. The City has covenanted to comply with these continuing requirements. Its failure to do so could result in the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in federal gross income and in Minnesota taxable net income, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. Except as stated herein, we express no opinion regarding federal, state, or other tax consequences to the owner of the Bonds. We note, however, that, (a) notwithstanding the opinion expressed in paragraph (3) above, interest on the Bonds is included in adjusted current earnings for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations with respect to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018, and (b) notwithstanding the opinion expressed in paragraph (4) above, interest on the Bonds is included in net income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax.

We have not been engaged, and have not undertaken, to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of any offering materials relating to the Bonds, and, accordingly, we express no opinion with respect thereto.

Dated this th day of August, 2018.

Very truly yours,

APPENDIX C

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

- 1. The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the securities (the "Securities"). The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Security certificate will be issued for [each issue of] the Securities, [each] in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC. [If, however, the aggregate principal amount of [any] issue exceeds \$500 million, one certificate will be issued with respect to each \$500 million of principal amount, and an additional certificate will be issued with respect to any remaining principal amount of such issue.]
- 2. DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.
- 3. Purchases of Securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Security ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.
- 4. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Securities; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

- 5. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. [Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Securities, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Securities for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.]
- 6. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.
- 7. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).
- 8. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.
- 9. A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Securities purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Securities by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Securities, on DTC's records, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Securities in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Securities are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Securities to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent's DTC account.
- 10. DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Security certificates are required to be printed and delivered.
- 11. The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Security certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.
- 12. The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable, but the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

APPENDIX D

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE COVENANTS (EXCERPTS FROM SALE RESOLUTION)

(See following page)

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

- (a) Purpose and Beneficiaries. To provide for the public availability of certain information relating to the Bonds and the security therefor and to permit the Purchaser and other participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to comply with amendments to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R. § 240.15c2-12), relating to continuing disclosure (as in effect and interpreted from time to time, the "Rule"), which will enhance the marketability of the Bonds, the City hereby makes the following covenants and agreements for the benefit of the Owners (as hereinafter defined) from time to time of the Outstanding Bonds. The City is the only obligated person in respect of the Bonds within the meaning of the Rule for purposes of identifying the entities in respect of which continuing disclosure must be made. If the City fails to comply with any provisions of this section, any person aggrieved thereby, including the Owners of any Outstanding Bonds, may take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or appropriate to enforce performance and observance of any agreement or covenant contained in this section, including an action for a writ of mandamus or specific performance. Direct, indirect, consequential and punitive damages shall not be recoverable for any default hereunder to the extent permitted by law. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in no event shall a default under this section constitute a default under the Bonds or under any other provision of this resolution. As used in this section, Owner or Bondowner means, in respect of a Bond, the registered owner or owners thereof appearing in the bond register maintained by the Registrar or any Beneficial Owner (as hereinafter defined) thereof, if such Beneficial Owner provides to the Registrar evidence of such beneficial ownership in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Registrar. As used herein, "Beneficial Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, any person or entity which (i) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, such Bond (including persons or entities holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (ii) is treated as the owner of the Bond for federal income tax purposes.
- (b) <u>Information To Be Disclosed</u>. The City will provide, in the manner set forth in subsection (c) hereof, either directly or indirectly through an agent designated by the City, the following information at the following times:
 - on or before twelve (12) months after the end of each fiscal year of the City, commencing with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, the following financial information and operating data in respect of the City (the "Disclosure Information"):
 - (A) the audited financial statements of the City for such fiscal year, prepared in accordance with the governmental accounting standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board or as otherwise provided under Minnesota law, as in effect from time to time, or, if and to the extent such financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with such generally accepted accounting principles for reasons beyond the reasonable control of the City, noting the discrepancies therefrom and the effect thereof, and certified as to accuracy and completeness in all material respects by the fiscal officer of the City; and

(B) to the extent not included in the financial statements referred to in paragraph (A) hereof, the information for such fiscal year or for the period most recently available of the type contained in the Official Statement under headings: Current Property Valuations; Direct Debt; Tax Levies and Collections; US Census Data/Population Trend; and Employment/Unemployment, which information may be unaudited.

