PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED APRIL 9, 2024

In the opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel, assuming continued compliance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, under existing law interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income and is not an item of tax preference for federal income tax purposes; however, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code). See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein for a more detailed discussion of some of the federal income tax consequences of owning the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

The Bonds shall be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations".

New Issue

Non-Rated

VILLAGE OF BUTLER, WISCONSIN (Waukesha County)

\$1,165,000* WATER SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2024A

BID OPENING: April 17, 2024, 10:30 A.M., C.T.

CONSIDERATION: Not later than 11:59 P.M., C.T. on April 17, 2024 (PARAMETERS RESOLUTION)

PURPOSE/AUTHORITY/SECURITY: The \$1,165,000* Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds") are being issued pursuant to Section 66.0621, Wisconsin Statutes, by the Village, to provide funds for the public purpose of paying the cost of additions, improvements and extensions to the Village's Water System (the "Water System"). The Bonds are not general obligations of the Village but are payable only from and secured by a pledge of the net revenue of the Village's Water System. Delivery is subject to receipt of an approving legal opinion of Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

	DATE OF BONDS: MATURITY:	May 1, 2024 May 1 as follows:					
		Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*
		2026	\$40,000	2033	\$55,000	2040	\$75,000
		2027	45,000	2034	55,000	2041	75,000
		2028	45,000	2035	60,000	2042	80,000
		2029	45,000	2036	60,000	2043	85,000
		2030	50,000	2037	65,000	2044	90,000
		2031	50,000	2038	65,000		
		2032	55,000	2039	70,000		
	*MATURITY	The Villag	e reserves the right	to increase or dec	crease the principal	amount of the Bor	nds on the day
	ADJUSTMENTS:				maximum of \$15,0		
			• •	• •	principal amounts a		ourchase price
			•		e gross spread per \$	51,000.	
	TERM BONDS:		Bond Option" here				
	INTEREST:	•	25 and semiannuall	•			
	OPTIONAL				are subject to call for		
	REDEMPTION:	redemption	•	ereatter, at a pric	e of par plus accrued	1 interest to the da	ite of optional
	MINIMUM BID:	\$1,150,437					
	GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT:			ount of \$23,300 s	hall be made by the	winning hidder by	wire transfer
GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT: A good faith deposit in the amount of \$23,300 shall be made by the winning bidder of funds.						winning blader by	whe transfer
State	PAYING AGENT:	Bond Trust Services Corporation.					
BOND COUNSEL: Quarles & Brady LLP.							
al Of	MUNICIPAL ADVISOR:	-	Associates, Inc.				
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY: See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein (unless otherwise specified by the purchaser"				r)			
.⊆		See DOOK	Entry-Only Syster	in herein (unless	s other wise specified	a by the purchase	· <i>j</i> .



BUILDING COMMUNITIES. IT'S WHAT WE DO.

REPRESENTATIONS

No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the Village to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Preliminary Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Village. *This Preliminary Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Bonds in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction.*

This Preliminary Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the underwriter (Syndicate Manager). Statements contained herein which involve estimates or matters of opinion are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact. Ehlers and Associates, Inc. prepared this Preliminary Official Statement and any addenda thereto relying on information of the Village and other sources for which there is reasonable basis for believing the information is accurate and complete. Bond Counsel has not participated in the preparation of this Preliminary Official Statement and is not expressing any opinion as to the completeness or accuracy of the information contained therein. Compensation of Ehlers and Associates, Inc., payable entirely by the Village, is contingent upon the delivery of the Bonds.

COMPLIANCE WITH S.E.C. RULE 15c2-12

Certain municipal obligations (issued in an aggregate amount over \$1,000,000) are subject to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule").

Preliminary Official Statement: This Preliminary Official Statement was prepared for the Village for dissemination to potential investors. Its primary purpose is to disclose information regarding the Bonds to prospective underwriters in the interest of receiving competitive proposals in accordance with the sale notice contained herein. Unless an addendum is posted prior to the sale, this Preliminary Official Statement shall be deemed nearly final for purposes of the Rule subject to completion, revision and amendment in a Final Official Statement as defined below.

Review Period: This Preliminary Official Statement has been distributed to prospective bidders for review. Comments or requests for the correction of omissions or inaccuracies must be submitted to Ehlers and Associates, Inc. at least two business days prior to the sale. Requests for additional information or corrections in the Preliminary Official Statement received on or before this date will <u>not</u> be considered a qualification of a proposal received from an underwriter. If there are any changes, corrections or additions to the Preliminary Official Statement, interested bidders will be informed by an addendum prior to the sale.

Final Official Statement: Copies of the Final Official Statement will be delivered to the underwriter (Syndicate Manager) within seven business days following the proposal acceptance.

Continuing Disclosure: Subject to certain exemptions, issues in an aggregate amount over \$1,000,000 may be required to comply with provisions of the Rule which require that underwriters obtain from the issuers of municipal securities (or other obligated party) an agreement for the benefit of the owners of the securities to provide continuing disclosure with respect to those securities. This Preliminary Official Statement describes the conditions under which the Village is required to comply with the Rule.

CLOSING CERTIFICATES

Upon delivery of the Bonds, the underwriter (Syndicate Manager) will be furnished with the following items: (1) a certificate of the appropriate officials to the effect that at the time of the sale of the Bonds and all times subsequent thereto up to and including the time of the delivery of the Bonds, this Preliminary Official Statement did not and does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (2) a receipt signed by the appropriate officer evidencing payment for the Bonds; (3) a certificate evidencing the due execution of the Bonds, including statements that (a) no litigation of any nature is pending, or to the knowledge of signers, threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, (b) neither the corporate existence or boundaries of the Village nor the title of the signers to their respective offices is being contested, and (c) no authority or proceedings for the issuance of the Bonds have been repealed, revoked or rescinded; and (4) a certificate setting forth facts and expectations of the Village which indicates that the Village does not expect to use the proceeds of the Bonds in a manner that would cause them to be arbitrage bonds within the meaning of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or within the meaning of applicable Treasury Regulations.

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BID FORM

VILLAGE OF BUTLER VILLAGE BOARD

		Term Expires
Paul Kasdorf	Village Board President	April 2025
Michael Bates	Village Trustee	April 2026
William Benjamin	Village Trustee	April 2025
Mark Holdmann	Village Trustee	April 2025
Brad Meyer	Village Trustee	April 2026
Thomas Sardina	Village Trustee	April 2025
Patricia Tiarks	Village Trustee	April 2026

ADMINISTRATION

Benjamin Hubrich, Village Administrator Padrick Dunn, Assistant Village Administrator/Treasurer

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Paul Alexy, Village Attorney, Waukesha, Wisconsin

Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Ehlers and Associates, Inc., Municipal Advisors, Waukesha, Wisconsin (Other office located in Roseville, Minnesota)

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Preliminary Official Statement contains certain information regarding the Village of Butler, Wisconsin (the "Village") and the issuance of its \$1,165,000* Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds"). The Village Board adopted a resolution on March 19, 2024 (the "Parameters Resolution"), which authorized the Village Administrator or the Village President to accept a bid for the Bonds if the parameters and conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution are met. If the parameters and conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution are met. If the parameters and conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution are met. If the parameters and conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution are met. If the authority to award the sale of the Bonds, and all bids will be rejected.

Inquiries may be directed to Ehlers and Associates, Inc. ("Ehlers" or the "Municipal Advisor"), Waukesha, Wisconsin, (262) 785-1520, the Village's municipal advisor. A copy of this Preliminary Official Statement may be downloaded from Ehlers' web site at <u>www.ehlers-inc.com</u> by connecting to the Bond Sales link and following the directions at the top of the site.

THE BONDS

GENERAL

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form as to both principal and interest in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof, and will be dated, as originally issued, as of May 1, 2024. The Bonds will mature on May 1 in the years and amounts set forth on the cover of this Preliminary Official Statement. Interest will be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2025, to the registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month. Interest will be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from the date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). (See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein.) As long as the Bonds are held under the book-entry system, beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds may be acquired in book-entry form only, and all payments of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds shall be made through the facilities of DTC and its participants. If the book-entry system is terminated, principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds shall be payable as provided in the Parameters Resolution.

The Village has selected Bond Trust Services Corporation, Roseville, Minnesota ("BTSC") to act as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). BTSC and Ehlers are affiliate companies. The Village will pay the charges for Paying Agent services. The Village reserves the right to remove the Paying Agent and to appoint a successor.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

At the option of the Village, the Bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2034 shall be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on May 1, 2033 or on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of optional redemption.

*Preliminary, subject to change.

Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the selection of the amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be at the discretion of the Village. If only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for redemption, then the Village or Paying Agent, if any, will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant's interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interest in such maturity to be redeemed.

Notice of such call shall be given by sending a notice by registered or certified mail, facsimile or electronic transmission, overnight delivery service or in any other manner required by DTC, not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

AUTHORITY; PURPOSE

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Section 66.0621, Wisconsin Statutes, by the Village, to provide funds for the public purpose of paying the cost of additions, improvements and extensions to the Village's Water System (the "Water System").

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES*

Sources		
Par Amount of Bonds	\$1,165,000	
Estimated Interest Earnings	20,364	
Total Sources		\$1,185,364
Uses		
Estimated Underwriter's Discount	\$14,563	
Cost of Issuance	56,100	
Deposit to Reserve Account	94,493	
Deposit to Water System Improvement Fund	1,018,208	
Rounding Amount	2,000	
Total Uses		\$1,185,364

*Preliminary, subject to change.

SECURITY

This section is a summary of security provisions. A detailed explanation of the security provisions is contained in the Parameters Resolution, which is available upon request from Ehlers.

Source of Payment: THE BONDS ARE NOT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS of the Village but are payable only from and secured by a pledge of Net Revenues (as defined below) of the Water System that are pledged to the Special Redemption Fund provided for in the Parameters Resolution.

Rate Covenant: The Village covenants to establish, charge and collect such lawfully established rates and charges for the services provided by the Water System so that Net Revenues (i.e.all income and revenue of the Water System less all costs of operation and maintenance, exclusive of debt service, depreciation, local tax equivalents or capital expenditures) will be at least 1.25 times the amount of principal and interest coming due on all outstanding bonds payable from the income and revenues of the Water System each year.

Additional Bonds Test: The Village reserves the right and privilege to issue additional revenue bonds, from time to time, payable from Water System revenues and ranking on a parity with any outstanding Water System revenue bonds. Before such additional parity bonds are issued, among other things, the Village must demonstrate:

(a) Either (i) The net revenues of the System during the fiscal year next preceding the issuance of such additional revenue bonds were equal to at least 1.25 times the average combined annual amount that will be required in any fiscal year for principal and interest on all outstanding bonds and the bonds then proposed to be issued, or (ii) That for each of the three fiscal years commencing with the fiscal year following that in which the projects financed by the additional bonds are to be completed, the projected net revenues of the Water System will be in an amount not less than 125% of the projected maximum annual debt service on all outstanding bonds payable from the revenues of the Water System and on the bonds then to be issued.

(b) The payments required to be made into the funds and accounts enumerated in the Parameters Resolution (including the Reserve Account, but not the Surplus Fund) must have been made in full.

(c) The bonds to be issued must have principal maturing on May 1 of each year in which principal falls due and interest falling due on May 1 and November 1 of each year.

(d) If the bonds to be issued are to be secured by the Reserve Account, the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account must be increased to an amount as described under Reserve Account below.

(e) The proceeds of the bonds to be issued must be used only for the purpose of providing additions, extensions or improvements to the Water System, or to refund obligations issued for such purpose.

Service to Village: The Village is to pay the reasonable cost and value of any services rendered to the Village by the Water System equal to the lesser of the maximum annual debt service amount or such part thereof as may be necessary from year to year to produce net revenues equivalent to not less than 1.25 times the annual debt service requirements on the Bonds and any other outstanding parity bonds. Such payment by the Village is subject to annual appropriation by the Village Board and other conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution.

Reserve Account: The Village covenants to establish and maintain a Reserve Account in an amount equal to the least of (a) 10% of the stated principal amount of the Bonds (to the extent permitted pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and related regulations (the "Code" and "Regulations"); (b) maximum annual debt service on the Bonds in any bond year; or (c) 125% of average annual debt service on Bonds in any bond year. Upon issuance of the Bonds, an amount equal to the amount set forth in the prior sentence will be deposited into the Reserve Account. If additional bonds which are to be secured by the Reserve Account are issued, the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account shall mean an amount, determined as of the date of issuance of the additional bonds, equal to the least of (a) the amount permitted to be deposited therein from proceeds of the additional bonds pursuant to the Code and Regulations; (b) the maximum annual debt service in any bond year on outstanding obligations secured by the Reserve Account and the additional bonds to be issued; and (c) 125% of average annual debt service on the outstanding obligations secured by the Reserve Account and the additional bonds to be issued; and the additional bonds to be issued, provided, however, that on an ongoing basis it shall never exceed the remaining maximum annual principal and interest due on the outstanding obligations secured by the Reserve Account and the additional bonds to be issued in any bond year.

WATER SYSTEM REVENUE DEBT OUTSTANDING

All outstanding Water System Revenue debt of the Village is listed on the following page.

HISTORIC/PROJECTED WATER SYSTEM DEBT SERVICE COVERAGES

The exhibit on Page 5 presents the three-year historic audited and most recent prior year estimated debt service coverages of the Water System.

Village of Butler, Wisconsin Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness Revenue Debt Secured by Water Revenues (As of 05/01/2024)

Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2024A

Dated Amount Maturity	05/01/202 \$1,165,00 05/01								Available for Debt Service** \$280,174.00
Calendar Year Ending	Principal	Estimated Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total P & I	Principal Outstanding	% Paid	Calendar Year Ending	Coverage
2025	0	75,833	0	75,833	75,833	1,165,000	.00%	2025	3.69
2026	40,000	49,735	40,000	49,735	89,735	1,125,000	3.43%	2026	3.12
2027	45,000	48,004	45,000	48,004	93,004	1,080,000	7.30%	2027	3.01
2028	45,000	46,193	45,000	46,193	91,193	1,035,000	11.16%	2028	3.07
2029	45,000	44,393	45,000	44,393	89,393	990,000	15.02%	2029	3.13
2030	50,000	42,493	50,000	42,493	92,493	940,000	19.31%	2030	3.03
2031	50,000	40,493	50,000	40,493	90,493	890,000	23.61%	2031	3.10
2032	55,000	38,393	55,000	38,393	93,393	835,000	28.33%	2032	3.00
2033	55,000	36,179	55,000	36,179	91,179	780,000	33.05%	2033	3.07
2034	55,000	33,951	55,000	33,951	88,951	725,000	37.77%	2034	3.15
2035	60,000	31,593	60,000	31,593	91,593	665,000	42.92%	2035	3.06
2036	60,000	29,088	60,000	29,088	89,088	605,000	48.07%	2036	3.14
2037	65,000	26,446	65,000	26,446	91,446	540,000	53.65%	2037	3.06
2038	65,000	23,635	65,000	23,635	88,635	475,000	59.23%	2038	3.16
2039	70,000	20,630	70,000	20,630	90,630	405,000	65.24%	2039	3.09
2040	75,000	17,330	75,000	17,330	92,330	330,000	71.67%	2040	3.03
2041	75,000	13,861	75,000	13,861	88,861	255,000	78.11%	2041	3.15
2042	80,000	10,238	80,000	10,238	90,238	175,000	84.98%	2042	3.10
2043	85,000	6,339	85,000	6,339	91,339	90,000	92.27%	2043	3.07
2044	90,000	2,160	90,000	2,160	92,160	0	100.00%	2044	3.04
	1,165,000	636,983	1,165,000	636,983	1,801,983				

2023 projected

Net Revenue Available

* Preliminary, subject to change.

**The debt service coverage ratios included on this page are calculated using 2023 projected Net Revenues. No guarantee can be given that the Net Revenues in future years will be the same as the Net Revenues in 2023 and future Net Revenues may be materially different.

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Village of Butler, Wisconsin

HISTORIC STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

The following table shows the historic comparison of Net Revenues and debt service secured by revenues of the water system for the three year period ending December 31, 2022 and projected for the year ending December 31, 2023.

		1	Audited 2020	A	Audited 2021	A	Audited 2022	P	rojected 2023
Operati	ng Revenues								
	Charges for services	\$	519,598	\$	521,566	\$	596,551	\$	788,908
Total O	perating Revenues	\$	519,598	\$	521,566	\$	596,551	\$	788,908
Operati	ng Expenses								
	Operation and Maintenance	\$	594,878	\$	462,320	\$	473,952	\$	500,302
	Depreciation and Amortization		56,698		59,608		70,279		70,279
	Taxes		6,097		609		8,461		8,564
Total O	perating Expenses	\$	657,673	\$	522,537	\$	552,692	\$	579,145
Operati	ng Income	\$	(138,075)	\$	(971)	\$	43,859	\$	209,763
Plus:	Depreciation and Amortization	\$	56,698	\$	59,608	\$	70,279	\$	70,279
	Interest Income		139		74		132		132
Net Rev	enues Available for Debt Service	\$	(81,238)	\$	58,711	\$	114,270	\$	280,174

DESCRIPTION OF WATER SYSTEM

The Village's Water System is a separate enterprise fund. It operates under service rules established by the Wisconsin Public Service Commission ("WPSC") which regulates the rates charged. The Water System, established in 1965 is governed by the Village Board ("Board"), which consists of seven members elected by the voters of the Village. The Board is the policy making body of the Water System, overseeing all projects and programs, reviewing and approving the budget, and determining Water System projects.

The Water System consists of an underground water reservoir and water tower with electric pumping equipment and a water distribution system. The Village purchases and pumps water in from the City of Milwaukee. The reservoir has an actual capacity of 400,000 gallons and the water tower has an actual capacity of 300,000 gallons. The maximum gallons pumped in any one day during 2023 was 438,000 gallons and the minimum gallons pumped in any one day was 167,000 gallons.

The Water System includes other related appurtenances including 13 miles of various types of water mains ranging from 6"-12"in diameter; 800 utility-owned meters; and 141 fire hydrants.

History of Water Customers

Year	Residential	Commercial	Public Authority ¹	Industrial	Total
2019	529	251	3	10	793
2020	531	251	3	10	795
2021	531	251	3	10	795
2022	538	254	2	10	804
2023	532	220	6	9	767

Source: WPSC Annual Reports (2019-2022) and the Village (2023).

History of Water Billings by Customer Type

Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Public Authority ²	Total Billings ³
2019	\$113,269	\$106,144	\$112,960	\$130,988	\$463,361
2020	144,351	97,281	130,405	129,855	501,892
2021	130,704	107,606	134,707	19,774	392,791
2022	148,767	116,307	166,150	20,960	452,184
2023	214,770	139,629	206,468	54,612	615,479

Source: WPSC Annual Reports (2019-2022) and the Village (2023).

¹Does not include public or private fire protection services.

²Includes public fire protection services.

³On July 29, 2022, a final overall rate change authorized a 44.24% increase over current rates. On June 1, 2023 a purchased water adjustment clause was approved to reflect an increase or decrease in the rates charged by the Village's wholesale water supplier only when the wholesaler's rates are adjusted through the conventional rate case process.

History of Water Sales

Year	No. of Customers ¹	Gallons Sold (in 000's) ²	Total Billings ³
2019	793	86,798	\$463,361
2020	795	89,281	501,892
2021	795	87,429	392,791
2022	804	95,475	452,184
2023	767	90,188	615,479

Source: WPSC Annual Reports (2019-2022) and the Village (2023).

2023 Larger Water Customers

 Total 2023 Gallons Sold:
 90,188,477

 Total 2023 Billings³:
 \$615,479

Customer	Gallons Sold	Billings ³	% of Total Billings
Cargill (Wis-Pak Foods)	34,401,240	\$144,755	23.52%
Packerland Rent-a-Mat	8,340,000	35,778	5.81%
WHPC-Hampton Regency	2,606,014	12,724	2.07%
Butler Square	1,986,882	9,769	1.59%
4983 Butler LLC	1,860,000	8,996	1.46%
Molded Rubber & Plastics	1,839,600	6,638	1.08%
Butler Washing Well	1,228,865	6,196	1.01%
Western States Envelope	950,000	4,986	0.81%
Hampton Condo Association	870,104	4,901	0.80%
St. Agnes Parish	714,560	4,128	0.67%

¹Does not include fire protection services

²Includes all charges, including fire protection services.

³Includes all charges, except private fire protection services.

Water Rates and Charges

Rates and charges for the Water System are subject to approval by the Wisconsin Public Service Commission. The following quarterly water rates was adopted March 26, 2023 and became effective June 1, 2023.

Quarterly Service Charge:						
5/8	inch meter \$ 36.04	3	inch meter \$ 189.21			
3/4	inch meter 36.04	4	inch meter 285.31			
1	inch meter 51.06	6	inch meter 525.58			
1 1/4	inch meter 66.07	8	inch meter 810.89			
1 1/2	inch meter 81.09	10	inch meter 1,141.25			
2	inch meter 120.13	12	inch meter 1,501.65			
Plus Volume Charge:						
	First 35,000 gallons used each quarter	\$ 5.59	per 1,000 gallons			
	Next 165,000 gallons used each quarter	\$ 4.84	per 1,000 gallons			
	Next 300,000 gallons used each quarter	\$ 4.59	per 1,000 gallons			
	Over 500,000 gallons used each quarter		per 1,000 gallons			
Plus Public Fire Protection Service:						
5/8	inch meter \$ 11.85	3	inch meter \$ 177.00			
3/4	inch meter 11.85	4	inch meter 297.00			
1	inch meter 30.00	6	inch meter 591.00			
1 1/4	inch meter 42.00	8	inch meter 948.00			
1 1/2	inch meter 60.00	10	inch meter 1,422.00			
2	inch meter 93.00	12	inch meter 1,890.00			

Average Bill for Residential Service in 2023

Avg. Quarterly Usage in Gallons	Avg. Quarterly Bill
10,185	\$100.93

Bills for water service are rendered quarterly and become due and payable upon issuance following the period for which service is rendered. A late payment charge of 1 percent per month will be added to bills not paid within 20 days of issuance. This late payment charge will be applied to the total unpaid balance for utility service, including unpaid late payment charges. The late payment charge is applicable to all customers. The utility customer may be given a written notice that the bill is overdue no sooner than 20 days after the bill is issued. Unless payment or satisfactory arrangement for payment is made within the next 10 days, service may be disconnected pursuant to Chapter PSC 185, Wisconsin Adm. Code.

RATING

None of the outstanding Water System revenue indebtedness of the Village is currently rated, and the Village has not requested a rating on the Bonds. A rating for the Bonds may not be requested without contacting Ehlers and receiving the permission of the Village.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist brokers, dealers, and municipal securities dealers, in connection with their participation in the offering of the Bonds, to comply with Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"), the Village shall agree to provide certain information to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system, or any system that may be prescribed in the future. The Rule was last amended, effective February 27, 2019, to include an expanded list of material events. The Disclosure Undertaking includes the two new material events effective February 27, 2019 under the Rule.

On the date of issue and delivery of the Bonds, the Village shall execute and deliver a Continuing Disclosure Certificate, under which the Village will covenant for the benefit of holders including beneficial holders, to provide electronically, or in a manner otherwise prescribed, certain financial information annually and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule (the "Disclosure Undertaking"). The details and terms of the Disclosure Undertaking for the Village are set forth in Appendix D. Such Disclosure Undertaking will be in substantially the form attached hereto.

A failure by the Village to comply with the Disclosure Undertaking will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. However, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

In the previous five years, the Village believes it has not failed to comply in all material respects with its prior undertakings under the Rule. The Village has reviewed its continuing disclosure responsibilities, including the two new material events, to help ensure compliance in the future. Ehlers is currently engaged as dissemination agent for the Village.

LEGAL OPINION

An opinion as to the validity of the Bonds and the exemption from federal taxation of the interest thereon will be furnished by Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel to the Village ("Bond Counsel"), and will be available at the time of delivery of the Bonds. The legal opinion will be issued on the basis of existing law and will state that the Bonds are valid and binding special obligations of the Village; provided that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles (which may be applied in either a legal or equitable proceeding).

STATEMENT REGARDING COUNSEL PARTICIPATION

Bond Counsel has not assumed responsibility for the Preliminary Official Statement or participated in its preparation (except with respect to the section entitled "TAX EXEMPTION" in the Preliminary Official Statement and the "FORM OF LEGAL OPINION" found in Appendix B of the Preliminary Official Statement).

TAX EXEMPTION

Quarles & Brady LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Bond Counsel, will deliver a legal opinion with respect to the federal income tax exemption applicable to the interest on the Bonds under existing law substantially in the following form:

"The interest on the Bonds is excludable for federal income tax purposes from the gross income of the owners of the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal

alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") on individuals; however, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code). The Code contains requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for interest on the Bonds to be or continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of those requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The Village has agreed to comply with all of those requirements. The opinion set forth in the first sentence of this paragraph is subject to the condition that the Village comply with those requirements. We express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds."

The interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers. Bond Counsel will not express any opinion as to such collateral tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to collateral federal income tax consequences.

From time to time legislation is proposed, and there are or may be legislative proposals pending in the Congress of the United States that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether, or in what form, any proposal that could alter one or more of the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Bonds may be enacted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT

To the extent that the initial public offering price of certain of the Bonds is less than the principal amount payable at maturity, such Bonds ("Discounted Bonds") will be considered to be issued with original issue discount. The original issue discount is the excess of the stated redemption price at maturity of a Discounted Bond over the initial offering price to the public, excluding underwriters or other intermediaries, at which price a substantial amount of such Discounted Bonds were sold (issue price). With respect to a taxpayer who purchases a Discounted Bond in the initial public offering at the issue price and who holds such Discounted Bond to maturity, the full amount of original issue discount will constitute interest that is not includible in the gross income of the owner of such Discounted Bond for federal income tax purposes and such owner will not, subject to the caveats and provisions herein described, realize taxable capital gain upon payment of such Discounted Bond upon maturity.

Original issue discount is treated as compounding semiannually, at a rate determined by reference to the yield to maturity of each individual Discounted Bond, on days that are determined by reference to the maturity date of such Discounted Bond. The amount treated as original issue discount on a Discounted Bond for a particular semiannual accrual period is generally equal to (a) the product of (i) the yield to maturity for such Discounted Bond (determined by compounding at the close of each accrual period) and (ii) the amount that would have been the tax basis of such Discounted Bond at the beginning of the particular accrual period if held by the original purchaser; and less (b) the amount of any interest payable for such Discounted Bond during the accrual period. The tax basis is determined by adding to the initial public offering price on such Discounted Bond the sum of the amounts that have been treated as original issue discount for such purposes during all prior periods. If a Discounted Bond is sold or exchanged between semiannual compounding dates, original issue discount that would have been accrued for that semiannual compounding period.

For federal income tax purposes, the amount of original issue discount that is treated as having accrued with respect to such Discounted Bond is added to the cost basis of the owner in determining gain or loss upon disposition of a Discounted Bond (including its sale, exchange, redemption, or payment at maturity). Amounts received upon disposition of a Discounted Bond that are attributable to accrued original issue discount will be treated as tax-exempt interest, rather than as taxable gain.

The accrual or receipt of original issue discount on the Discounted Bonds may result in certain collateral federal income tax consequences for the owners of such Discounted Bonds. The extent of these collateral tax consequences will depend upon the owner's particular tax status and other items of income or deduction.

The Code contains additional provisions relating to the accrual of original issue discount. Owners who purchase Discounted Bonds at a price other than the issue price or who purchase such Discounted Bonds in the secondary market should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of owning the Discounted Bonds. Under the applicable provisions governing the determination of state and local taxes, accrued interest on the Discounted Bonds may be deemed to be received in the year of accrual even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment until a later year. Owners of Discounted Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning the Discounted Bonds.

BOND PREMIUM

To the extent that the initial offering price of certain of the Bonds is more than the principal amount payable at maturity, such Bonds ("Premium Bonds") will be considered to have bond premium.

Any Premium Bond purchased in the initial offering at the issue price will have "amortizable bond premium" within the meaning of Section 171 of the Code. The amortizable bond premium of each Premium Bond is calculated on a daily basis from the issue date of such Premium Bond until its stated maturity date (or call date, if any) on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded at each accrual period (with straight line interpolation between the compounding dates). An owner of a Premium Bond that has amortizable bond premium is not allowed any deduction for the amortizable bond premium; rather the amortizable bond premium attributable to a taxable year is applied against (and operates to reduce) the amount of tax-exempt interest payments on the Premium Bonds. During each taxable year, such an owner must reduce his or her tax basis in such Premium Bond by the amount of the amortizable bond premium that is allocable to the portion of such taxable year during which the holder held such Premium Bond. The adjusted tax basis in a Premium Bond will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon a disposition (including the sale, exchange, redemption, or payment at maturity) of such Premium Bond.

Owners of Premium Bonds who did not purchase such Premium Bonds in the initial offering at the issue price should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of owning such Premium Bonds. Owners of Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning the Premium Bonds.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The Bonds shall be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code relating to the ability of financial institutions to deduct from income for federal income tax purposes, interest expense that is allocable to carrying and acquiring tax-exempt obligations.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Ehlers has served as municipal advisor to the Village in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor cannot participate in the underwriting of the Bonds. The financial information included in this Preliminary Official Statement has been compiled by the Municipal Advisor. Such information does not purport to be a review, audit or certified forecast of future events and may not conform with accounting principles applicable to compilations of financial information. Ehlers is not a firm of certified public accountants. Ehlers is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the MSRB as a municipal advisor. Ehlers makes no representation, warranty or guarantee regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information in this Preliminary Official Statement, and its assistance in preparing this Preliminary Official Statement should not be construed as a representation that it has independently verified such information.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR AFFILIATED COMPANIES

BTSC and Ehlers Investment Partners, LLC ("EIP") are affiliate companies of Ehlers. BTSC is chartered by the State of Minnesota and authorized in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Colorado, and Illinois to transact the business of a limited purpose trust company. BTSC provides paying agent services to debt issuers. EIP is a Registered Investment Advisor with the Securities and Exchange Commission. EIP assists issuers with the investment of bond proceeds or investing other issuer funds. This includes escrow bidding agent services. Issuers, such as the Village, have retained or may retain BTSC and/or EIP to provide these services. If hired, BTSC and/or EIP would be retained by the Village under an agreement separate from Ehlers.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The basic financial statements of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 have been audited by Baker Tilly US, LLP, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, independent auditors (the "Auditor"). The report of the Auditor, together with the basic financial statements, component units financial statements, and notes to the financial statements are attached hereto as "APPENDIX A – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS". The Auditor has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. The Auditor also has not performed any procedures relating to this Preliminary Official Statement.

RISK FACTORS

The following is a description of possible risks to holders of the Bonds without weighting as to probability. This description of risks is not intended to be all-inclusive, and there may be other risks not now perceived or listed here.

System Revenues: Should rates set be inadequate to cover expenses, an unusual number of delinquencies occur, or a major breakdown or other disaster cause the Water System to be inoperable, a shortfall of revenues could result in a delay of debt payments.

Larger Users: Should larger users increase or decrease usage of the water service currently provided, the revenues of the Water System will be affected proportionately.

Interest Rates: In the future, interest rates for this type of obligation may rise generally, possibly resulting in a reduction in the value of the Bonds for resale prior to maturity.

Tax Exemption: If the federal government taxes all or a portion of the interest on municipal bonds or notes or if the State government increases its tax on interest on bonds and notes, directly or indirectly, or if there is a change in federal or state tax policy, then the value of these Bonds may fall for purposes of resale. Noncompliance by the

Village with the covenants in the Parameters Resolution relating to certain continuing requirements of the Code may result in inclusion of interest to be paid on the Bonds in gross income of the recipient for United States income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance.

Continuing Disclosure: A failure by the Village to comply with the Disclosure Undertaking for continuing disclosure (see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE") will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. Any such failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer, or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

Book-Entry-Only System: The timely credit of payments for principal and interest on the Bonds to the accounts of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may be delayed due to the customary practices, standing instructions or for other unknown reasons by DTC participants or indirect participants. Since the notice of redemption or other notices to holders of these obligations will be delivered by the Village to DTC only, there may be a delay or failure by DTC, DTC participants or indirect participants to notify the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

Depository Risk: Wisconsin Statutes direct the local treasurer to immediately deposit upon receipt thereof, the funds of the municipality in a public depository designated by the governing body. A public depository means a federal or state credit union, federal or state savings and loan association, state bank, savings and trust company, mutual savings bank or national bank in Wisconsin or the local government pooled investment fund operated by the State Investment Board. It is not uncommon for a municipality to have deposits exceeding limits of federal and state insurance programs. Failure of a depository could result in loss of public funds or a delay in obtaining them. Such a loss or delay could interrupt a timely payment of municipal debt.

Economy: A combination of economic, climatic, political or civil disruptions or terrorist actions outside of the control of the Village, including loss of major taxpayers or major employers, could affect the local economy and result in reduced tax collections and/or increased demands upon local government. Real or perceived threats to the financial stability of the Village may have an adverse effect on the value of the Bonds in the secondary market.

Secondary Market for the Bonds: No assurance can be given that a secondary market will develop for the purchase and sale of the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. The underwriters are not obligated to engage in secondary market trading or to repurchase any of the Bonds at the request of the owners thereof. Prices of the Bonds as traded in the secondary market are subject to adjustment upward and downward in response to changes in the credit markets and other prevailing circumstances. No guarantee exists as to the future market value of the Bonds. Such market value could be substantially different from the original purchase price.

Bankruptcy: The rights and remedies of the holders may be limited by and are subject to the provisions of federal bankruptcy laws, to other laws, or equitable principles that may affect the enforcement of creditors' rights, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to limitations on legal remedies against local governments. The opinion of Bond Counsel to be delivered with respect to the Bonds will be similarly qualified. See "MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY" herein.

Cybersecurity: The Village is dependent on electronic information technology systems to deliver services. These systems may contain sensitive information or support critical operational functions which may have value for unauthorized purposes. As a result, the electronic systems and networks may be targets of cyberattack. There can be no assurance that the Village will not experience an information technology breach or attack with financial consequences that could have a material adverse impact.

The foregoing is intended only as a summary of certain risk factors attendant to an investment in the Bonds. In order for potential investors to identify risk factors and make an informed investment decision, potential investors should be thoroughly familiar with this entire Official Statement and the Appendices hereto.

VALUATIONS

WISCONSIN PROPERTY VALUATIONS; PROPERTY TAXES

Equalized Value

Section 70.57, Wisconsin Statutes, requires the Department of Revenue to annually determine the equalized value (also referred to as full equalized value or aggregate full value) of all taxable property in each county and taxation district. The equalized value is an independent estimate of value used to equate individual local assessment policies so that property taxes are uniform throughout the various subdivisions in the State. Equalized value is calculated based on the history of comparable sales and information about value changes or taxing status provided by the local assessor. A comparison of the State-determined equalized value and the local assessed value, expressed as a percentage, is known as the assessment ratio or level of assessment. The Department of Revenue notifies each county and taxing jurisdiction of its equalized value on August 15; school districts are notified on October 1. The equalized value of each county is the sum of the valuations of all cities, villages, and towns within its boundaries. Taxing jurisdictions lying in more than one municipality, such as counties, school districts, or special taxing districts, use the equalized value of the underlying units in calculating and levying their respective levies. Equalized values are also used to apportion state aids and calculate municipal general obligation debt limits.

Assessed Value

The "assessed value" of taxable property in a municipality is determined by the local assessor, except for manufacturing properties which are valued by the State. Each city, village or town retains its own local assessor, who must be certified by the State Department of Revenue. Assessed value is used by these municipalities to determine tax levy mill rates and to apportion levies among individual property owners. Each taxing district must assess property at full value at least once in every five-year period. The State requires that the assessed values must be within 10% of State equalized values at least once every four years. The local assessor values property as of January 1 each year and submits those values to each municipality by the second Monday in June. The assessor also reports any value changes taking place since the previous year, to the Department of Revenue, by the second Monday in June.

CURRENT PROPERTY VALUATIONS

2023 Equalized Value

2023 Assessed Value

\$342,945,300 \$251,142,450

2023 EQUALIZED VALUE BY CLASSIFICATION

	2023 Equalized Value	Percent of Total Equalized Value
Residential	\$134,667,100	39.268%
Commercial	152,290,900	44.407%
Manufacturing	34,910,000	10.179%
Personal Property	21,077,300	6.146%
Total	\$342,945,300	100.000%

TREND OF VALUATIONS

Year	Assessed Value	Equalized Value ¹	Percent Increase/Decrease in Equalized Value
2019	\$251,291,400	\$247,158,600	-4.18%
2020	251,267,310	254,259,700	2.87%
2021	253,751,880	272,554,800	7.20%
2022	249,492,680	308,207,100	13.08%
2023	251,142,450	342,945,300	11.27%

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Equalization and Local Government Services Bureau.

LARGER TAXPAYERS

TaxpayerType of Business/Property		2023 Equalized Value ¹	Percent of Village's Total Equalized Value				
Sreit North 132nd LLC	Multi-tenant/Commercial	\$10,241,541	2.99%				
Hampton Regency	Multi-Family Residential	7,647,017	2.23%				
WIS-Pack Foods (Cargill)	Food Processing	6,998,250	2.04%				
Milwaukee Insulation	Commercial	6,295,134	1.84%				
Western States Envelope	Paper Manufacturer	6,054,799	1.77%				
Lafayette Building, LLC	Multi-tenant/Commercial	4,779,386	1.39%				
Butler Square	Multi-Family Residential	4,544,513	1.33%				
Reis Graphics	Commercial Printing	2,780,510	0.81%				
Goodyear Commercial Tire	Commercial Tire & Service	2,560,385	0.75%				
Kwik Trip	Gas Station	2,493,337	0.73%				
Total		\$54,394,872	15.86%				
Village's Total 2023 Equalized	Value ²	\$342,945,300					
Source: The Village.							

¹Calculated by dividing the 2023 Assessed Values by the 2023 Aggregate Ratio of assessment for the Village.

²Includes tax increment valuation.