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the audited financial statements are not available by the date specified, the City shall provide on or before such date unaudited financial statements in the format required for the audited financial statements as part of the Disclosure Information and, within 10 days after the receipt thereof, the City shall provide the audited financial statements. Any or all of the Disclosure Information may be incorporated by reference, if it is updated as required hereby, from other documents, including official statements, which have been submitted to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System ("EMMA") or to the SEC. If the document incorporated by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB. The City shall clearly identify in the Disclosure Information each document so incorporated by reference. If any part of the Disclosure Information can no longer be generated because the operations of the City have materially changed or been discontinued, such Disclosure Information need no longer be provided if the City includes in the Disclosure Information a statement to such effect, provided, however, if such operations have been replaced by other City operations in respect of which data is not included in the Disclosure Information and the City determines that certain specified data regarding such replacement operations would be a Material Fact (as defined in paragraph (2) hereof), then, from and after such determination, the Disclosure Information shall include such additional specified data regarding the replacement operations. If the Disclosure Information is changed or this section is amended as permitted by this paragraph (b)(1) or subsection (d), then the City shall include in the next Disclosure Information to be delivered hereunder, to the extent necessary, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect of any change in the type of financial information or operating data provided.

- (2) In a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events (each, a "Material Fact"):
 - (A) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (B) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - (C) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (D) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (E) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - (F) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB), or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
 - (G) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
 - (H) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;

- (I) Defeasances;
- (J) Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- (K) Rating changes;
- (L) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- (M) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and
- (N) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.

As used herein, for those events that must be reported if material, an event is "material" if it is an event as to which a substantial likelihood exists that a reasonably prudent investor would attach importance thereto in deciding to buy, hold or sell a Bond or, if not disclosed, would significantly alter the total information otherwise available to an investor from the Official Statement, information disclosed hereunder or information generally available to the public. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, an event is also "material" if it is an event that would be deemed material for purposes of the purchase, holding or sale of a Bond within the meaning of applicable federal securities laws, as interpreted at the time of discovery of the occurrence of the event.

For the purposes of the event identified in (L) hereinabove, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.

- (3) In a timely manner, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events or conditions:
 - (A) the failure of the City to provide the Disclosure Information required under paragraph (b)(1) at the time specified thereunder;
 - (B) the amendment or supplementing of this section pursuant to subsection (d), together with a copy of such amendment or supplement and any explanation provided by the City under subsection (d)(2);
 - (C) the termination of the obligations of the City under this section pursuant to subsection (d);

- (D) any change in the accounting principles pursuant to which the financial statements constituting a portion of the Disclosure Information are prepared; and
- (E) any change in the fiscal year of the City.
- (c) Manner of Disclosure.
- (1) The City agrees to make available to the MSRB through EMMA, in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, the information described in subsection (b).
- (2) All documents provided to the MSRB pursuant to this subsection (c) shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time.
- (d) <u>Term; Amendments; Interpretation</u>.
- (1) The covenants of the City in this section shall remain in effect so long as any Bonds are Outstanding. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, however, the obligations of the City under this section shall terminate and be without further effect as of any date on which the City delivers to the Registrar an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that, because of legislative action or final judicial or administrative actions or proceedings, the failure of the City to comply with the requirements of this section will not cause participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to be in violation of the Rule or other applicable requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any statutes or laws successory thereto or amendatory thereof.
- This section (and the form and requirements of the Disclosure Information) may be (2) amended or supplemented by the City from time to time, without notice to (except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) hereof) or the consent of the Owners of any Bonds, by a resolution of this Council filed in the office of the recording officer of the City accompanied by an opinion of Bond Counsel, who may rely on certificates of the City and others and the opinion may be subject to customary qualifications, to the effect that: (i) such amendment or supplement (a) is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in law or regulation or a change in the identity, nature or status of the City or the type of operations conducted by the City, or (b) is required by, or better complies with, the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule; (ii) this section as so amended or supplemented would have complied with the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, giving effect to any change in circumstances applicable under clause (i)(a) and assuming that the Rule as in effect and interpreted at the time of the amendment or supplement was in effect at the time of the primary offering; and (iii) such amendment or supplement does not materially impair the interests of the Bondowners under the Rule.