DEBT

DIRECT DEBT¹

General Obligation Debt (see schedules following)

Total General Obligation Debt

Revenue Debt (see schedules following)

\$7,370,101

Total revenue debt secured by water revenues (includes the Bonds, see page 4)* \$1,165,000

*Preliminary, subject to change.

DEBT PAYMENT HISTORY

The Village has no record of default in the payment of principal and interest on its debt.

FUTURE FINANCING

The Village anticipates borrowing approximately \$577,198 through a State Trust Fund Loan in May 2024. Aside from the preceding, the Village currently does not plan to issue any additional debt within the next 12 months.

DEBT LIMIT

The constitutional and statutory general obligation debt limit for Wisconsin municipalities, including towns, cities, villages, and counties (Article XI, Section 3 of the Wisconsin Constitution and Section 67.03, Wisconsin Statutes) is 5% of the current equalized value.

Equalized Value	\$342,945,300
Multiply by 5%	0.05
Statutory Debt Limit	\$17,147,265
Less: General Obligation Debt	(7,370,101)
Unused Debt Limit	\$9,777,164

¹Outstanding debt is as of the dated date of the Bonds.

Village of Butler, Wisconsin Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Secured by Taxes (As of 05/01/2024)

	Corporate Purpo Series 201		Corporate Purpo Series 201		Street Improveme Series 201		Corporate Purpo Series 201		Corporate Purpos Series 2020	
Dated	02/09/201	16	03/30/202	17	04/19/201	.8	04/25/2019		04/02/2020	
Amount	\$1,060,00	00	\$1,085,00	00	\$1,090,00	0	\$1,400,00	0	\$1,465,00	0
Maturity	02/01		02/01		02/01		02/01		02/01	- 1
Calendar Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	0	9,750	0	12,456	0	13,838	0	15,206	0	12,964
2025	45,000	18,825	50,000	24,163	60,000	26,850	60,000	29,738	70,000	25,403
2026	50,000	17,400	50,000	22,663	60,000	25,200	65,000	28,331	70,000	24,283
2027	50,000	15,900	50,000	21,163	60,000	23,475	65,000	26,625	70,000	23,093
2028	50,000	14,400	55,000	19,588	60,000	21,675	70,000	24,600	70,000	21,903
2029	55,000	12,825	55,000	17,938	50,000	20,025	70,000	22,500	75,000	20,558
2030	55,000	11,175	55,000	16,288	60,000	18,300	75,000	20,325	75,000	19,058
2031	55,000	9,525	60,000	14,488	60,000	16,350	75,000	18,075	75,000	17,558
2032	60,000	7,800	60,000	12,538	60,000	14,400	80,000	15,750	75,000	15,983
2033	60,000	6,000	65,000	10,506	60,000	12,375	80,000	13,350	75,000	14,333
2034	65,000	4,125	65,000	8,313	60,000	10,275	85,000	10,875	75,000	12,683
2035	65,000	2,175	65,000	6,038	60,000	8,175	85,000	8,325	75,000	10,939
2036	40,000	600	65,000	3,763	65,000	5,906	85,000	5,775	75,000	9,101
2037			75,000	1,313	65,000	3,469	80,000	3,300	75,000	7,264
2038					60,000	1,125	70,000	1,050	80,000	5,265
2039									80,000	3,105
2040									75,000	1,013
2041 2042										- 1
	650,000	130,500	770,000	191,213	840,000	221,438	1,045,000	243,825	1,190,000	244,500

--Continued on next page

Village of Butler, Wisconsin Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness continued General Obligation Debt Secured by Taxes (As of 05/01/2024)

	Promissory No Series 2020		Corporate Purpo Series 202		Corporate Purpos Series 2022							
Dated Amount	12/01/2020		03/25/202		02/02/202							
Amount	\$250,000		\$1,680,00	0	\$1,425,00	0						
Maturity	12/01		02/01		02/01							
Calendar Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total P & I	Principal Outstanding	% Paid	Calendar Year Ending
2024	24,233	3,584	0	14,000	0	13,810	24,233	95,608	119,841	7,345,868	.33%	2024
2025	24,235	3,102	90,000	27,100	70,000	27,200	469,715	182,379	652,095	6,876,153	6.70%	2025
2026	25,207	2,610	90,000	25,300	40,000	26,540	450,207	172,326	622,533	6,425,946	12.81%	2026
2027	25,709	2,108	95,000	23,450	40,000	26,000	455,709	161,813	617,522	5,970,237	18.99%	2027
2028	26,220	1,597	90,000	21,600	55,000	25,288	476,220	150,649	626,870	5,494,016	25.46%	2028
2029	26,742	1,075	75,000	19,950	50,000	24,500	456,742	139,370	596,112	5,037,274	31.65%	2029
2030	27,274	543	65,000	18,550	55,000	23,300	467,274	127,538	594,812	4,570,000	37.99%	2030
2031			75,000	17,150	70,000	21,425	470,000	114,570	584,570	4,100,000	44.37%	2031
2032			75,000	15,650	75,000	19,250	485,000	101,370	586,370	3,615,000	50.95%	2032
2033			75,000	14,150	75,000	17,375	490,000	88,089	578,089	3,125,000	57.60%	2033
2034			65,000	12,750	75,000	15,875	490,000	74,895	564,895	2,635,000	64.25%	2034
2035			75,000	11,350	75,000	14,375	500,000	61,376	561,376	2,135,000	71.03%	2035
2036			85,000	9,750	80,000	12,785	495,000	47,680	542,680	1,640,000	77.75%	2036
2037			90,000	8,000	90,000	11,000	475,000	34,345	509,345	1,165,000	84.19%	2037
2038			90,000	6,200	90,000	9,110	390,000	22,750	412,750	775,000	89.48%	2038
2039			90,000	4,400	90,000	7,130	260,000	14,635	274,635	515,000	93.01%	2039
2040			95,000	2,550	95,000	5,003	265,000	8,565	273,565	250,000	96.61%	2040
2041			80,000	800	95,000	2,818	175,000	3,618	178,618	75,000	98.98%	2041
2042					75,000	863	75,000	863	75,863	0	100.00%	2042
	180,101	14,618	1,400,000	252,700	1,295,000	303,645	7,370,101	1,602,438	8,972,540			

OVERLAPPING DEBT¹

Taxing District	Equalized Value ²	% In Village	Total G.O. Debt ³	Village's Proportionate Share
Waukesha County	\$84,956,236,000	0.4037%	\$66,315,000	\$267,714
Waukesha County Technical College	86,973,761,741	0.3943%	11,580,000	45,660
School District of Menomonee Falls	6,056,551,537	1.3633%	29,970,000	408,581
Hamilton School District	5,750,131,717	4.5282%	39,360,000	1,782,300
Village's Share of Total Overlapping Debt				\$2,504,254
DEBT RATIOS				
	G.O. 1	Debt	Debt/Equalized Value \$342,945,300	Debt/ Per Capita 1,766 ⁴
Total General Obligation Debt	\$7,37	0,101	2.15%	\$4,173.33
Village's Share of Total Overlapping Debt	2,50	4,254	0.73%	\$1,418.04
Total	\$9,87	4,355	2.88%	\$5,591.37

¹Overlapping debt is as of the dated date of the Bonds. Only those taxing jurisdictions with general obligation debt outstanding are included in this section.

²Includes tax increment valuation.

³Outstanding debt based on information obtained on EMMA and the Municipal Advisor's records.

⁴Estimated 2023 population.

TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Tax Year	Levy for Village Purposes Only	% Collected	Levy/Equalized Value Reduced by Tax Increment Valuation in Dollars per \$1,000
2019/20	\$2,031,542	100%	\$8.22
2020/21	2,033,540	100%	8.00
2021/22	2,231,405	100%	8.19
2022/23	2,356,465	100%	7.65
2023/24	2,462,282	In Process	7.18

TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Property tax statements are distributed to taxpayers by the town, village, and city treasurers in December of the levy year. Current state law requires counties to pay 100% of the real property taxes levied to cities, villages, towns, school districts and other taxing entities on or about August 20 of the collection year.

Personal property taxes, special assessments, special charges and special taxes must be paid to the town, city or village treasurer in full by January 31, unless the municipality, by ordinance, permits special assessments to be paid in installments. Real property taxes must be paid in full by January 31 or in two equal installments by January 31 and July 31. Alternatively, municipalities may adopt a payment plan which permits real property taxes to be paid in three or more equal installments, provided that the first installment is paid by January 31, one-half of the taxes are paid by April 30 and the remainder is paid by July 31. Amounts paid on or before January 31 are paid to the town, city or village treasurer. Amounts paid after January 31, are paid to the county treasurer unless the municipality has authorized payment in three or more installments in which case payment is made to the town, city or village treasurer. On or before January 15 and February 20 the town, city or village treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for all collections through December and January, respectively. In municipalities which have authorized the payment of real property taxes in three or more installments, the town, city or village treasurer settles with the other taxing jurisdictions on January 15, February 20 and on the fifteenth day of each month following the month in which an installment payment is required. On or before August 20, the county treasurer must settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all real property taxes and special taxes. Any county board may authorize its county treasurer to also settle in full with the underlying taxing districts for all special assessments and special charges. The county may then recover any tax delinquencies by enforcing the lien on the property and retain any penalties or interest on the delinquencies for which it has settled. Uncollected personal property taxes owed by an entity that has ceased operations or filed a petition for bankruptcy, or are due on personal property that has been removed from the next assessment roll are collected from each taxing entity in the year following the levy year. The personal property tax has been repealed, starting with the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2024. Beginning in 2025, the personal property tax has been replaced with a payment from the State intended to replace the amount of property taxes imposed on personal property for the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2023.

PROPERTY TAX RATES

Year Levied/ Year Collected	Schools ¹	County	Local	Total
2019/20	\$9.56	\$1.82	\$8.22	\$19.60
2020/21	9.04	1.76	8.00	18.80
2021/22	8.30	1.68	8.19	18.17
2022/23	7.98	1.53	7.65	17.16
2023/24	7.16	1.39	7.18	15.73

Full value rates for property taxes expressed in dollars per \$1,000 of equalized value (excluding tax increment valuation) that have been collected in recent years have been as follows:

Source: Property Tax Rates were extracted from Statement of Taxes prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Division of State and Local Finance.

LEVY LIMITS

Section 66.0602 of the Wisconsin Statutes, imposes a limit on property tax levies by cities, villages, towns and counties. No city, village, town or county is permitted to increase its tax levy by a percentage that exceeds its valuation factor (which is defined as a percentage equal to the greater of either the percentage change in the political subdivision's January 1 equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed between the previous year and the current or zero percent; for a tax incremental district created after December 31, 2024, the valuation factor includes 90% of the equalized value increase due to new construction that is located in a tax incremental district, but does not include any improvements removed in a tax incremental district). The base amount in any year to which the levy limit applies is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year. In 2018, and in each year thereafter, the base amount is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year plus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes (an amount equal to the property taxes formerly levied on certain items of personal property), and the levy limit is the base amount multiplied by the valuation factor, minus the amount of the payment from the State under Section 79.096 of the Wisconsin Statutes states. This levy limitation is an overall limit, applying to levies for operations as well as for other purposes.

A political subdivision that did not levy its full allowable levy in the prior year can carry forward the difference between the allowable levy and the actual levy, up to a maximum of 1.5% of the prior year's actual levy. The use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (except in the case of towns) if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% and by a super majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body (three-quarters vote if the governing body is comprised of five or more members, two-thirds vote if the governing body is comprised of fewer than five members) (except in the case of towns) if the amount of the carry forward levy adjustment is greater than 0.5% up to the maximum increase of 1.5%. For towns, the use of the carry forward levy adjustment needs to be approved by a majority vote of the annual town meeting or special town meeting after the town board has adopted a resolution in favor of the adjustment by a majority vote if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% or by two-thirds vote or more if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5% or by two-thirds vote or more if the amount of carry forward levy adjustment is less than or equal to 0.5%.

Beginning with levies imposed in 2015, if a political subdivision does not make an adjustment in its levy as described in the above paragraph in the current year, the political subdivision may increase its levy by the aggregate amount

¹The Schools tax rate reflects the composite rate of all local school districts and technical college district.

of the differences between the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year and the actual percent increase in a political subdivision's levy attributable to the political subdivision's valuation factor in the previous year, for the five years before the current year, less any amount of such aggregate amount already claimed as an adjustment in any of the previous five years. The calculation of the aggregate amount available for such adjustment may not include any year before 2014, and the maximum adjustment allowed may not exceed 5%. The use of the adjustment described in this paragraph requires approval by a two-thirds vote of the political subdivision's governing body, and the adjustment may only be used if the political subdivision's level of outstanding general obligation debt in the previous year.

Special provisions are made with respect to property taxes levied to pay general obligation debt service. Those are described below. In addition, the statute provides for certain other adjustments to and exclusions from the tax levy limit. Among the exclusions, Section 66.0602(3)(e)5. of the Wisconsin Statutes provides that the levy limit does not apply to "the amount that a political subdivision levies in that year to make up any revenue shortfall for the debt service on a revenue bond issued under Section 66.0621 by that political subdivision." Recent positions taken by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue ("DOR") call into question the availability of this exception if the revenue shortfall is planned or ongoing. To date, such DOR positions have not been expressed formally in a declaratory ruling under Section 227.41(5)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes, nor have they been the subject of any court challenge or resulting court ruling.

With respect to general obligation debt service, the following provisions are made:

(a) If a political subdivision's levy for the payment of general obligation debt service, including debt service on debt issued or reissued to fund or refund outstanding obligations of the political subdivision and interest on outstanding obligations of the political subdivision, on debt originally issued before July 1, 2005, is less in the current year than in the previous year, the political subdivision is required to reduce its levy limit in the current year by the amount of the difference between the previous year's levy and the current year's levy.

(b) For obligations authorized before July 1, 2005, if the amount of debt service in the preceding year is less than the amount of debt service needed in the current year, the levy limit is increased by the difference between the two amounts. This adjustment is based on scheduled debt service rather than the amount actually levied for debt service (after taking into account offsetting revenues such as sales tax revenues, special assessments, utility revenues, tax increment revenues or surplus funds). Therefore, the levy limit could negatively impact political subdivisions that experience a reduction in offsetting revenues.

(c) The levy limits do not apply to property taxes levied to pay debt service on general obligation debt authorized on or after July 1, 2005.

With respect to revenue bonds issued pursuant to Section 66.0621, Wis. Stats., such as the Bonds, any taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds because of a revenue shortfall may be excluded from the levy limits.

REVENUE FROM THE STATE

In addition to local property taxes described above, a number of state programs exist which provide revenue to the Village. One such program is commonly known as shared revenue which, pursuant to sec. 79.036, Wis. Stats., provides funding to the Village that can be used for any public purpose. 2023 Wisconsin Act 12 ("Act 12") created a supplement to shared revenue, with payments to the Village beginning in 2024. This supplemental shared revenue may be used only for the purposes specified in section 79.037, Wis. Stats. In 2024, the Village is expected to receive approximately \$86,000 in shared revenue and supplemental shared revenue from the State, an increase from the approximately \$26,000 received in 2023. In future years, the amount of supplemental shared revenue could grow if State sales tax collections grow.

THE ISSUER

VILLAGE GOVERNMENT

The Village was incorporated in 1913 and is governed by a seven-member Village Board, of which the Village President is a voting member. All are elected to two-year terms. The appointed Village Administrator and Assistant Village Administrator/Treasurer are responsible for administrative details and financial records.

EMPLOYEES; PENSIONS

The Village employs a staff of 16 full-time and 8 part-time employees. All eligible employees in the Village are covered under the Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") established under Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes ("Chapter 40"). The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF") administers the WRS. Required contributions to the WRS are determined by the ETF Board pursuant to an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 and the ETF's funding policies. The ETF Board has stated that its funding policy is to (i) ensure funds are adequate to pay benefits; (ii) maintain stable and predictable contribution rates for employers and employees; and (iii) maintain inter-generational equity to ensure the cost of the benefits is paid for by the generation that receives the benefits.

Village employees are generally required to contribute half of the actuarially determined contributions, and the Village generally may not pay the employees' required contribution. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 ("Fiscal Year 2020"), the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 ("Fiscal Year 2021") and the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 ("Fiscal Year 2022"), the Village's portion of contributions to WRS (not including any employee contributions) totaled \$107,761, \$110,891 and \$124,251, respectively.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 ("GASB 68") requires calculation of a net pension liability for the pension plan. The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the pension plan's total pension liability and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's total pension liability is the present value of the amounts needed to pay pension benefits earned by each participant in the pension plan based on the service provided as of the date of the actuarial valuation. In other words, it is a measure of the present value of benefits earned after that date. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is the market value of plan assets formally set aside in a trust and restricted to paying pension plan benefits. If the pension plan's total pension liability exceeds the pension plan's total pension liability, then a net pension liability results. If the pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds the pension plan's total pension liability, then a net pension liability results.

As of December 31, 2021, the total pension liability of the WRS was calculated as \$133.79 billion and the fiduciary net position of the WRS was calculated as \$141.85 billion, resulting in a net pension asset of \$8.06 billion. As of December 31, 2022, the total pension liability of the WRS was calculated as \$123.7 billion and the fiduciary net position of the WRS was calculated as \$118.4 billion, resulting in a net pension liability of \$5.3 billion. Accordingly, the Village will report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the WRS in its audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Under GASB 68, each participating employer in a cost-sharing pension plan must report the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability or net pension asset of the pension plan. Accordingly, for Fiscal Year 2022, the Village reported an asset of \$754,129 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset of the WRS. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The Village's proportion was 0.00935623% of the aggregate WRS net pension asset as of December 31, 2021.

The calculation of the total pension asset and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of net pension asset of the WRS, which may also cause the ETF Board to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information regarding the WRS and such actuarial assumptions, see Note 5 in "APPENDIX A - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS" attached hereto.

Recognized and Certified Bargaining Units

All eligible Village personnel are covered by the Municipal Employment Relations Act ("MERA") of the Wisconsin Statutes. Pursuant to that law, employees have rights to organize and collectively bargain with municipal employers. MERA was amended by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10 (the "Act") and by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, which altered the collective bargaining rights of public employees in Wisconsin.

As a result of the 2011 amendments to MERA, the Village is prohibited from bargaining collectively with municipal employees, other than public safety and transit employees, with respect to any factor or condition of employment except total base wages. Even then, the Village is limited to increasing total base wages beyond any increase in the consumer price index since 180 days before the expiration of the previous collective bargaining agreement (unless Village were to seek approval for a higher increase through a referendum). Ultimately, the Village can unilaterally implement the wages for a collective bargaining unit.

Under the changes to MERA, impasse resolution procedures were removed from the law for municipal employees of the type employed by the Village, including binding interest arbitration. Strikes by any municipal employee or labor organization are expressly prohibited. As a practical matter, it is anticipated that strikes will be rare. Furthermore, if strikes do occur, they may be enjoined by the courts. Additionally, because the only legal subject of bargaining is the base wage rates, all bargaining over items such as just cause, benefits, and terms of conditions of employment are prohibited and cannot be included in a collective bargaining agreement. Impasse resolution for public safety employees and transit employees is subject to final and binding arbitration procedures, which do not include a right to strike. Interest arbitration is available for transit employees if certain conditions are met.

The following bargaining unit represents employees of the Village:

Bargaining Unit	Expiration Date of Current Contract
Police Department	December 31, 2026

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Village has adopted a defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit ("OPEB") plan, Village Retiree Benefits Plan ("VRBP"), which provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the Village. VRBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. VRBP provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and 100% of supplemental health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees.

OPEB calculations are required to be updated every two years and be prepared in accordance with Statement Nos. 74 and 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB 74/75"). An actuarial study for the plan prepared in accordance with GASB 74/75 was most recently completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP in July 2023 with an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2023 with table updates for Fiscal Year 2022 prepared in December 2022.

At January 1, 2023, there were 15 active plan members or beneficiary currently receiving benefit payments, and 2 of whom are not eligible for post-retirement benefits and non of whom are waiving coverage. The Village's total OPEB liability for the VRBP was \$83,296 as of January 1, 2023, and was determined by an as of that date. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$6,889.

The Village also has Other Post Employment Benefits ("OPEB") through the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund ("LRLIF"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by Chapter 40. The ETF and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight, including establishing contribution requirements for employers.

For Fiscal Year 2022, the Village's portion of contributions to the LRLIF totaled \$379. For Fiscal Year 2022, the Village reported a liability of \$109,631 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on the Village's share of contributions to the LRLIF relative to the contributions of all participating employers. The Village's proportion was 0.01854900% of the aggregate LRLIF net OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021.

The calculation of the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are subject to a number of actuarial assumptions, which may change in future actuarial valuations. Such changes may have a significant impact on the calculation of the net OPEB liability of the LRLIF, which may also cause ETF to change the contribution requirements for employers and employees. For more detailed information, see Note 5. in "APPENDIX A - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS" attached hereto.

LITIGATION

There is no litigation threatened or pending questioning the organization or boundaries of the Village or the right of any of its officers to their respective offices or in any manner questioning their rights and power to execute and deliver the Bonds or otherwise questioning the validity of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Municipalities are prohibited from filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (reorganization) or Chapter 7 (liquidation) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532) (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Instead, the Bankruptcy Code permits municipalities to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, but only if certain requirements are met. These requirements include that the municipality must be "specifically authorized" under State law to file for relief under Chapter 9. For these purposes, "State law" may include, without limitation, statutes of general applicability enacted by the State legislature, special legislation applicable to a particular municipality, and/or executive orders issued by an appropriate officer of the State's executive branch.

As of the date hereof, Wisconsin law contains no express authority for municipalities to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Nevertheless, there can be no assurance (a) that State law will not change in the future, while the Bonds are outstanding, in a way that would allow the Village to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) even absent such a change in State law, that an executive order or other executive action could not effectively authorize the Village to file for relief under Chapter 9. If, in the future, the Village were to file a bankruptcy case under Chapter 9, the relevant bankruptcy court would need to consider whether the Village could properly do so, which would involve questions regarding State law authority as well as other questions such as whether the Village is a municipality for bankruptcy purposes. If the relevant bankruptcy court concluded that the Village could properly file a bankruptcy case, and that determination was not reversed, vacated, or otherwise substantially altered on appeal, then the rights of holders of the Bonds could be modified in bankruptcy proceedings.

Such modifications could be adverse to holders of the Bonds, and there could ultimately be no assurance that holders of the Bonds would be paid in full or in part on the Bonds. Further, under such circumstances, there could be no assurance that the Bonds would not be treated as general, unsecured debt by a bankruptcy court, meaning that claims of holders of the Bonds could be viewed as having no priority (a) over claims of other creditors of the Village; (b) to any particular assets of the Village, or (c) to revenues otherwise designated for payment to holders of the Bonds.

Moreover, if the Village were determined not to be a "municipality" for the purposes of the Bankruptcy Code, no representations can be made regarding whether it would still be eligible for voluntary or involuntary relief under Chapters of the Bankruptcy Code other than Chapter 9 or under similar federal or state law or equitable proceeding regarding insolvency or providing for protection from creditors. In any such case, there can be no assurance that the consequences described above for the holders of the Bonds would not occur.

Fund	Total Cash and Investments
Capital Projects	\$352,583
Checking	450,000
Secondary Checking	643,521
Debt Service	57,092
Money Market	808,409
LGIP	919,014
Sewer	375,512
Storm	308,479
Water*	487,713
Total Funds on Hand	\$4,402,323

FUNDS ON HAND (as of February 29, 2024)

*Water utility funds are deposited into the Secondary Checking and LGIP accounts. This is an estimate of the portion attributable to the Water utility.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Revenues available for debt service for the Village's enterprise funds have been as follows as of December 31 each year:

	2020 Audited	2021 Audited	2022 Audited	2023 Projected
Water				
Total Operating Revenues	\$519,598	\$521,566	\$596,551	\$788,908
Less: Operating Expenses	(657,673)	(522,537)	(552,692)	(579,145)
Operating Income	(\$138,075)	(\$971)	\$43,859	\$209,763
Plus: Depreciation	56,698	59,608	70,279	70,279
Interest Income	139	74	132	132
Revenues Available for Debt Service	(\$81,238)	\$58,711	\$114,270	\$280,174
Sewer				
Total Operating Revenues	\$1,157,525	\$990,912	\$964,489	\$1,018,136
Less: Operating Expenses	(1,113,923)	(924,155)	(845,103)	(791,794)
Operating Income	\$43,602	\$66,757	\$119,386	\$226,342
Plus: Depreciation	19,669	19,670	22,072	22,072
Interest Income	2,092	333	4,300	4,300
Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$65,363	\$86,760	\$145,758	\$252,714
Storm Water				
Total Operating Revenues	\$284,067	\$283,920	\$375,006	\$403,431
Less: Operating Expenses	(227,987)	(259,859)	(286,305)	(291,788)
Operating Income	\$56,080	\$24,061	\$88,701	\$111,643
Plus: Depreciation	47,077	47,730	49,486	49,486
Interest Income	1,610	219	3,418	3,418
Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$104,767	\$72,010	\$141,605	\$164,547

SUMMARY GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

The following are summaries of the revenues and expenditures and fund balances for the Village's General Fund. These summaries are not purported to be the complete audited financial statements of the Village, and potential purchasers should read the included financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the Village. Copies of the complete statements are available upon request. Appendix A includes the 2022 audited financial statements.

_	FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31				
COMBINED STATEMENT					2024
	2020	2021	2022	2023	Adopted
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Unaudited ¹	Budget ²
Revenues					-
Taxes	\$1,439,704	\$1,423,251	\$1,418,374	\$1,566,716	\$1,603,982
Intergovernmental	404,579	355,733	431,968	430,550	501,292
Licenses and permits	89,719	95,442	94,569	88,601	62,630
Fines, forfeitures and penalities	116,199	145,636	107,635	146,176	160,075
Public charges for services	95,309	109,376	125,348	114,855	91,600
Investment income	6,482	2,577	18,221	67,111	30,000
Intergovernmental revenues	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Miscellaneous revenue	15,074	85,006	21,333	68,454	70,000
Total Revenues	\$2,245,066	\$2,295,021	\$2,295,448	\$2,560,464	\$2,597,579
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	\$709,268	\$722,999	\$737,591	\$794,709	\$880,038
Public safety	1,121,225	1,112,187	1,179,336	1,337,989	1,347,996
Public works	257,660	281,936	302,244	355,748	304,550
Health and sanitation	119,276	99,083	105,046	109,515	109,996
Library, parks and recreation	0	5,811	7,258	0	0
Conservation and development	33,156	0	0	0	0
Capital outlay	4,965	7,369	6,123	0	0
Total Expenditures	\$2,245,550	\$2,229,385	\$2,337,598	\$2,597,961	\$2,642,580
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(\$484)	\$65,636	(\$42,150)	(\$37,497)	(\$45,001)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$5,834	\$0	\$476	\$0	\$0
Transfers in	48,543	48,619	46,572	45,000	45,000
Transfers (out)	0	0	(398)	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	54,377	48,619	46,650	45,000	45,000
Net changes in Fund Balances	\$53,893	\$114,255	\$4,500	\$7,503	(\$1)
General Fund Balance January 1	\$537,479	\$591,372	\$705,627	\$710,127	
General Fund Balance December 31	\$591,372	\$705,627	\$710,127	\$717,630	
DETAILS OF DECEMBER 31 FUND BALANC	Е				
Nonspendable	\$51,259	\$136,634	\$111,682		
Committed	36,725	39,523	40,708		
Assigned	37,245	41,031	41,252		
Unassigned	466,143	488,439	516,485		
Total	\$591,372	\$705,627	\$710,127		

¹ The 2023 unaudited data is as of March 6, 2024.

² The 2024 budget was adopted on November 14, 2023.

GENERAL INFORMATION

LOCATION

The Village, with a 2020 U.S. Census population of 1,787 and a current estimated population of 1,766 comprises an area of 0.8 square miles and is located in southeastern Wisconsin.

LARGER EMPLOYERS¹

Larger employers in the Village include the following:

Firm	Type of Business/Product	Estimated No. of Employees
Western States Envelope & Label	Labels/paper manufacturer	700
Cargill Meat Solutions	Meat products	500
Molded Rubber & Plastic Corp. (MRPC)	Rubber manufacturer supplies	153
Interstate PowerSystems	Engines, diesel repairing	150
Circle Electric	Electrical contracting and engineering firm	80
Kelbe Brothers Equipment Company	Excavating contractors	70
Ries Graphics LTD	Commercial printing	65
Packerland Rent-A-Mat Inc	Wholesale mats and matting	50
Aring Equipment Company	Earthmoving and aggregate equipment manufacturer	40
Butler Tool	Machine shop	40
Kwik Trip	Convenience store and gas station	40

Source: ReferenceUSA, written and telephone survey, Wisconsin Manufacturers Register, and the Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development.

¹This does not purport to be a comprehensive list and is based on available data obtained through a survey of individual employers, as well as the sources identified above.

BUILDING PERMITS

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 ¹
New Single Family Homes					
No. of building permits	0	1	0	0	0
Valuation	\$0	\$170,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
<u>All Building Permits</u> (including additions and remodelings) No. of building permits Valuation	34 \$1,174,075	60 \$473,923	22 \$298,707	17 \$1,227,967	1 \$8,000

Source: The Village.

¹As of March 6, 2024.

U.S. CENSUS DATA

Population Trend: The Village	
2010 U.S. Census Population	1,841
2020 U.S. Census Population	1,787
Percent of Change 2010 - 2020	-2.93%
2023 Estimated Population	1,766

Income and Age Statistics

	The Village	Waukesha County	State of Wisconsin	United States
2022 per capita income	\$33,224	\$55,573	\$40,130	\$41,261
2022 median household income	\$53,051	\$101,639	\$72,458	\$75,149
2022 median family income	\$101,667	\$126,010	\$92,974	\$92,646
2022 median gross rent	\$964	\$1,235	\$992	\$1,268
2022 median value owner occupied units	\$201,300	\$352,600	\$231,400	\$281,900
2022 median age	45.1 yrs.	43.3 yrs.	39.9 yrs.	38.5 yrs.
		State of Wisconsin	United	l States

Village % of 2022 per capita income	82.79%	80.52%
Village % of 2022 median family income	109.35%	109.74%

Housing Statistics

	<u>The Village</u>			
	2020	2022	Percent of Change	
All Housing Units	922	903	-2.06%	

Source: 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing, Wisconsin Demographic Services Center (<u>https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/LocalGovtsGrants/Population Estimates.aspx</u>) and 2022 American Community Survey (Based on a five-year estimate), U.S. Census Bureau (<u>https://data.census.gov/cedsci</u>).

EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

Rates are not compiled for individual communities with populations under 25,000.

	Average Employment	Average Unemployment	
Year	Waukesha County	Waukesha County	State of Wisconsin
2020	210,790	5.6%	6.4%
2021	216,435	3.2%	3.8%
2022	217,639	2.5%	2.9%
2023, December	221,346	2.4%	2.9%
2024, January ¹	219,023	2.3%	2.8%

Source: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development.

¹Preliminary

APPENDIX A

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Potential purchasers should read the included financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the Village's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The Village has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessments, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof or with respect to this Preliminary Official Statement, nor has the Village requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Preliminary Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Preliminary Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the Village since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the Village, nor has the Village incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.

Copies of the complete audited financial statements for the past three years and the current budget are available upon request from Ehlers.



Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board of Village of Butler

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Butler (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the comparative schedule of taxes and valuation data but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 18, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

As management of the Village of Butler (the Village), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The discussion and analysis present the highlights of the financial activities and financial position for the Village of Butler. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the Village.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,710,437 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,833,419 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$637,887.
- At the close of the 2022 Fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,414,287, an increase of \$191,382 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21% of this total amount, \$516,485, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$516,485, or 22% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The Village of Butler's total long-term debt, including compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, increased by \$964,589 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Butler's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Butler's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village of Butler that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village of Butler include general government, public safety, public works, community development, health and sanitation and library, parks, and recreation. Business-type activities of the Village include the Sewer Service Utility, Water Utility, and Storm Water Utility.

The government-wide financial statements include the Village of Butler activities. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the Village.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Butler, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Butler maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund for the Library, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund for the Borrowed Money Funds. The nonmajor funds (the Special Revenue Funds for Park and Recreation and ARPA and the Capital Projects Fund for Equipment) are shown combined together.

The Village of Butler adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the ARPA fund), Capital Projects Funds, and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Library Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget on pages 60 and 61 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 17 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The Village of Butler maintains three types of proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and storm water operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the Village. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village of Butler's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund for the Village is a custodial fund used to account for tax collections.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 59 of this report.

Other information –The budget to actual comparison for the debt service fund and the comparative schedule of taxes and valuation can be found on pages 66 and 69 of this report, respectively. The nonmajor governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 67 and 68.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Butler, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$9,710,437 as of December 31, 2022, compared with the net position on December 31, 2021, of \$9,072,550.

The largest portion of the Village of Butler's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and intangibles), less any debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village of Butler uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's net investment in capital assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Villa	age of E	Butler's Net Posit	ion				
	GovernmentalGovernmentalActivities 2022Activities 2021					siness-type ivities 2022	siness-type ivities 2021	 Total 2022	 Total 2021
Current assets	\$	5,656,755	\$	5,203,023	\$	1,741,671	\$ 1,885,992	\$ 7,398,426	\$ 7,089,015
Capital assets		8,057,241		7,578,227		5,989,711	5,130,956	 14,046,952	 12,709,183
Total Assets		13,713,996	·	12,781,250		7,731,382	7,016,948	 21,445,378	 19,798,198
Deferred outflows related to OPEBs		38,684		44,419		13,267	15,530	51,951	59,949
Deferred outflows related to pension		1,270,998		811,153		215,288	130,292	1,486,286	941,445
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,309,682		855,572		228,555	145,822	 1,538,237	1,001,394
Current liabilities		669,969		650,577		225,886	308,570	895,855	959,147
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding Total Liabilities		5,764,235 6,434,204		5,397,546 6,048,123		2,442,609 2,668,495	1,868,444 2,177,014	 8,206,844 9,102,699	 7,265,990 8,225,137
Total Liabilities		0,434,204		0,040,123		2,008,495	2,177,014	 9,102,099	 0,223,137
Unearned revenue		2,356,466		2,231,405		-	-	2,356,466	2,231,405
Deferred inflows related to OPEBs		28,470		29,526		9,733	9,688	38,203	39,214
Deferred inflows related to pension		1,522,486		1,063,201		253,324	168,084	 1,775,810	 1,231,285
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,907,422		3,324,132		263,057	177,772	 4,170,479	 3,501,904
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets		3,560,820		3,491,543		3,478,309	3,203,971	7,039,129	6,695,514
Restricted		671,011		514,051		166,878	120,677	837,889	634,728
Unrestricted		450,221		258,973		1,383,198	1,483,335	1,833,419	1,742,308
Total Net Position	\$	4,682,052	\$	4,264,567	\$	5,028,385	\$ 4,807,983	\$ 9,710,437	\$ 9,072,550

A restricted portion of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$1,833,419 and \$1,742,308 for 2022 and 2021 respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of both the 2022 and 2021 years, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The Village's total net position increased by \$637,887 during the current fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Analysis of the Village's Operations - The following schedule highlights the Village's revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting. The table below demonstrates that governmental activities increased by \$417,485 and business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$220,402 in 2022.

	Village of Butler's Changes in Net Position										
	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Business-type Activities 2022	Business-type Activities 2021	Total 2022	Total 2021					
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$ 403,266	\$ 417,780	\$ 1,936,046	\$ 1,796,398 \$	2,339,312 \$	2,214,178					
Operating Grants and Contributions	268,326	237,616	-	-	268,326	237,616					
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	103,297	8,181	103,297	8,181					
General revenues											
Property Tax For											
General Purposes	1,418,374	1,423,251	-	-	1,418,374	1,423,251					
Parks and Recreation	17,300	17,400	-	-	17,300	17,400					
Equipment	146,154	22,946	-	-	146,154	22,946					
Debt Service	553,229	475,378	-	-	553,229	475,378					
Library	96,347	94,565	-	-	96,347	94,565					
Intergovernmental revenues not											
restricted to specific programs	279,659	266,810	-	-	279,659	266,810					
Investment earnings Gain (loss) on disposal of capital	40,738	3,593	7,850	626	48,588	4,219					
assets	5,476	-	-	-	5,476	-					
Other	52,100	118,277	-	-	52,100	118,277					
Transfers	46,572	48,619	(46,572)	(48,619)	-	-					
Total Revenues and transfers	3,327,541	3,126,235	2,000,621	1,756,586	5,328,162	4,882,821					
Expenses:											
General government	781,293	772,133	-	-	781,293	772,133					
Public safety	1,127,855	1,343,367	-	-	1,127,855	1,343,367					
Public works	519,323	491,840	-	-	519,323	491,840					
Health and sanitation	105,046	99,083	-	-	105,046	99,083					
Community development	7,402	5,660	-	-	7,402	5,660					
Library, parks and recreation	180,919	174,497	-	-	180,919	174,497					
Interest and fiscal charges	188,218	170,120	-	-	188,218	170,120					
Sewer Service	-	-	845,103	930,739	845,103	930,739					
Water	-	-	646,823	593,149	646,823	593,149					
Storm Water	-	-	288,293	261,717	288,293	261,717					
Total expenses	2,910,056	3,056,700	1,780,219	1,785,605	4,690,275	4,842,305					
Change in net position	417,485	69,535	220,402	(29,019)	637,887	40,516					
Net position – beginning	4,264,567	4,195,032	4,807,983	4,837,002	9,072,550	9,032,034					
Net position – ending	\$ 4,682,052	\$ 4,264,567	\$ 5,028,385	\$ 4,807,983 \$	9,710,437 \$	9,072,550					

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

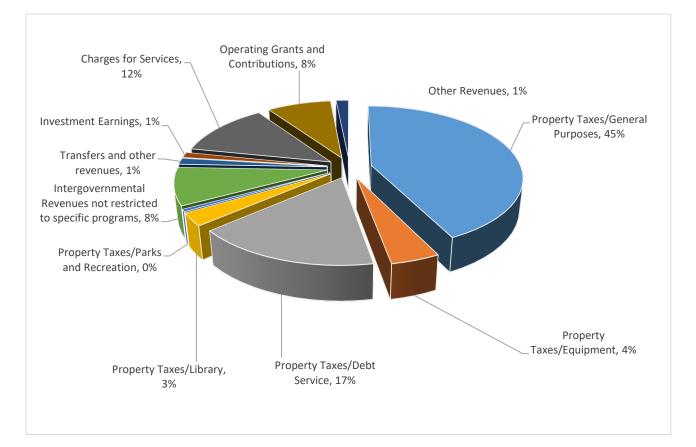
Governmental Activities

The table below discloses the cost of services for Governmental Activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put net costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

Programs	Total Cost of Services 2022		otal Cost of ervices 2021	(Expense) of ervices 2022	(Expense) of ervices 2021
General government	\$ 781,293	\$	772,133	\$ (660,197)	\$ (661,637)
Public safety	1,127,855		1,343,367	(891,443)	(1,077,595)
Public works	519,323		491,840	(275,256)	(278,172)
Health and sanitation	105,046		99,083	(67,157)	(61,667)
Community development	7,402		5,660	(7,402)	(5,660)
Library, parks and recreation	180,919		174,497	(148,791)	(146,453)
Interest on long-term debt	 188,218		170,120	(188,218)	(170,120)
	\$ 2,910,056	\$	3,056,700	\$ (2,238,464)	\$ (2,401,304)

The net cost of services is 77% of the total cost of services in 2022 and 79% in 2021. This reflects a continued reliance on taxes and other general revenue sources to fund the cost of services.