If the Disclosure Information is so amended, the City agrees to provide, contemporaneously with the effectiveness of such amendment, an explanation of

- the reasons for the amendment and the effect, if any, of the change in the type of financial information or operating data being provided hereunder.
- (3) This section is entered into to comply with the continuing disclosure provisions of the Rule and should be construed so as to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule.

TERMS OF PROPOSAL

\$11,725,000* GENERAL OBLIGATION SEWER REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2018A CITY OF LONG PRAIRIE, MINNESOTA

Proposals for the purchase of \$11,725,000* General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A (the "Bonds") of the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota (the "City") will be received at the offices of Ehlers & Associates, Inc. ("Ehlers"), 3060 Centre Pointe Drive, Roseville, Minnesota 55113-1105, Municipal Advisors to the City, until 10:30 A.M., Central Time, and **ELECTRONIC PROPOSALS** will be received via **PARITY**, in the manner described below, until 10:30 A.M. Central Time, on August 6, 2018, at which time they will be opened, read and tabulated. The proposals will be presented to the City Council for consideration for award by resolution at a meeting to be held at 7:00 P.M., Central Time, on the same date. The proposal offering to purchase the Bonds upon the terms specified herein and most favorable to the City will be accepted unless all proposals are rejected.

PURPOSE

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475, by the City for the purpose of financing the construction of the 2018 Wastewater Treatment Improvements in the City. The Bonds will be general obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and taxing powers are pledged.

DATES AND MATURITIES

The Bonds will be dated August 30, 2018, will be issued as fully registered Bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof, and will mature on February 1 as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*
2020	\$270,000	2027	\$530,000	2034	\$670,000
2021	470,000	2028	545,000	2035	695,000
2022	470,000	2029	560,000	2036	725,000
2023	480,000	2030	585,000	2037	745,000
2024	490,000	2031	605,000	2038	780,000
2025	505,000	2032	620,000	2039	810,000
2026	520,000	2033	650,000		

ADJUSTMENT OPTION

TERM BOND OPTION

Proposals for the Bonds may contain a maturity schedule providing for any combination of serial bonds and term bonds, subject to mandatory redemption, so long as the amount of principal maturing or subject to mandatory redemption in each year conforms to the maturity schedule set forth above. All dates are inclusive.

^{*} The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread per \$1,000.

INTEREST PAYMENT DATES AND RATES

Interest will be payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2019, to the registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month. Interest will be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. (For example, if a rate of 4.50% is proposed for the 2020 maturity, then the lowest rate that may be proposed for any later maturity is 2.50%.) All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY FORMAT

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Bonds will be designated in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds, and will be responsible for maintaining a book-entry system for recording the interests of its participants and the transfers of interests between its participants. The participants will be responsible for maintaining records regarding the beneficial interests of the individual purchasers of the Bonds. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, all payments of principal and interest will be made to the depository which, in turn, will be obligated to remit such payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds.

PAYING AGENT

The City has selected Bond Trust Services Corporation, Roseville, Minnesota, to act as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). Bond Trust Services Corporation and Ehlers are affiliate companies. The City will pay the charges for Paying Agent services. The City reserves the right to remove the Paying Agent and to appoint a successor.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

At the option of the City, the Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2028 shall be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on February 1, 2027 and on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest.

Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the selection of the amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be at the discretion of the City. If only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for redemption, then the City or Paying Agent, if any, will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant's interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interest in such maturity to be redeemed.

Notice of redemption shall be sent by mail not more than 60 days and not less than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

DELIVERY

On or about August 30, 2018, the Bonds will be delivered without cost to the winning bidder at DTC. On the day of closing, the City will furnish to the winning bidder the opinion of bond counsel hereinafter described, an arbitrage certification, and certificates verifying that no litigation in any manner questioning the validity of the Bonds is then pending or, to the best knowledge of officers of the City, threatened. Payment for the Bonds must be received by the City at its designated depository on the date of closing in immediately available funds.

LEGAL OPINION

An opinion in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B will be furnished by Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota, bond counsel to the City.

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

Proposals must not be for less than \$11,607,750 plus accrued interest on the principal sum of \$11,725,000 from date of original issue of the Bonds to date of delivery. Prior to the time established above for the opening of proposals, interested parties may submit a proposal as follows:

- 1) Electronically to <u>bondsale@ehlers-inc.com;</u> or
- 2) Facsimile submission to Ehlers, Facsimile Number (651) 697-8555; or
- 3) Electronically via **PARITY** in accordance with this Terms of Proposal until 10:30 A.M. Central Time, but no proposal will be received after the time for receiving proposals specified above. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in **PARITY** conflict with this Terms of Proposal, the terms of this Terms of Proposal shall control. For further information about **PARITY**, potential bidders may contact Ehlers or i-Deal LLC at 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, Telephone (212) 849-5021.

Proposals must be submitted to Ehlers via one of the methods described above and must be received prior to the time established above for the opening of proposals. Each proposal must be unconditional except as to legality. Neither the City nor Ehlers shall be responsible for any failure to receive a facsimile submission.

A good faith deposit ("Deposit") in the amount of \$234,500 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire transfer of funds to **KleinBank**, **1550 Audubon Road**, **Chaska**, **Minnesota**, **ABA No. 091915654 for credit: Ehlers & Associates Good Faith Account No. 3208138**. Such Deposit shall be received by Ehlers no later than two hours after the proposal opening time. The City reserves the right to award the Bonds to a winning bidder whose wire transfer is initiated but not received by such time provided that such winning bidder's federal wire reference number has been received by such time. In the event the Deposit is not received as provided above, the City may award the Bonds to the bidder submitting the next best proposal provided such bidder agrees to such award. The Deposit will be retained by the City as liquidated damages if the proposal is accepted and the Purchaser fails to comply therewith.

The City and the winning bidder who chooses to so wire the Deposit hereby agree irrevocably that Ehlers shall be the escrow holder of the Deposit wired to such account subject only to these conditions and duties: 1) All income earned thereon shall be retained by the escrow holder as payment for its expenses; 2) If the proposal is not accepted, Ehlers shall, at its expense, promptly return the Deposit amount to the winning bidder; 3) If the proposal is accepted, the Deposit shall be returned to the winning bidder at the closing; 4) Ehlers shall bear all costs of maintaining the escrow account and returning the funds to the winning bidder; 5) Ehlers shall not be an insurer of the Deposit amount and shall have no liability hereunder except if it willfully fails to perform or recklessly disregards, its duties specified herein; and 6) FDIC insurance on deposits within the escrow account shall be limited to \$250,000 per bidder.

No proposal can be withdrawn after the time set for receiving proposals unless the meeting of the City scheduled for award of the Bonds is adjourned, recessed, or continued to another date without award of the Bonds having been made.

AWARD

The Bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering the lowest interest rate to be determined on a True Interest Cost (TIC) basis. The City's computation of the interest rate of each proposal, in accordance with customary practice, will be controlling. In the event of a tie, the sale of the Bonds will be awarded by lot. The City reserves the right to reject any and all proposals and to waive any informality in any proposal.