The graph below shows the 2022 percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type.

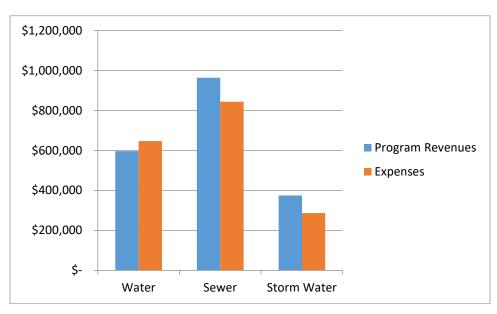


Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Business-Type Activities

Total Business-type activities' charges for service revenues for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$1,936,046 and \$1,796,398, respectively. The Business-type activities increased the Village of Butler's net position by \$220,402 in 2022 and decreased the Village of Butler's net position by \$29,019 in 2021.

The graph below shows the relationship between the 2022 revenues and expenses for the Village of Butler Sewer Service, Water, and Storm Water Utilities.



Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Butler uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. This section will discuss major developments within the Village's governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds – General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Funds – reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,414,287, an increase of \$191,382 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21% of this total amount (\$516,485) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. During 2022, the General Fund balance increased by \$4,500. At the end of the year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$516,485 while total fund balance was \$710,127. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 22% of total general fund expenditures and transfers.

Fund balance in the Debt Service Fund increased by \$32,936 during 2022. Fund balance in the Borrowed Money Fund increased \$749 during 2022. Fund balance in the Library Fund increased \$4,644 during 2022.

Proprietary funds. The Village's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The total net position of the Sewer Service Utility at the end of the year amounted to \$1,391,094, the Water Utility totaled \$1,299,615, and the Storm Water Utility the total net position was \$2,337,676. Total change in net position for the Water, Storm Water, and Sewer Service Utilities was a decrease of \$95,756, an increase of \$90,131, and an increase of \$226,027, respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

- The total original and final revenue and transfer budget was \$2,297,029 and actual revenues and transfers on a budgetary non-GAAP basis were \$2,332,670.
- In total, the General Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$4,898 because of increased miscellaneous revenues along with spending less than budgeted amounts in several functional areas.
- The total original and final expenditure budget was \$2,303,944 and actual expenditures and transfers on a budgetary non-GAAP basis were \$2,329,752.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets.</u> The Village of Butler's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$14 million and \$12.7 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The Village's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and improvements, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure.

Village of Butler Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 vernmental ivities 2022	 Governmental Activities 2021	Business-type Activities 2022		Business-type Activities 2021		Total 2022		Total 2021			
Land	\$ 344,080	\$ 344,080	\$	18,293		\$ 18,293	\$	362,373	\$	362,373		
Construction in progress	11,404	53,409		155,316		34,726		166,720		88,135		
Land Improvements	809,218	765,735		-		-		809,218		765,735		
Buildings	2,822,795	2,812,633		179,662		179,662		3,002,457		2,992,295		
Machinery & Equipment	2,486,395	2,412,056		384,909		285,863		2,871,304		2,697,919		
Infrastructure	5,878,345	5,126,429		-		-		5,878,345		5,126,429		
Intangibles	77,852	72,964		9,205		9,205		87,057		82,169		
Water Distribution System	-	-		3,762,767		3,130,684		3,762,767		3,130,684		
Storm Water Systems	-	-		3,548,268		3,537,484		3,548,268		3,537,484		
Sewer Collection System	-	-		1,001,050		950,959		1,001,050		950,959		
Accumulated depreciation	(4,372,849)	(4,009,079)		(3,069,759)		(3,015,920)		(3,015,920)		(7,442,608)		(7,024,999)
	\$ 8,057,240	\$ 7,578,227	\$	5,989,711		\$ 5,130,956	\$	14,046,951	\$	12,709,183		

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 37 through 38 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Long-term debt - As of December 31, 2022 the Village of Butler governmental activities had general obligation bonds and notes outstanding totaling \$5,863,631. The Village of Butler has business-type activities notes payable totaling \$2,480,000. In the current year, the Village paid \$374,531 in principal and \$143,984 in interest on outstanding governmental activities debt. Business-Type Activities paid \$110,000 in principal and \$53,518 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

Village of Butler's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	overnmental tivities 2022	vernmental tivities 2021	usiness-type ctivities 2022	usiness-type ctivities 2021	 Total 2022	 Total 2021
General Obligations Bonds & Notes	\$ 5,863,631	\$ 5,498,162	\$ 2,480,000	\$ 1,905,000	\$ 8,343,631	\$ 7,403,162

Additional information about the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on pages 40 through 42 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors

The following economic factors are noteworthy:

- The equalized value of the Village of Butler increased by \$35,652,300 in 2022 due to economic redevelopment.
- The tax levy for local purposes in year 2022 is \$2,356,465 compared to the prior year's levy of \$2,231,405.
- The Village of Butler's 2022 budget qualified the Village to receive the Expenditure Restraint Shared Revenue payment; as it did in 2020 and 2021.
- General fund unassigned fund balance is 21% of the 2023 general fund budgeted expenditures.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Butler's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Readers having questions about any of the information in this report or needing additional information should contact Village Administrator, Village of Butler, 12621 W. Hampton Avenue, Butler, WI 53007, call 262-783-2525 or e-mail kthorpe@butlerwi.gov.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Goverr Activ	imental /ities		Business- Type Activities		Total		
Assets								
Cash and investments:								
Unrestricted	\$2	452,382	\$	1,226,005	\$	3,678,387		
Restricted		-		48,826		48,826		
Receivables	2	584,545		246,539		2,831,084		
Inventories		-		11,763		11,763		
Prepaid items		44,046		30,191		74,237		
Internal balances		(60,295)		60,295		-		
Restricted asset, net pension asset		636,077		118,052		754,129		
Capital assets:								
Land		344,080		18,293		362,373		
Construction in progress	_	11,404		155,316		166,720		
Property and equipment (net)	7	701,757		5,816,102		13,517,859		
Total assets	13	713,996		7,731,382		21,445,378		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred outflows related to OPEBs		38,684		13,267		51,951		
Deferred outflows related to pension	1	270,998		215,288		1,486,286		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1	309,682		228,555		1,538,237		
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other liabilities		170,528		67,604		238,132		
Accrued interest payable		70,888		33,282		104,170		
Unearned Revenue		45,287		-		45,287		
Noncurrent liabilities:				105 000		500.000		
Due within one year	-	383,266		125,000		508,266		
Due in more than one year	5	764,235		2,442,609		8,206,844		
Total liabilities	6	434,204		2,668,495		9,102,699		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenue	2	356,466		-		2,356,466		
Deferred inflows related to OPEBs		28,470		9,733		38,203		
Deferred inflows related to pension	1	522,486		253,324		1,775,810		
Total deferred inflows of resources	3	,907,422		263,057		4,170,479		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	3	560,820		3,478,309		7,039,129		
Restricted for pension		636,077		118,052		754,129		
Restricted for debt service		6,402		-		6,402		
Restricted for equipment replacement		-		48,826				
Restricted for library purposes	28,532			-	28,53			
Unrestricted	450,221			1,383,198		1,833,419		
Total net position	\$ 4	,682,052	\$	5,028,385	\$	9,710,437		

Village of Butler Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 781,293	\$ 121,096	\$-	\$ -	\$ (660,197)	\$-	\$ (660,197)				
Public safety	1,127,855	219,430	16,982	-	(891,443)	-	(891,443)				
Health and sanitation	105,046	30,612	7,277	-	(67,157)	-	(67,157)				
Public works	519,323	-	244,067	-	(275,256)	-	(275,256)				
Library, parks and recreation	180,919	32,128	-	-	(148,791)	-	(148,791)				
Community development	7,402	-	-	-	(7,402)	-	(7,402)				
Interest and fiscal charges	188,218				(188,218)		(188,218)				
Total governmental activities	2,910,056	403,266	268,326		(2,238,464)	<u> </u>	(2,238,464)				
Business-Type Activities											
Water utility	646,823	596,551	-	280	-	(49,992)	(49,992)				
Sewer service	845,103	964,489	-	103,017	-	222,403	222,403				
Storm water	288,293	375,006				86,713	86,713				
Total business-type activities	1,780,219	1,936,046		103,297		259,124	259,124				
Total	\$ 4,690,275	\$ 2,339,312	\$ 268,326	\$ 103,297	(2,238,464)	259,124	(1,979,340)				
	General revenues	;									
	Taxes:										
		s levied for genera			1,418,374	-	1,418,374				
		s levied for equipn			146,154	-	146,154				
		s levied for debt se			553,229	-	553,229				
		s levied for parks a	and recreation		17,300	-	17,300				
	Property taxe	s levied for library			96,347	-	96,347				
		tal revenues not re	estricted to specific	programs	279,659	-	279,659				
	Investment inco	me			40,738	7,850	48,588				
	Gain on disposa	al of capital assets			5,476	-	5,476				
	Other				52,100	-	52,100				
	Transfers				46,572	(46,572)					
	Total g	general revenues a	and transfers		2,655,949	(38,722)	2,617,227				
	Chang	e in net position	417,485	220,402	637,887						
	Net Position, Beg	ginning	4,264,567	4,807,983	9,072,550						
	Net Position, End	dina			\$ 4,682,052	\$ 5,028,385	\$ 9,710,437				

Village of Butler Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

		General	F	Special Revenue Library		Debt Service	oital Projects Borrowed Money	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	669,139	\$	34,072	\$	77,290	\$ 1,227,133	\$ 444,748	\$	2,452,382
Taxes		1,674,495		96,347		538,103	-	155,300		2,464,245
Accounts		89,785		-		-	23,254	-		113,039
Special assessments		7,261		-		-	-	-		7,261
Prepaid items		43,356		690		-	 	 		44,046
Total assets	\$	2,484,036	\$	131,109	\$	615,393	\$ 1,250,387	\$ 600,048	\$	5,080,973
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	43,976	\$	3,084	\$	-	\$ 52,161	\$ 39	\$	99,260
Accrued liabilities		68,812		2,456		-	-	-		71,268
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		60,295		-		-	-	- 45,287		60,295 45,287
							 	 10,201		10,201
Total liabilities		173,083		5,540		-	 52,161	 45,326		276,110
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unearned revenues		1,566,716		96,347		538,103	-	155,300		2,356,466
Unavailable revenues		34,110		-		-	 -	 -		34,110
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,600,826		96,347		538,103	 -	 155,300		2,390,576
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		111,682		690		-	-	-		112,372
Restricted Committed		- 40,708		28,532		77,290	1,198,226	- 399,422		1,304,048 440,130
Assigned		40,708 41,252		-		-	-	399,422		440,130 41,252
Unassigned		516,485		-		-	-	-		516,485
Total fund balances		710,127		29,222		77,290	 1,198,226	399,422		2,414,287
Total liabilities, deferred inflaws of						<u> </u>	· · ·			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,484,036	\$	131,109	\$	615,393	\$ 1,250,387	\$ 600,048		
 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund finar but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements. The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governm Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB do not related to current financial resources 	ncial st	atements funds.		the governme	nental	funds				8,057,241 34,110 636,077 1,309,682
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB do not related to current financial resources Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore a	es and	d are not repor	ted in	the governme	ental f					(1,550,956) (6,218,389)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	4,682,052

Village of Butler Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	(General		Special Revenue Library	 Debt Service	Capital Projects Borrowed Money		orrowed Govern		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	1,418,374	\$	96,347	\$ 553,229	\$	-	\$	163,454	\$	2,231,404
Intergovernmental		431,968		11,574	-		-		104,442		547,984
Licenses and permits		94,569		-	-		-		-		94,569
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		107,635		-	-		-		-		107,635
Public charges for services		125,348		4,527	-		-		5,990		135,865
Investment income		18,221		-	722		17,962		3,833		40,738
Interdepartmental revenues		78,000		-	-		-		-		78,000
Miscellaneous revenue		21,333		1,715	 -		29,052		-		52,100
Total revenues		2,295,448		114,163	 553,951		47,014		277,719		3,288,295
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		737,591		-	-		-		-		737,591
Public safety		1,179,336		-	-		-		-		1,179,336
Public works		302,244		-	-		-		-		302,244
Health and sanitation		105,046		-	-		-		-		105,046
Library, parks and recreation		7,258		109,519	-		-		28,928		145,705
Capital outlay Debt service:		6,123		-	-		759,639		105,636		871,398
Principal retirement				_	374,531		_		_		374,531
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	146,484		42,534		-		189,018
					 		,				
Total expenditures		2,337,598		109,519	 521,015		802,173		134,564		3,904,869
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures		(42,150)		4,644	 32,936		(755,159)		143,155		(616,574)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		476		-	-		-		5,000		5,476
Debt issued		_		-	-		740,000		_		740,000
Premium on debt issued		-		-	-		15,908		-		15,908
Transfers in		46,572		-	-		-		398		46,970
Transfers out		(398)		-	 -		-		-		(398)
Total other financing sources (uses)		46,650			 <u> </u>		755,908		5,398		807,956
Net changes fund balances		4,500		4,644	32,936		749		148,553		191,382
Fund Balances, Beginning		705,627		24,578	 44,354		1,197,477		250,869		2,222,905
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	710,127	\$	29,222	\$ 77,290	\$	1,198,226	\$	399,422	\$	2,414,287
					 			-			

See notes to financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022	
Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$ 191,382
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements	
but is capitalized in the government-wide statements	871,398
Less certain items reported as capital outlay not capitalized	(20,286)
Depreciation/amortization is reported in the government-wide statements	(372,098)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	(12,802)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal repaid	374,531
Debt issued	(740,000)
Premium on debt issued	(15,908)
Governmental funds report debt premiums and discounts as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position these are deferred and reported as additions or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Amortization	7,970
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(442)
Net pension asset	146,604
Total/net OPEB liabilities, Health and Life	(1,575)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEBs	454,110
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEBs	(458,229)
Accrued interest on debt	 (7,170)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 417,485

Village of Butler Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water Utility		Storm Water Utility		Sewer Service Utility			Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	418,892	\$	157,015	\$	650,098	\$	1,226,005
Accounts receivable		84,195		37,600		124,744		246,539
Due from other funds Prepaid items		16,774		10,957		32,564		60,295 20,101
Inventories		11,563 11,763		9,111 -		9,517		30,191 11,763
Total current assets		543,187		214,683		816,923		1,574,793
				<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Noncurrent Assets Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments		_		_		48.826		48.826
Net pension asset		42,776		34,928		40,348		118,052
Capital assets:		,		0.1,020		,		1.0,002
Land		18,293		-		-		18,293
Construction in progress		-		14,357		140,959		155,316
Property and equipment	4	,106,591		3,654,465		1,124,805		8,885,861
Less accumulated depreciation		(929,008)		(1,421,601)		(719,150)		(3,069,759)
Total noncurrent assets	3	,238,652		2,282,149		635,788		6,156,589
Total assets	3	,781,839		2,496,832		1,452,711		7,731,382
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related to OPEBs		4,592		4,172		4,503		12 267
Deferred outflows related to pension		76,210		65,324		73,754		13,267 215,288
Deferred outliows related to pension		70,210		05,524		73,734		215,200
Total deferred outflows		80,802		69,496		78,257		228,555
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		25,502		9,702		32,400		67,604
Accrued interest payable		32,282		1,000				33,282
Current portion of general obligation debt		105,000		20,000		-		125,000
Total current liabilities		162,784		30,702		32,400		225,886
Noncurrent Liabilities OPEB liabilities		19,801		17,219		19,187		56,207
General obligation debt	2	,285,215		101,187		-		2,386,402
Total noncurrent liabilities	2	,305,016		118,406		19,187		2,442,609
Total liabilities		,467,800		149,108		51,587		2,668,495
		,,				01,001		2,000,100
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows related to OPEBs		3,340		3,065		3,328		9,733
Deferred inflows related to pension		91,886		76,479		84,959	·	253,324
Total deferred inflows of resources		95,226		79,544		88,287		263,057
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		805,661		2,126,034		546,614		3,478,309
Restricted for pension		42,776		34,928		40,348		118,052
Restricted for equipment replacement		-		-		48,826		48,826
Unrestricted		451,178		176,714		755,306		1,383,198
Total net position	<u>\$</u> 1	,299,615	\$	2,337,676	\$	1,391,094	\$	5,028,385