BOND INSURANCE

If the Bonds are qualified for any bond insurance policy, the purchase of such policy shall be at the sole option and expense of the winning bidder. Any cost for such insurance policy is to be paid by the winning bidder, except that, if the City requested and received a rating on the Bonds from a rating agency, the City will pay that rating fee. Any rating agency fees not requested by the City are the responsibility of the winning bidder.

Failure of the municipal bond insurer to issue the policy after the Bonds are awarded to the winning bidder shall not constitute cause for failure or refusal by the winning bidder to accept delivery of the Bonds.

CUSIP NUMBERS

The City will assume no obligation for the assignment or printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds or for the correctness of any numbers printed thereon, but will permit such numbers to be printed at the expense of the winning bidder, if the winning bidder waives any delay in delivery occasioned thereby.

NON-QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The City will NOT designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which permits financial institutions to deduct interest expenses allocable to the Bonds to the extent permitted under prior law.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriters in complying with the provisions of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 the City will enter into an undertaking for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds. A description of the details and terms of the undertaking is set forth in Appendix D of the Preliminary Official Statement.

NEW ISSUE PRICING

The winning bidder will be required to provide, in a timely manner, certain information necessary to compute the yield on the Bonds pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and to provide a certificate which will be provided by Bond Counsel upon request.

In order to establish the issue price of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, the City requires bidders to agree to the following, and by submitting a proposal, each bidder agrees to the following.

If a proposal is submitted by a potential underwriter, the bidder confirms that (i) the underwriters have offered or reasonably expect to offer the Bonds to the public on or before the date of the award at the offering price (the "initial offering price") for each maturity as set forth in the proposal and (ii) the bidder, if it is the winning bidder, shall require any agreement among underwriters, selling group agreement, retail distribution agreement or other agreement relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public to which it is a party to include provisions requiring compliance by all parties to such agreements with the provisions contained herein. For purposes hereof, Bonds with a separate CUSIP number constitute a separate "maturity", and the public does not include underwriters (including members of a selling group or retail distribution group) or persons related to underwriters.

If, however, a proposal is submitted for the bidder's own account in a capacity other than as an underwriter of the Bonds, and the bidder has no current intention to sell, reoffer, or otherwise dispose of the Bonds, the bidder shall notify the City to that effect at the time it submits its proposal and shall provide a certificate to that effect in place of the certificate otherwise required below.

If the winning bidder intends to act as an underwriter, the City shall advise the winning bidder at or prior to the time of award whether the competitive sale rule applies.

If the City advises the Purchaser that the requirements for a competitive sale have been satisfied and that the competitive sale rule applies, the Purchaser will be required to deliver to the City at or prior to closing a certification, in a form reasonably acceptable to bond counsel, as to the reasonably expected initial offering price as of the award date.

If the City advises the Purchaser that the requirements for a competitive sale have not been satisfied, the Purchaser shall (1) advise the City as soon as practicable after the award, but on the date of the award, whether the underwriters have sold at least 10% of each maturity of the Bonds to the public at the initial offering price, and, if not, the maturities with respect to which that is not the case (the "Undersold Maturities"); (2) from time to time, and upon one or more requests of the City, inform the City in writing of the amounts, times and prices of sales of Bonds that are Undersold Maturities and whether such sales were to the public until, with respect to a maturity, at least 10% of that maturity has been sold to the public at a single price, or, if earlier, the date on which all Bonds of such Undersold Maturity have been sold to the Public; and (3) at or prior to closing, deliver to the City a certification as to such matters, in a form reasonably acceptable to bond counsel.

Any action to be taken or documentation to be received by the City pursuant hereto may be taken or received on behalf of the City by Ehlers & Associates, Inc..

The Bonds will NOT be subject to the "hold-the-offering-price" rule. Any proposal submitted pursuant to the Terms of Proposal shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, and proposals submitted will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal.