See notes to financial statements

Village of Butler Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water Utility	Storm Water Utility	Sewer Service Utility	Total	
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 596,551	\$ 375,006	\$ 964,489	\$ 1,936,046	
Total operating revenues	596,551	375,006	964,489	1,936,046	
Operating Expenses					
Operation and maintenance	473,952	236,819	823,031	1,533,802	
Depreciation	70,279	49,486	22,072	141,837	
Taxes	8,461			8,461	
Total operating expenses	552,692	286,305	845,103	1,684,100	
Operating income (loss)	43,859	88,701	119,386	251,946	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment income	132	3,418	4,300	7,850	
Grant revenue	280	-	103,017	103,297	
Interest expense	(58,014)	(2,463)	-	(60,477)	
Amortization	3,255	475	-	3,730	
Debt issuance cost	(39,372)			(39,372)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(93,719)	1,430	107,317	15,028	
(Loss) income before transfers	(49,860)	90,131	226,703	266,974	
Transfers					
Transfers in	676	-	-	676	
Transfers out	(46,572)		(676)	(47,248)	
Total transfers	(45,896)		(676)	(46,572)	
Change in net position	(95,756)	90,131	226,027	220,402	
Net Position, Beginning	1,395,371	2,247,545	1,165,067	4,807,983	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 1,299,615	\$ 2,337,676	\$ 1,391,094	\$ 5,028,385	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise Funds						
		Water Utility	Storm Water Utility		Sewer Service Utility			Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Received from customers	\$	538,401	\$	346,488	\$	976,525	\$	1,861,414
Paid to vendors for goods and services		(395,111)		(163,926)	•	(811,961)		(1,370,998)
Paid to employees for services		(104,050)		(88,591)		(101,346)		(293,987)
Net cash flows from operating activities		39,240		93,971		63,218		196,429
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Investment income		132		3,418		4,300		7,850
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in (out), net		(45,896)		-		(676)		(46,572)
								<u> </u>
Cash Flows From Capital and Related								
Financing Activities Proceeds from long-term debt		685,000						685,000
Premium on debt issued		13,147		_		-		13,147
Principal paid on long-term debt		(75,000)		(35,000)		-		(110,000)
Debt issuance costs		(39,372)		-		-		(39,372)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(49,683)		(3,835)		-		(53,518)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(763,715)		(53,888)		(219,436)		(1,037,039)
Net cash flows from capital and								
related financing activities		(229,623)		(92,723)		(219,436)		(541,782)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(236,147)		4,666		(152,594)		(384,075)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		655,039		152,349		851,518		1,658,906
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	418,892	\$	157,015	\$	698,924	\$	1,274,831
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending								
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending Unrestricted	\$	418,892	\$	157,015	\$	650,098	\$	1,226,005
Restricted	Ψ	- 10,032	Ψ	-	Ψ	48,826	Ψ	48,826
						10,020		10,020
	\$	418,892	\$	157,015	\$	698,924	\$	1,274,831
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to								
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities								
Operating income/(loss)	\$	43,859	\$	88,701	\$	119,386	\$	251,946
Adjustments to reconcile operating income/(loss) to								
net cash flows from operating activities:								
Non-operating Income		280				103,017		103,297
Depreciation expense		70,279		49,486		22,072		141,837
Depreciation charged to other funds Changes in assets, deferred outflows, deferred		2,713		-		-		2,713
inflows and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		(65,153)		(27,733)		(99,189)		(192,075)
Due from other funds		4,053		(841)		8,176		11,388
Inventory		872		-		-		872
Prepaid items		(3,890)		(5,283)		(5,327)		(14,500)
OPEB related amounts		1,527		1,455		1,766		4,748
Deferred outflows and inflows		789		729		790		2,308
Pension related amounts		(16,862)		(12,732)		(15,601)		(45,195)
Accounts payable		773		189		(71,872)		(70,910)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	39,240	\$	93,971	\$	63,218	\$	196,429
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities								
Amortization	\$	3,255	\$	475	\$		\$	3,730
Capital related accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,667	\$	-	\$	1,667

Village of Butler Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2022

 Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund	
\$ 2,200,194	
 733,799	
 2,933,993	
2,933,993	
 , , ,	
\$ -	

Village of Butler Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
Additions	
Tax collections	\$ 1,993,523
Deductions Payments to overlying districts	1,993,523
Change in net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	<u> </u>

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin (the Village) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The Village has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the Village are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

Special Revenue Fund - Library Fund is used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the library program.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, other than enterprise debt.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund - Borrowed Money Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that were borrowed or committed for road and infrastructure projects.

Enterprise Funds

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility accounts for operations of the water system.

Sewer Service Utility accounts for operations of the sanitary sewer system.

Storm Water Utility accounts for operations of the storm water system.

The Village reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Park and Recreation Fund ARPA Fund

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Equipment Fund

In addition, the Village reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the Village and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Village's water, sewer service and storm water utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of Village funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.

- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The Village has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments. The Village's investment policy addresses in general terms custodial credit risk, credit risk and interest rate risk. At year end, the Village did not comply with the investment policy provision concerning the maximum limit of \$750,000 at any financial institution. At December 31, 2022, one financial institution held \$3.9 million, however, the entire balance was either insured or collateralized. Another institution held \$775,033 of which \$523,033 was uninsured and uncollateralized. All funds throughout the year and at year end were invested in locally approved banks and the LGIP.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2022, the fair value of the Village 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 4 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in November on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2022 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date	December 2022
Tax bills mailed	December 2022
Payment in full, or	January 31, 2023
First installment due	January 31, 2023
Second installment due	July 31, 2023
Personal property taxes in full	January 31, 2023
Tax sale - 2022 delinquent real estate taxes	October 2025

Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the County, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Yearend inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on FIFO and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment (including right-to-use lease assets), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 general capital assets and \$5,000 for infrastructure assetsand an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	20-40	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	Years
Utility System	15-100	Years
Infrastructure	20-75	Years
Intangibles	8-10	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

The Village does not accrue accumulated vacation time, but rather expenses this cost as paid. Vacation time is not cumulative from year to year. Accumulated sick leave benefits are converted to a termination benefit and payable to employees upon retirement or death. Estimated future payments of accumulated termination benefits are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. There are no provisions to pay accumulated sick leave or termination benefits if an employee terminates (except in the case of death) prior to retirement age.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. **Nonspendable** Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. **Restricted** Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the Village Board. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Village Board that originally created the commitment.
- d. **Assigned** Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Village Board has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the Administrator to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The Village considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Village would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Village has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 10% of the subsequent year's general fund operating budget. The balance at year end was \$248,842 and is included in unassigned general fund fund balance.

See Note 4 for further information.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, the Village OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Basis for Existing Rates

Water, Storm Water and Sewer Service Funds

Rates for the water, storm water and sewer service utilities are based on rates effective August 22, 2022 for water, January 1, 2016 sewer service and January 1, 2022 for storm water.

2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance, total governmental funds and net position, governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of this reconciliation include the following items.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	¢	244 000
	\$	344,080
Construction in progress		11,404
Land improvements		809,218
Buildings		2,822,795
Machinery and equipment		2,486,396
Infrastructure		5,878,345
Intangibles		77,852
Less accumulated depreciation		(4,372,849)
Combined adjustment for capital assets	<u>\$</u>	8,057,241

Long-term liabilities applicable to the Village's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long-term-are reported in the statement of net position.

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 5,863,631
Compensated absences	82,503
Accrued interest	70,888
Unamortized debt premium	64,647
OPEB, Health	59,275
OPEB, Life	 77,445
Combined adjustment for long-term	
liabilities	\$ 6,218,389

3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.

A budget has been adopted for the general fund, debt service fund, special revenue - library fund, special revenue - park and recreation fund, capital projects - borrowed money fund and capital projects - equipment fund. A budget has not been formally adopted for ARPA fund. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

The budgeted amounts presented are as presented in the original budget and no amendments were adopted during the year. The Village may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds Village Board action.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. There were no carryovers to the following year. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

Excess Expenditures Over Budget

Fund	geted ditures	 tual ditures	Exce Expend Over B	itures
Special Revenue Fund - Park and Recreation	\$ 26,800	\$ 28,928	\$	2,128

The Village controls expenditures at the function level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the Village's year-end budget to actual report.

Limitations on the Village's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the Village's future tax levies. Generally the Village is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the Village's equalized value due to net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The Village is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The Village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

 Carrying Value			Associated Risks
\$ 4,665,076 1,262,099 232	\$	4,702,387 1,262,099 -	Custodial Credit Credit N/A
\$ 5,927,407	\$	5,964,486	
\$ 3,678,387 48,826			
\$ 5,927,407			
	Value \$ 4,665,076 1,262,099 232 \$ 5,927,407 \$ 3,678,387 48,826 2,200,194	Value \$ 4,665,076 \$ 1,262,099 232 \$ 5,927,407 \$ \$ 3,678,387 48,826 2,200,194 \$	Value Balances \$ 4,665,076 1,262,099 232 \$ 4,702,387 1,262,099 232 \$ 5,927,407 \$ 5,964,486 \$ 3,678,387 48,826 2,200,194

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

> Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

As of December 31, 2022, \$2,948,323 of the Village's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging financial institution	\$ 525,033 2,423,290
Total	\$ 2,948,323

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The Village had investments in the external Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool which is not rated.

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year except for \$23,515 of ambulance receivables, \$44,811 of delinquent personal property taxes and \$7,261 of special assessments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned		Unavailable	
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Special assessments not yet due Police citations receivable Grant funds not yet spent	\$	2,356,466 - - 45,287	\$	- 7,261 26,849 -
Total unearned/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$	2,401,753	\$	34,110
Unearned revenue included in liabilities	\$	45,287		
Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows		2,356,466		
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	2,401,753		

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Equipment Replacement Account

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2022:

		estricted Assets
Equipment replacement account Net pension asset	\$	48,826 754,129
Total	<u>\$</u>	802,955

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

		eginning Balance		dditions	Dele	tions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized:								
Land	\$	344,080	\$	-	\$	-	\$	344,080
Construction in progress		53,409		11,404		53,409		11,404
Total capital assets not being depreciated / amortized		397,489		11,404		53,409		355,484
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized: Land Improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Intangibles		765,735 2,812,633 2,412,056 5,126,429 72,964		43,483 10,162 82,668 751,916 4,888		- 8,328 -		809,218 2,822,795 2,486,396 5,878,345 77,852
C C		72,004		4,000				11,002
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized		11,189,817		893,117		8,328		12,074,606
Total capital assets		11,587,306		904,521		61,737		12,430,090
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for:								
Land Improvements		(373,041)		(30,132)		-		(403,173)
Buildings Machinery and equipment		(963,407) (1,842,685)		(68,919) (120,842)		- 8,328		(1,032,326) (1,955,199)
Infrastructure		(1,042,003)		(120,042)		0,520		(925,686)
Intangibles		(52,424)		(4,041)		-		(56,465)
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization		(4,009,079)		(372,098)		8,328		(4,372,849)
Net capital assets being depreciated / amortized		7,180,738		521,019				7,701,757
Total governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation / amortization	\$	7,578,227	\$	532,423	\$	53,409	\$	8,057,241
Depreciation / amortization expense v	was c	harged to fu	nctio	ns as follow	s:			
		-						
Governmental Activities							•	47.005

General government	\$	47,865
Public safety		78,339
Public works		210,830
Library, parks and recreation		35,064
	¢	272.000
Total governmental activities depreciation / amortization expense	\$	372,098

Total governmental activities depreciation / amortization expense <u>ð</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized:				
Land Construction in progress	\$ 18,293 34,726	\$- 146,950	\$- 26,360	\$
Total capital assets not being depreciated / amortized	53,019	146,950	26,360	173,609
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Water distribution system Storm water system Sewer collection system Intangibles	179,662 285,863 3,130,684 3,537,484 950,959 9,205	99,046 715,123 12,143 56,403	83,040 1,359 6,312	179,662 384,909 3,762,767 3,548,268 1,001,050 9,205
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized	8,093,857	882,715	90,711	8,885,861
Total capital assets	8,146,876	1,029,665	117,071	9,059,470
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for: Buildings and improvements	(147,262)	(2,256)	-	(149,518)
Machinery and equipment Water distribution system Storm water system Sewer collection system Intangibles	(164,630) (681,358) (1,349,323) (670,541) (2,806)	(28,206) (57,716) (42,127) (13,509) <u>(736)</u>	83,040 1,359 6,312	(192,836) (656,034) (1,390,091) (677,738) (3,542)
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization	(3,015,920)	(144,550)	90,711	(3,069,759)
Net capital assets being depreciated / amortized	5,077,937	738,165		5,816,102
Business-type capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation / amortization	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$885,115</u>	<u>\$ 26,360</u>	<u>\$ 5,989,711 </u>

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities Sewer Water Storm water	\$ 22,072 70,279 49,486
Total business-type activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 141,837

Depreciation expense is different from additions because of joint metering.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
Water Utility Sewer Service Utility Storm Water Utility	General Fund General Fund General Fund	\$	16,774 32,564 10,957
Total		<u>\$</u>	60,295

All amounts are due within one year.

The primary reason for the above interfund amounts relates to a time lag between the dates the transactions are recorded and the dates payments are made between funds.

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	 Amount	Principal Purpose
Water Utility General Fund Special Revenue - Park	Sewer Utility Water Utility	\$ 676 46,572	Shared meter cost Tax equivalent
and Recreation Fund	General Fund	 398	Transfer of nonlapsing fund
Total, fund financia	l statements	47,646	
Less fund eliminations		 (1,074)	
Total transfers, government-wide statement of activities		\$ 46,572	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance	Ir	ncreases	 ecreases	 Ending Balance	 ounts Due /ithin One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt General obligation notes from direct	\$	5,225,000	\$	740,000	\$ 335,000	\$ 5,630,000	\$ 345,000
borrowings and direct placements (Discounts)/Premiums		273,162 56,709		- 15,908	 39,531 7,970	 233,631 64,647	 38,266 -
Total bonds and notes payable		5,554,871		755,908	 382,501	 5,928,278	 383,266
Other liabilities: Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits, health Other postemployment benefits, life		82,061 58,565 76,580		22,622 4,946 865	 22,180 4,236 -	 82,503 59,275 77,445	 - - -
Total other liabilities		217,206		28,433	 26,416	 219,223	 -
Total governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$	5,772,077	\$	784,341	\$ 408,917	\$ 6,147,501	\$ 383,266
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt (Discounts)/Premiums	\$	1,905,000 21,985	\$	685,000 13,147	\$ 110,000 3,730	\$ 2,480,000 31,402	\$ 125,000 -
Other postemployment benefits		1,926,985		698,147	 113,730	 2,511,402	 125,000
Other liabilities: Other postemployment benefits, health Other postemployment benefits, life		22,029 29,430		3,708 2,756	 1,716 -	 24,021 32,186	 -
Total other liabilities		51,459		6,464	 1,716	 56,207	 -
Total business-type activities long- term liabilities	\$	1,978,444	\$	704,611	\$ 115,446	\$ 2,567,609	\$ 125,000

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the Village may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the Village's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2022, was \$15,410,355. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$8,343,631.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt payable is backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Debt in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

Governmental Activities	Dete of	F ire al	la to ao o t	Original		Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness		cember 31, 2022
State Trust Fund Loan -						
Direct	01/08/05	03/15/24	5.25%	\$ 189,007	\$	29,770
General Obligation						
Refunding Bond	02/09/16	02/09/36	3.00	995,000		740,000
General Obligation						
Corporate Purpose						
Bonds	03/30/17	02/01/37	3.00	425,000		340,000
General Obligation						
Corporate Purpose						
Bonds	04/17/18	02/01/38	2.20-3.75	1,090,000		965,000
General Obligation						
Corporate Purpose						
Bonds	04/23/19	02/01/38	2.00-3.00	880,000		705,000
GO Promissory Note -						
Direct	12/01/20	12/01/30	1.99	250,000		203,861
GO Corporate Purpose						
Bonds	04/02/20	02/01/40	1.3-2.7	1,465,000		1,325,000
General Obligation						
Corporate Purpose						
Bonds	03/25/21	02/01/41	2.00	815,000		815,000
General Obligation						
Corporate Purpose						
Bonds	02/02/22	02/01/42	1.20-4.00	740,000		740,000
T (1)			. 1. 4		¢	5 863 631
Total governmental	activities, gene	rai obligation d	apt		\$	5,863,631

Business-Type Activities	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Do	Balance cember 31,
General Obligation Debt	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness		2022
General Obligation Corporate Purpose						
Bonds General Obligation	03/30/17	02/01/37	3.00%	\$ 660,000	\$	530,000
Corporate Purpose Bonds	04/23/19	02/01/38	2.00-3.00	520,000		460,000
General Obligation Corporate Purpose						
Bonds General Obligation	03/25/21	02/01/41	2.00	865,000		805,000
Corporate Purpose Bonds	02/02/22	02/01/42	1.20-4.00	685,000		685,000
Total business trees		al abligation de			\$	2 480 000

Total business-type activities, general obligation debt

<u>\$ 2,480,000</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt				pe Activities igation Debt		
<u>Years</u>	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	
2023	\$ 345,000	\$	150,066	\$ 125,000	\$	45,063	
2024	325,000		133,203	125,000		42,738	
2025	310,000		125,775	135,000		40,338	
2026	285,000		119,080	140,000		37,831	
2027	290,000		112,130	140,000		35,175	
2028-2032	1,605,000		442,108	670,000		135,025	
2033-2037	1,710,000		211,570	740,000		61,563	
2038-2042	 760,000		31,186	 405,000		7,560	
Total	\$ 5,630,000	\$	1,325,118	\$ 2,480,000	\$	405,293	

	N	Governmental Activities Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements					
<u>Years</u>	_	Principal		Interest			
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028-2032	\$	38,266 39,498 24,715 25,207 25,709 80,236	\$	5,620 4,388 3,102 2,610 2,108 3,214			
Total	\$	233,631	\$	21,042			

The Village's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to governmental activities of \$29,770 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable.

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences and other post employment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability and other post employment benefits obligations attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2022, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 344,080 11,404
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	7,701,757
Less long-term debt outstanding	(5,863,631)
Plus unspent capital related debt proceeds	1,198,226
Plus noncapital debt proceeds	233,631
Less unamortized debt premium	 (64,647)
Total net investment in capital assets	 3,560,820
Restricted:	
Restricted for debt service	6,402
Restricted for library purposes	28,532
Restricted for pension	 636,077
	074 044
Total restricted	 671,011
Unrestricted	 450,221
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 4,682,052

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2022, include the following:

Nonspendable

Major Funds: General Fund: Delinquent personal property taxes Prepaid items Ambulance fees receivable, noncurrent	\$ 44,811 43,356 23,515
Special Revenue Fund: Library Fund prepaid items	 690
Total	\$ 112,372
Restricted Major Funds: Special Revenue Fund: Library Fund	\$ 28,532
Debt Service Fund: Debt Service purposes	77,290
Capital Projects Fund: Borrowed Money Fund, unspent proceeds	 1,198,226
Total	\$ 1,304,048

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Committed		
Major Fund: General Fund:		
	ሱ	40 700
Committed for Community Service	\$	40,708
Nonmajor Funds:		
Special Revenue Fund:		
Park and Recreation		13,254
Capital Project Fund:		
Equipment Fund		386,168
- 1		
Total	<u>\$</u>	440,130
Assigned		
Major Fund:		
General Fund:		
Unfunded compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	41,252
Unassigned		
Major Fund:		
General fund	<u>\$</u>	516,485
Business-Type Activities		
Net investment in capital assets:		
Land	\$	18,293
Construction in progress	Ψ	155,316
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		5,816,102
Less long-term debt outstanding		(2,480,000)
Less unamortized debt premium		(31,402)
		(01,402)
Total net investment in capital assets		3,478,309
Restricted:		
Equipment replacement		48,826
Pension	_	118,052
Total restricted	_	166,878
Unrestricted	_	1,383,198
Total business-type activities net position	\$	5,028,385

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

5. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Core Fund Adjustment %	Variable Fund Adjustment %
(7.0)	(7.0)
(9.6)	9.0
4.7	25.0
2.9	2.0
0.5	(5.0)
2.0	4.0
2.4	17.0
0.0	(10.0)
1.7	21.0
5.1	13.0
	Adjustment % (7.0) (9.6) 4.7 2.9 0.5 2.0 2.4 0.0 1.7

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$113,857 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (executives & elected officials)	6.75 %	6.75 %
Protective with Social Security	6.75 %	11.75 %
Protective without Social Security	6.75 %	16.35 %

Pension Asset, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported an asset of \$754,129 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.00935623%, which was an increase of 0.00035297% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized pension revenue of \$81,468.

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	1,218,257	\$ 87,849
Changes in assumptions		140,694	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	1,687,050
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,084	911
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		124,251	 -
Total	\$	1,486,286	\$ 1,775,810

\$124,251 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	Deferred Outflows o Resources a Deferred Inflo of Resource (Net)	
2023	\$	(34,226)
2024		(203,587)
2025		(89,534)
2026		(86,428)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2021
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020 Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-Retirement Adjustments*:	1.7%

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns* As of December 31, 2021					
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %**		
Global Equities	52	6.8	4.2		
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8		
Inflation Sensitive	19	2.7	0.2		
Real Estate	7	5.6	3		
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7		
Total Core Fund***	115	6.6	4		
Variable Fund Asset	-				
U.S. Equities	70	6.3	3.7		
International Equities	30	7.2	4.6		
Total Variable Fund	100	6.8	4.2		

* Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

** New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

*** The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixedincome municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using optionadjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

. . . .

	to	Decrease Discount te (5.8%)	Dis	Current scount Rate (6.8%)	 Increase to scount Rate (7.8%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	535,108	\$	(754,129)	\$ (1,682,140)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported a payable to the pension plan of \$17,097 which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

The Village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Other Postemployment Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit OPEB plan, Village Retiree Benefits Plan (VRBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the Village. VRBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Village Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

VRBP provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and 100% of supplemental health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan members	17_
Total	17

Total OPEB Liability

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$83,296 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	3.20%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.5% in 2023 then down to 5.0% in 2027 and thereafter

The discount rate was based on the current yield for High Quality 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates are based on rates from the Wisconsin Retirement Experience Study dated November 19, 2021.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

		tal OPEB .iability
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	80,594
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments		6,334 1,589 2,635 (967) (6,889)
Net changes		2,702
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	83,296

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.06% in 2021 to 3.72% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.72%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.72%) than the current discount rate:

	 ecrease 72%)	 count Rate 3.72%)	19	% Increase (4.72%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 90,233	\$ 83,296	\$	76,830

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	(decr	Decrease (5.5% easing to I.0%)	Co Ra deci	ealthcare ost Trend tes (6.5% reasing to 5.0%)	 o Increase (7.5% creasing to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	74,740	\$	83,296	\$ 93,064

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$6,664. At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Ir	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,407	\$	20,670
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		4,518		883
Total	\$	6,925	<u>\$</u>	21,553

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	A	mount
2023	\$	(1,259)
2024		(1,259)
2025		(1,259)
2026		(1,259)
2027		(1,259)
Thereafter		(8,333)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can be found at the link above.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contribution based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of member contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of member contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Member Contribution Rates *For the Plan Year								
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental						
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05						
30-34	0.06	0.06						
35-39	0.07	0.07						
40-44	0.08	0.08						
45-49	0.12	0.12						
50-54	0.22	0.22						
55-59	0.39	0.39						
60-64	0.49	0.49						
65-69	0.57	0.57						

*Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$379 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported a liability of \$109,631 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.01854900%, which was a decrease of 0.00072300% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$13,535.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ 5,577
Net differences between projected and investment earnings on plan investments	1,425	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions	33,123	5,314
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,597	5,759
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,881	
Total	\$ 45,026	<u>\$ 16,650</u>

\$1,881 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	Outf Resou Deferre of Re	Ferred lows of rces and ed Inflows sources Net)
2023	\$	5,782
2024		5,617
2025		5,185
2026		7,246
2027		3,020
Thereafter		(355)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2021
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2021
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020, Published November
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	2.06%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	2.17%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.10% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
US Intermediate Credit Bonds US Long Credit Bonds US Mortgages	Bloomberg US Interm Credit Bloomberg US Long Credit Bloomberg US MBS	45.00 5.00 50.00	1.68 1.82 1.94
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Re	eturn		4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of users and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (1.17%)			Current scount Rate (2.17%)	 1% Increase to Discount Rate (3.17%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	148,730	\$	109,631	\$ 80,211	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 1,418,374	\$ 1,418,374	\$-
	431,805	431,968	 163
Intergovernmental			
Licenses and permits	92,300 145 075	94,569	2,269
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	145,075	107,635	(37,440)
Public charges for services	82,275	125,348	43,073
Investment income	3,000	18,221	15,221
Interdepartmental revenues	78,000	78,000	-
Miscellaneous revenue	9,100	11,507	2,407
Total revenues	2,259,929	2,285,622	25,693
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	759,746	737,591	22,155
Public safety	1,147,727	1,178,350	(30,623)
Public works	288,436	302,244	(13,808)
Health and sanitation	103,000	105,046	(2,046)
Capital outlay	6,020	6,123	(103)
Total expenditures	2,304,929	2,329,354	(24,425)
Excess of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	(45,000)	(43,732)	1,268
on portantal oc	(10,000)	(10,102)	1,200
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	476	476
Transfer in	45,000	46,572	1,572
Transfer out		(398)	(398)
Total other financing sources (uses)	45,000	46,650	1,650
Excess of revenues over (under) and other			
financing sources over expenditures and			
other financing sources, budgetary basis	\$ -	2,918	\$ 2,918
Adjustment to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles Basis			
Revenue credited to designated funds		9,826	
Expenditures charged to designated funds		(8,244)	
Net change in fund balance		4,500	
Fund Balance, Beginning		705,627	
Fund Balance, Ending		\$ 710,127	

See notes to required supplementary information.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund - Library Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	96,347	\$	96,347	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		9,431		11,574		2,143	
Public charges for services		5,112		4,527		(585)	
Miscellaneous revenue		900		1,715		815	
Total revenues		111,790		114,163		2,373	
Expenditures Current:							
Library, parks and recreation		111,790		109,519		2,271	
Total expenditures		111,790		109,519		2,271	
Net change in fund balance	\$			4,644	\$	4,644	
Fund Balance, Beginning				24,578			
Fund Balance, Ending			\$	29,222			

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) -Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2022

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sł Ne	oportionate hare of the et Pension pility (Asset)	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2014	0.00787827 %	\$	(193,512)	\$ 838,206	23.09 %	102.74 %
12/31/2015	0.00776516 %		126,182	927,155	13.61 %	98.20 %
12/31/2016	0.00784969 %		64,700	924,216	7.00 %	99.12 %
12/31/2017	0.00821583 %		(243,937)	953,656	25.58 %	102.93 %
12/31/2018	0.00843778 %		300,189	984,570	30.49 %	96.45 %
12/31/2019	0.00870006 %		(280,548)	1,026,911	27.32 %	102.96 %
12/31/2020	0.00900326 %		(562,086)	1,087,279	51.70 %	105.26 %
12/31/2021	0.00935623 %		(754,129)	1,173,902	64.24 %	106.02 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2022

Village Fiscal Year Ending	R	tractually equired tributions	Rela Con R	tributions in tion to the tractually equired tributions	Defic	bution iency cess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2015	\$	76,515	\$	76,515	\$	-	\$ 927,155	8.25 %
12/31/2016		75,234		75,234		-	924,216	8.14 %
12/31/2017		87,726		87,726		-	953,656	9.20 %
12/31/2018		93,612		93,612		-	984,570	9.51 %
12/31/2019		93,934		93,934		-	1,026,911	9.15 %
12/31/2020		107,761		107,761		-	1,087,279	9.91 %
12/31/2021		110,891		110,891		-	1,173,902	9.45 %
12/31/2022		124,251		124,251		-	1,268,159	9.80 %

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -Village Retiree Benefits Plan Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 4,546	\$ 4,430	\$ 4,607	\$ 6,152	\$ 6,334
Interest	4,024	4,205	4,044	1,599	1,589
Prior year activity	96,065	-	-	-	-
Changes in benefits	-	-	(7,314)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	(26,049)	-	(967)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	5,270	391	2,635
Benefit payments	 (3,933)	 (4,972)	 (6,519)	 (5,952)	 (6,889)
Net change in total OPEB liability	100,702	3,663	(25,961)	2,190	2,702
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	 	 100,702	 104,365	 78,404	 80,594
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 100,702	\$ 104,365	\$ 78,404	\$ 80,594	\$ 83,296
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,059,880	\$ 1,059,880	\$ 1,139,306	\$ 1,171,207	\$ 1,311,248
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.50%	9.85%	6.88%	6.88%	6.35%

Note: This schedule is to show information for 10 years.

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of The Net OPEB Liability -Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

Plan Fiscal Year End	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Sha No	portionate are of the et OPEB .iability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/2017	0.01738800 %	\$	52,313	\$ 731,215	7.15 %	44.81 %
12/31/2018	0.01492300 %		38,506	924,000	4.17 %	48.69 %
12/31/2019	0.01742300 %		74,191	943,000	7.87 %	37.58 %
12/31/2020	0.01927200 %		106,010	1,068,000	9.93 %	31.36 %
12/31/2021	0.01854900 %		109,631	1,039,000	10.55 %	29.57 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Year Ended December, 2022

Village Fiscal Year End	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2018	\$	1,739	\$	1,739	\$	-	\$	985,919	0.18 %
12/31/2019		2,190		2,190		-		1,008,979	0.22 %
12/31/2020		2,028		2,028		-		1,087,279	0.19 %
12/31/2021		1,759		1,759		-		1,173,902	0.15 %
12/31/2022		1,881		1,881		-		1,268,159	0.15 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2022

Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes in assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the footnotes above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Village Retiree Benefits Plan

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions. Several actuarial assumptions changed from the prior year, including the single discount rate, long-term expected rate of return and expected inflation. Please refer to the Actuarial Assumptions section in Note 5 for additional details.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues	* 	* 550 000	^
Taxes Investment income	\$	\$	\$ - (378)
Total revenues	554,329	553,951	(378)
Expenditures Debt service:			
Principal retirement	376,983	374,531	2,452
Interest and fiscal charges	177,346	146,484	30,862
Total expenditures	554,329	521,015	33,314
Net changes in fund balance	\$ -	32,936	\$ 32,936
Fund Balances, Beginning		44,354	
Fund Balances, Ending		\$ 77,290	

Village of Butler Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Capi	tal Projects	Special Revenue Park and				Total Nonmajor Governmental	
	Equipment			Recreation		ARPA	Fund	
Assets								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	386,168	\$	13,293	\$	45,287	\$	444,748
Taxes		138,600		16,700		-		155,300
Total assets	\$	524,768	\$	29,993	\$	45,287	\$	600,048
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	39	\$	-	\$	39
Due to other funds Unearned Revenue		-		-		- 45,287		- 45,287
Total liabilities		-		39		45,287		45,326
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenues		138,600		16,700		-		155,300
Fund Balances								
Committed		386,168		13,254		-		399,422
Total fund balances		386,168		13,254				399,422
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	524,768	\$	29,993	\$	45,287	\$	600,048

Village of Butler

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Capi	tal Projects	P	Special ark and	Revenue	9	Total onmajor vernmental
	Ec	uipment		ecreation		ARPA	 Fund
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Public charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous revenue	\$	146,154 48,912 - 3,833	\$	17,300 - 5,990 -	\$	- 55,530 - -	\$ 163,454 104,442 5,990 3,833
Total revenues		198,899		23,290		55,530	 277,719
Expenditures Current: Library, parks and recreation Capital outlay		- 105,636		28,928		-	28,928 105,636
Total expenditures		105,636		28,928		-	 134,564
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		93,263		(5,638)		55,530	 143,155
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in		5,000 -		- 398		-	 5,000 398
Total Other Financing Sources		5,000		398		-	 5,398
Net change in fund balance		98,263		(5,240)		55,530	 148,553
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning		287,905		18,494		(55,530)	 250,869
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	386,168	\$	13,254	\$	-	\$ 399,422

OTHER INFORMATION

Village of Butler Comparative Schedule of Taxes and Valuation Data 2018 - 2022 Tax Rolls

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
County Taxes	\$ 487,503	\$ 449,764	\$ 448,385	\$ 459,141	\$ 471,174
Local Taxes Village purposes Local schools Vocational school	2,026,846 2,403,604 93,381	2,031,542 2,272,995 89,016	2,033,540 2,209,887 89,331	2,231,405 2,179,502 82,364	2,356,465 2,376,125 82,496
Total general property taxes	5,011,334	4,843,317	4,781,143	4,952,412	5,286,260
Other	2,272	328	100	5,813	4,390
Delinquent Utility Charges	58,923	69,158	71,403	71,683	62,989
Aggregate amount of tax bill	\$ 5,072,529	\$ 4,912,803	\$ 4,852,646	\$ 5,029,908	\$ 5,353,639
Assessed Valuation	\$ 248,071,090	\$ 251,291,400	\$ 251,267,310	\$ 253,751,880	\$ 249,492,680
Equalized Valuation	\$ 257,936,700	\$ 247,158,600	\$ 254,259,700	\$ 272,554,800	\$ 308,207,100
Ratio of Assessment	96.18%	101.67%	98.82%	93.10%	80.95%

APPENDIX B

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION

(See following pages)

Quarles & Brady LLP 411 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

May 1, 2024

Re: Village of Butler, Wisconsin ("Issuer") \$1,165,000 Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A, dated May 1, 2024 ("Bonds")

We have acted as bond counsel to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. In such capacity, we have examined such law and such certified proceedings, certifications, and other documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

The Bonds are issued pursuant to Section 66.0621, Wisconsin Statutes, and a resolution adopted by the Village Board of the Issuer on March 19, 2024, as supplemented by the Approving Certificate, dated ______, 2024 (collectively, the "Bond Resolution"). The Issuer covenanted in the Bond Resolution that revenues of the Water System (the "System") of the Issuer which are deposited in the Special Redemption Fund provided by the Bond Resolution (the "Revenues") shall at all times be sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds as the same falls due.

The Bonds are numbered from R-1 and upward; bear interest at the rates set forth below; and mature on May 1 of each year, in the years and principal amounts as follows:

Year	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2026	\$40,000	%
2027	45,000	
2028	45,000	
2029	45,000	
2030	50,000	
2031	50,000	
2032	55,000	
2033	55,000	
2034	55,000	
2035	60,000	
2036	60,000	
2037	65,000	
2038	65,000	
2039	70,000	
2040	75,000	
2041	75,000	
2042	80,000	
_•••		

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Year	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2043	\$85,000	%
2044	90,000	

Interest is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year commencing on May 1, 2025.

The Bonds maturing on May 1, 2034 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on May 1, 2033 or on any date thereafter. Said Bonds are redeemable as a whole or in part, and if in part, from maturities selected by the Issuer, and within each maturity by lot, at the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

[The Bonds maturing in the years _______ are subject to mandatory redemption by lot as provided in the Bonds, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption and without premium.]

We further certify that we have examined a sample of the Bonds and find the same to be in proper form.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion under existing law that:

1. The Issuer is duly created and validly existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Wisconsin with the power to adopt the Bond Resolution, perform the agreements on its part contained therein and issue the Bonds.

2. The Bond Resolution has been duly adopted by the Issuer and constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Issuer enforceable upon the Issuer.

3. The Bonds have been lawfully authorized and issued by the Issuer pursuant to the laws of the State of Wisconsin now in force and are valid and binding special obligations of the Issuer in accordance with their terms payable solely from the Revenues of the System. The Bonds, together with interest thereon, do not constitute an indebtedness of the Issuer nor a charge against its general credit or taxing power.

4. The interest on the Bonds is excludable for federal income tax purposes from the gross income of the owners of the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") on individuals; however, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining "adjusted financial statement income" for purposes of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on Applicable Corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code). The Code contains requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for interest on the Bonds to be or continue to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of those requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The Issuer has agreed to comply with all of those requirements. The opinion set forth in the first sentence of this paragraph is subject to the

condition that the Issuer comply with those requirements. We express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

We express no opinion regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement or any other offering material relating to the Bonds. Further, we express no opinion regarding tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds other than as expressly set forth herein.

We express no opinion regarding the creation, perfection or priority of any security interest in the Revenues or other funds created by the Bond Resolution or on the sufficiency of the Revenues.

The rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

QUARLES & BRADY LLP

APPENDIX C

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

- The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the securities (the "Securities"). The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Security certificate will be issued for [each issue of] the Securities, [each] in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC. [If, however, the aggregate principal amount of [any] issue exceeds \$500 million, one certificate will be issued with respect to each \$500 million of principal amount, and an additional certificate will be issued with respect to any remaining principal amount of such issue.]
- 2. DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues. corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.
- 3. Purchases of Securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Security ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.
- 4. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Securities; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

- 5. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. [Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Securities, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Securities for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.]
- 6. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.
- 7. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Village as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).
- 8. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Village or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or the Village, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Village or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of DTC.
- 9. A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Securities purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Securities by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Securities, on DTC's records, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Securities in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Securities are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Securities to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent's DTC account.
- 10. DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Village or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Security certificates are required to be printed and delivered.
- 11. The Village may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Security certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.
- 12. The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Village believes to be reliable, but the Village takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

(See following pages)

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the "Disclosure Certificate") is executed and delivered by the Village of Butler, Waukesha County, Wisconsin (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$1,165,000 Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A, dated May 1, 2024 (the "Securities"). The Securities are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted on March 19, 2024, as supplemented by an Approving Certificate, dated _______, 2024 (collectively, the "Resolution") and delivered to _______ (the "Purchaser") on the date hereof. Pursuant to the Resolution, the Issuer has covenanted and agreed to provide continuing disclosure of certain financial information and operating data annually and timely notices of the occurrence of certain events. In addition, the Issuer hereby specifically covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1(a). Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders of the Securities in order to assist the Participating Underwriters within the meaning of the Rule (defined herein) in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). The Issuer is an obligated person with respect to not more than \$10,000,000 in aggregate amount of outstanding municipal securities (including the Securities but excluding obligations exempt from the Rule). References in this Disclosure Certificate to holders of the Securities shall include the beneficial owners of the Securities. This Disclosure Certificate constitutes the written Undertaking required by the Rule.

<u>Section 1(b). Filing Requirements</u>. Any filing under this Disclosure Certificate must be made solely by transmitting such filing to the MSRB (defined herein) through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System at <u>www.emma.msrb.org</u> in the format prescribed by the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB shall be accompanied by the identifying information prescribed by the MSRB.

<u>Section 2. Definitions</u>. In addition to the defined terms set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" means any annual report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the Issuer's annual financial statements, which are currently prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and which the Issuer intends to continue to prepare in substantially the same form.

"Final Official Statement" means the Final Official Statement dated ______, 2024 delivered in connection with the Securities, which is available from the MSRB.

"Financial Obligation" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

"Fiscal Year" means the fiscal year of the Issuer.

"Governing Body" means the Village Board of the Issuer or such other body as may hereafter be the chief legislative body of the Issuer.

"Issuer" means the Village of Butler, Waukesha County, Wisconsin, which is the obligated person with respect to the Securities.

"Issuer Contact" means the Village Administrator/Clerk of the Issuer who can be contacted at 12621 West Hampton Avenue, Butler, Wisconsin 53007, phone (262) 783-2525, fax (262) 783-2522.

"Listed Event" means any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Certificate.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Participating Underwriter" means any of the original underwriter(s) of the Securities (including the Purchaser) required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Securities.

"Rule" means SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time, and official interpretations thereof.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Section 3. Provision of Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements.

(a) The Issuer shall, not later than 365 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, commencing with the year ending December 31, 2023, provide the MSRB with an Annual Report filed in accordance with Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate and which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the Audited Financial Statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and that, if Audited Financial Statements are not available within 365 days after the end of the Fiscal Year, unaudited financial information will be provided, and Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to the MSRB when and if available.

<u>Section 4. Content of Annual Report</u>. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference financial information and operating data that is customarily prepared and publicly available, to wit:

- 1. Audited Financial Statements; and
- 2. The Issuer's adopted annual budget.

Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's Internet website or filed with the SEC. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such other document so incorporated by reference.

Section 5. Reporting of Listed Events.

(a) This Section 5 shall govern the giving of notices of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Securities:

- 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- 2. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
- 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Securities;
- 7. Modification to rights of holders of the Securities, if material;
- 8. Securities calls, if material, and tender offers;
- 9. Defeasances;
- 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Securities, if material;
- 11. Rating changes;
- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;

- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- 15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which affect holders of the Securities, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For the purposes of the event identified in subsection (a)12. above, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.

(b) When a Listed Event occurs, the Issuer shall, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Listed Event, file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a) (8) and (9) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Securities pursuant to the Resolution.

(c) Unless otherwise required by law, the Issuer shall submit the information in the format prescribed by the MSRB, as described in Section 1(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

<u>Section 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all the Securities.

<u>Section 7. Issuer Contact; Agent</u>. Information may be obtained from the Issuer Contact. Additionally, the Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a dissemination agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor dissemination agent. <u>Section 8. Amendment; Waiver</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution or this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, if the following conditions are met:

(a)(i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature, or status of the Issuer, or the type of business conducted; or

(ii) This Disclosure Certificate, as amended or waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of beneficial owners of the Securities, as determined and certified to the Issuer by an underwriter, financial advisor, bond counsel or trustee.

In the event this Disclosure Certificate is amended for any reason other than to cure any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or typographical errors that may be contained herein, the Issuer agrees the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment shall include an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change, if any, on the type of financial statements or operating data being provided.

If the amendment concerns the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, then the Issuer agrees that it will give an event notice and that the next Annual Report it submits after such amendment will include a comparison between financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

Section 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of a Listed Event.

<u>Section 10. Default</u>. (a) Except as described in the Final Official Statement, in the previous five years, the Issuer has not failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports or notices of events.

(b) In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate any holder of the Securities may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Resolution and this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default with respect to the Securities and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

<u>Section 11. Beneficiaries</u>. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Participating Underwriters and holders from time to time of the Securities, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have executed this Certificate in our official capacities effective the 1st day of May, 2024.

Paul Kasdorf President

(SEAL)

Benjamin Hubrich Village Administrator/Clerk

APPENDIX E

NOTICE OF SALE

\$1,165,000* WATER SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2024A VILLAGE OF BUTLER, WISCONSIN

Bids for the purchase of \$1,165,000* Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds") of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin (the "Village") will be received at the offices of Ehlers and Associates, Inc. ("Ehlers"), 3060 Centre Pointe Drive, Roseville, Minnesota 55113-1105, municipal advisors to the Village, until 10:30 A.M., Central Time, and **ELECTRONIC PROPOSALS** will be received via <u>bondsale@ehlers-inc.com</u> or **PARITY**, in the manner described below, until 10:30 A.M. Central Time, on April 17, 2024, at which time they will be opened, read and tabulated. The Village Board adopted a resolution on March 19, 2024 (the "Parameters Resolution"), which authorized the Village Administrator or the Village President to accept a bid for the Bonds if the parameters and conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution are met. If the parameters and conditions set forth in the Village President have the authority to award the sale of the Bonds, and all bids will be rejected.

AUTHORITY; PURPOSE; SECURITY

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Section 66.0621, Wisconsin Statutes, by the Village, to provide funds for the public purpose of paying the cost of additions, improvements and extensions to the Village's Water System (the "Water System"). The Bonds are not general obligations of the Village but are payable only from and secured by a pledge of the net revenue of the Village's Water System.

DATES AND MATURITIES

The Bonds will be dated May 1, 2024, will be issued as fully registered Bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof, and will mature on May 1 as follows:

Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*
2026	\$40,000	2033	\$55,000	2040	\$75,000
2027	45,000	2034	55,000	2041	75,000
2028	45,000	2035	60,000	2042	80,000
2029	45,000	2036	60,000	2043	85,000
2030	50,000	2037	65,000	2044	90,000
2031	50,000	2038	65,000		
2032	55,000	2039	70,000		

ADJUSTMENT OPTION

The Village reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each, up to a maximum of \$15,000 per maturity. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread per \$1,000.

TERM BOND OPTION

Bids for the Bonds may contain a maturity schedule providing for any combination of serial bonds and term bonds, subject to mandatory redemption, so long as the amount of principal maturing or subject to mandatory redemption in each year conforms to the maturity schedule set forth above. All dates are inclusive.

INTEREST PAYMENT DATES AND RATES

Interest will be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2025, to the registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month. Interest will be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY FORMAT

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Bonds will be designated in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds, and will be responsible for maintaining a book-entry system for recording the interests of its participants and the transfers of interests between its participants. The participants will be responsible for maintaining records regarding the beneficial interests of the individual purchasers of the Bonds. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, all payments of principal and interest will be made to the depository which, in turn, will be obligated to remit such payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds.

PAYING AGENT

The Village has selected Bond Trust Services Corporation, Roseville, Minnesota ("BTSC"), to act as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). BTSC and Ehlers are affiliate companies. The Village will pay the charges for Paying Agent services. The Village reserves the right to remove the Paying Agent and to appoint a successor.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

At the option of the Village, the Bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2034 shall be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on May 1, 2033 or on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of optional redemption.

Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the selection of the amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be at the discretion of the Village. If only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for redemption, then the Village or Paying Agent, if any, will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant's interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interest in such maturity to be redeemed.

Notice of such call shall be given by sending a notice by registered or certified mail, facsimile or electronic transmission, overnight delivery service or in any other manner required by DTC, not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

DELIVERY

On or about May 1, 2024, the Bonds will be delivered without cost to the winning bidder at DTC. On the day of closing, the Village will furnish to the winning bidder the opinion of bond counsel hereinafter described, an arbitrage certification, and certificates verifying that no litigation in any manner questioning the validity of the Bonds is then pending or, to the best knowledge of officers of the Village, threatened. Payment for the Bonds must be received by the Village at its designated depository on the date of closing in immediately available funds.

LEGAL OPINION

An opinion as to the validity of the Bonds and the exemption from federal taxation of the interest thereon will be furnished by Quarles & Brady LLP, Bond Counsel to the Village ("Bond Counsel"), and will be available at the time of delivery of the Bonds. The legal opinion will be issued on the basis of existing law and will state that the Bonds are valid and binding special obligations of the Village; provided that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles (which may be applied in either a legal or equitable proceeding).

STATEMENT REGARDING COUNSEL PARTICIPATION

Bond Counsel has not assumed responsibility for the Preliminary Official Statement or participated in its preparation (except with respect to the section entitled "TAX EXEMPTION" in the Preliminary Official Statement and the "FORM OF LEGAL OPINION" found in Appendix B of the Preliminary Official Statement).

SUBMISSION OF BIDS

Bids must not be for less than \$1,150,437.50 plus accrued interest on the principal sum of \$1,165,000 from date of original issue of the Bonds to date of delivery. Prior to the time established above for the opening of bids, interested parties may submit a bid as follows:

- 1) Electronically to <u>bondsale@ehlers-inc.com</u>; or
- 2) Electronically via PARITY in accordance with this Notice of Sale until 10:30 A.M. Central Time, but no bid will be received after the time for receiving bids specified above. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY conflict with this Notice of Sale, the terms of this Notice of Sale shall control. For further information about PARITY, potential bidders may contact IHS Markit (now part of S&P Global) at https://ihsmarkit.com/products/municipal-issuance.html or via telephone (844) 301-7334.

Bids must be submitted to Ehlers via one of the methods described above and must be received prior to the time established above for the opening of bids. Each bid must be unconditional except as to legality. Neither the Village nor Ehlers shall be responsible for any failure to receive a facsimile submission.

A good faith deposit ("Deposit") in the amount of \$23,300 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire transfer of funds. Such Deposit shall be received by Ehlers no later than two hours after the bid opening time. Wire transfer instructions will be provided to the winning bidder by Ehlers after the tabulation of bids. The Village reserves the right to award the Bonds to a winning bidder whose wire transfer is initiated but not received by such time provided that such winning bidder's federal wire reference number has been received by such time. In the event the Deposit is not received as provided above, the Village may award the Bonds to the bidder submitting the next best bid provided such bidder agrees to such award. The Deposit will be retained by the Village as liquidated damages if the bid is accepted and the Purchaser fails to comply therewith.

The Village and the winning bidder who chooses to so wire the Deposit hereby agree irrevocably that Ehlers shall be the escrow holder of the Deposit wired to such account subject only to these conditions and duties: 1) All income earned thereon shall be retained by the escrow holder as payment for its expenses; 2) If the bid is not accepted, Ehlers shall, at its expense, promptly return the Deposit amount to the winning bidder; 3) If the bid is accepted, the Deposit shall be returned to the winning bidder at the closing; 4) Ehlers shall bear all costs of maintaining the escrow account and returning the funds to the winning bidder; 5) Ehlers shall not be an insurer of the Deposit amount and shall have no liability hereunder except if it willfully fails to perform or recklessly disregards, its duties specified herein; and 6) FDIC insurance on deposits within the escrow account shall be limited to \$250,000 per bidder.

No bid can be withdrawn after the time set for receiving bids unless the meeting of the Village scheduled for award of the Bonds is adjourned, recessed, or continued to another date without award of the Bonds having been made.

AWARD

The Bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering the lowest interest rate to be determined on a True Interest Cost (TIC) basis. The Village's computation of the interest rate of each bid, in accordance with customary practice, will be controlling. In the event of a tie, the sale of the Bonds will be awarded by lot. The Village reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds will not be awarded if the TIC (taking the purchaser's compensation into account) exceeds 4.57% or if the other conditions set forth in the Parameters Resolution are not satisfied.

BOND INSURANCE

If the Bonds are qualified for any bond insurance policy, the purchase of such policy shall be at the sole option and expense of the winning bidder. Any cost for such insurance policy is to be paid by the winning bidder, except that, if the Village requested and received a rating on the Bonds from a rating agency, the Village will pay that rating fee. Any rating agency fees not requested by the Village are the responsibility of the winning bidder.

Failure of the municipal bond insurer to issue the policy after the Bonds are awarded to the winning bidder shall not constitute cause for failure or refusal by the winning bidder to accept delivery of the Bonds.

CUSIP NUMBERS

The Village will assume no obligation for the assignment or printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds or for the correctness of any numbers printed thereon, but will permit such numbers to be printed at the expense of the winning bidder, if the winning bidder waives any delay in delivery occasioned thereby.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The Bonds shall be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriter (Syndicate Manager) in complying with the provisions of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 the Village will enter into an undertaking for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds. A description of the details and terms of the undertaking is set forth in Appendix D of the Official Statement.

NEW ISSUE PRICING

The winning bidder will be required to provide, in a timely manner, certain information necessary to compute the yield on the Bonds pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and to provide a certificate which will be provided by Bond Counsel upon request.

(a) The winning bidder shall assist the Village in establishing the issue price of the Bonds and shall execute and deliver to the Village at closing an "issue price" or similar certificate satisfactory to Bond Counsel setting forth the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public or the sales price or prices of the Bonds, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications. All actions to be taken by the Village under this Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Bonds may be taken on behalf of the Village by the Village's municipal advisor identified herein and any notice or report to be provided to the Village may be provided to the Village's municipal advisor.

(b) The Village intends that the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of the Bonds) will apply to the initial sale of the Bonds (the "competitive sale requirements") because:

- (1) The Village shall disseminate this Notice of Sale to potential underwriters in a manner that is reasonably designed to reach potential investors;
- (2) all bidders shall have an equal opportunity to bid;
- (3) the Village may receive bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds; and
- (4) the Village anticipates awarding the sale of the Bonds to the bidder who submits a firm offer to purchase the Bonds at the highest price (or lowest interest cost), as set forth in this Notice of Sale.

Any bid submitted pursuant to this Notice of Sale shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, as specified in this bid.

(c) If all of the requirements of a "competitive sale" are not satisfied, the Village shall advise the winning bidder of such fact prior to the time of award of the sale of the Bonds to the winning bidder. In such event, any bid submitted will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal and the Village agrees to use the rule selected by the winning bidder on its bid form to determine the issue price for the Bonds. On its bid form, each bidder must select one of the following two rules for determining the issue price of the Bonds: (1) the first price at which 10% of a maturity of the Bonds (the "10% test") is sold to the public as the issue price of that maturity or (2) the initial offering price to the public as of the sale date as the issue price of each maturity of the Bonds (the "hold-the-offering-price rule").

(d) <u>If all of the requirements of a "competitive sale" are not satisfied and the winning bidder selects the hold-the-offering-price rule</u>, the winning bidder shall (i) confirm that the underwriters have offered or will offer the Bonds to the public on or before the date of award at the offering price or prices (the "initial offering price"), or at the corresponding yield or yields, set forth in the bid submitted by the winning bidder and (ii) agree, on behalf of the underwriters participating in the purchase of the Bonds, that the underwriters will neither offer nor sell unsold Bonds of any maturity to which the hold-the-offering-price rule shall apply to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price to the public during the period starting on the sale date and ending on the earlier of the following:

(1) the close of the fifth (5^{th}) business day after the sale date; or

(2) the date on which the underwriters have sold at least 10% of that maturity of the Bonds to the public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the public.

The winning bidder will advise the Village promptly after the close of the fifth (5^{th}) business day after the sale whether it has sold 10% of that maturity of the Bonds to the public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the public.

The Village acknowledges that in making the representation set forth above, the winning bidder will rely on:

(i) the agreement of each underwriter to comply with requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, as set forth in an agreement among underwriters and the related pricing wires,

(ii) in the event a selling group has been created in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, the agreement of each dealer who is a member of the selling group to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, as set forth in a selling group agreement and the related pricing wires, and

(iii) in the event that an underwriter or dealer who is a member of the selling group is a party to a third-party distribution agreement that was employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, the agreement of each broker-dealer that is party to such agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, as set forth in the third-party distribution agreement and the related pricing wires. The Village further acknowledges that each underwriter shall be solely liable for its failure to comply with its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, and that no underwriter shall be liable for the failure of any other underwriter, or of any dealer who is a member of a selling group, or of any broker-dealer that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, and that no underwriter shall be liable for the failure of a selling group, or of any broker-dealer that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to comply with its corresponding agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreements for establishing issue price to comply with its corresponding agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule as applicable to the Bonds.

(e) <u>If all of the requirements of a "competitive sale" are not satisfied and the winning bidder selects the 10% test</u>, the winning bidder agrees to promptly report to the Village, Bond Counsel and Ehlers the prices at which the Bonds have been sold to the public. That reporting obligation shall continue, whether or not the closing date has occurred, until either (i) all Bonds of that maturity have been sold or (ii) the 10% test has been satisfied as to each maturity of the Bonds, provided that, the winning bidder's reporting obligation after the Closing Date may be at reasonable periodic intervals or otherwise upon request of the Village or bond counsel.

(f) By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that:

(i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is party to such third-party distribution agreement, as applicable, to:

(A) report the prices at which it sells to the public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allocated to it, whether or not the Closing Date has occurred until either all securities of that maturity allocated to it have been sold or it is notified by the winning bidder that either the 10% test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity, provided that, the reporting obligation after the Closing Date may be at reasonable periodic intervals or otherwise upon request of the Village or bond counsel.

(B) comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires, and

(ii) any agreement among underwriters or selling group agreement relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group and each broker dealer that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to:

(A) to promptly notify the winning bidder of any sales of Bonds that, to its knowledge, are made to a purchaser who is a related party to an underwriter participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public (each such term being used as defined below), and

(B) to acknowledge that, unless otherwise advised by the underwriter, dealer or broker-dealer, the winning bidder shall assume that each order submitted by the underwriter, dealer or broker-dealer is a sale to the public.

(g) Sales of any Bonds to any person that is a related party to an underwriter participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public (each term being used as defined below) shall not constitute sales to the public for purposes of this Notice of Sale. Further, for purposes of this Notice of Sale:

- (i) "public" means any person other than an underwriter or a related party,
- (ii) "underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Village (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public),
- (iii) a purchaser of any of the Bonds is a "related party" to an underwriter if the underwriter and the purchaser are subject, directly or indirectly, to (A) more than 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (B) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (C) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
- (iv) "sale date" means the date that the Bonds are awarded by the Village to the winning bidder.

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Bidders may obtain a copy of the Preliminary Official Statement relating to the Bonds prior to the bid opening by request from Ehlers at <u>www.ehlers-inc.com</u> by connecting to the Bond Sales link. The Underwriter (Syndicate Manager) will be provided with an electronic copy of the Final Official Statement within seven business days of the bid acceptance. Up to 10 printed copies of the Final Official Statement will be provided upon request. Additional copies of the Final Official Statement will be available at a cost of \$10.00 per copy.

Information for bidders and bid forms may be obtained from Ehlers at 3060 Centre Pointe Drive, Roseville, Minnesota 55113-1105, Telephone (651) 697-8500.

By Order of the Village Board

Benjamin Hubrich, Village Administrator Village of Butler, Wisconsin

BID FORM

April 17, 2024

Village of Butler, Wisconsin (the "Village")

RE: \$1,165,000* Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds") DATED: May 1, 2024

For all or none of the above Bonds, in accordance with the Notice of Sale and terms of the Global Book-Entry System (unless otherwise specified by the Purchaser) as stated in this Official Statement, we will pay you §______ (not less than \$1,150,437.50) plus accrued interest to date of delivery for fully registered Bonds bearing interest rates and maturing in the stated years as follows:

 % due	2026		% due	2033	% due	2040
 % due	2027		% due	2034	% due	2041
 % due	2028		% due	2035	% due	2042
 % due	2029	-	% due	2036	% due	2043
 % due	2030		% due	2037	% due	2044
 % due	2031		% due	2038		
 % due	2032		% due	2039		

The Village reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each, up to a maximum of \$15,000 per maturity. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread per \$1,000.

A rating for the Bonds may not be requested without contacting Ehlers and receiving the permission of the Village.

All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

A good faith deposit ("Deposit") in the amount of \$23,300 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire transfer of funds. Such Deposit shall be received by Ehlers no later than two hours after the bid opening time. Wire transfer instructions will be provided to the winning bidder by Ehlers after the tabulation of bids. The Village reserves the right to award the Bonds to a winning bidder whose wire transfer is initiated but not received by such time provided that such winning bidder's federal wire reference number has been received by such time. In the event the Deposit is not received as provided above, the Village may award the Bonds to the bidder submitting the next best bid provided such bidder agrees to such award. The Deposit will be retained by the Village as liquidated damages if the bid is accepted and the Purchaser fails to comply therewith. We agree to the conditions and duties of Ehlers and