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Bidders may obtain a copy of the Preliminary Official Statement relating to the Bonds prior to the proposal opening by request from Ehlers at www.ehlers-inc.com by connecting to the Bond Sales link. The Syndicate Manager will be provided with an electronic copy of the Final Official Statement within seven business days of the proposal acceptance. Up to 10 printed copies of the Final Official Statement will be provided upon request. Additional copies of the Final Official Statement will be available at a cost of \$10.00 per copy.

Information for bidders and proposal forms may be obtained from Ehlers at 3060 Centre Pointe Drive, Roseville, Minnesota 55113-1105, Telephone (651) 697-8500.

By Order of the City Council

City of Long Prairie, Minnesota

PROPOSAL FORM

The City Council
City of Long Prairie, Minnesota

August 6, 2018

RE: \$11,725,000* General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A DATED: August 30, 2018 For all or none of the above Bonds, in accordance with the Terms of Proposal and terms of the Global Book-Entry System (unless otherwise specified by the (not less than \$11,607,750) plus accrued interest to date of delivery for Purchaser) as stated in this Official Statement, we will pay you \$ fully registered Bonds bearing interest rates and maturing in the stated years as follows: _____ % due 2020 2027 2034 _____ % due % due 2021 % due 2028 % due 2035 % due 2022 ______ % due 2029 % due 2036 2023 2030 2037 % due % due % due % due 2024 % due 2031 % due 2038 % due 2025 % due 2032 % due 2039 2026 % due 2033 * The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread per \$1,000. The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. (For example, if a rate of 4.50% is proposed for the 2020 maturity, then the lowest rate that may be proposed for any later maturity is 2.50%.) All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%. We enclose our Deposit in the amount of \$234,500, to be held by you pending delivery and payment. Alternatively, if we are the winning bidder, we will wire our Deposit to KleinBank, 1550 Audubon Road, Chaska, Minnesota, ABA No. 091915654 for credit: Ehlers & Associates Good Faith Account No. 3208138. Such Deposit shall be received by Ehlers & Associates no later than two hours after the proposal opening time. The City reserves the right to award the Bonds to a winning bidder whose wire transfer is initiated but not received by such time provided that such winning bidder's federal wire reference number has been received. In the event the Deposit is not received as provided above, the City may award the Bonds to the bidder submitting the next best proposal provided such bidder agrees to such award. If our proposal is not accepted, said deposit shall be promptly returned to us. If the Deposit is wired to such escrow account, we agree to the conditions and duties of Ehlers & Associates, Inc., as escrow holder of the Deposit, pursuant to the Terms of Proposal. This proposal is for prompt acceptance and is conditional upon delivery of said Bonds to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, in accordance with the Terms of Proposal. Delivery is anticipated to be on or about August 30, 2018. This proposal is subject to the City's agreement to enter into a written undertaking to provide continuing disclosure under Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as described in the Preliminary Official Statement for this Issue. We have received and reviewed the Official Statement and have submitted our requests for additional information or corrections to the Final Official Statement. As Syndicate Manager, we agree to provide the City with the reoffering price of the Bonds within 24 hours of the proposal acceptance. This proposal is a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds identified in the Terms of Proposal, on the terms set forth in this proposal form and the Terms of Proposal, and is not subject to any conditions, except as permitted by the Terms of Proposal. By submitting this proposal, we confirm that we are an Underwriter and have an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds. YES: ____ NO: ___. If the competitive sale requirements are not met, we elect to use the (circle one): 10% test / hold-the-offering-price rule to determine the issue price of the Bonds. Account Manager: By: Account Members: Award will be on a true interest cost basis. According to our computations (the correct computation being controlling in the award), the total dollar interest cost (including any discount or less any premium) computed from August 30, 2018 of the above proposal is \$_____ and the true interest cost (TIC) The foregoing offer is hereby accepted by and on behalf of the City Council of the City of Long Prairie, Minnesota, on August 6, 2018. By:

Title:

Title: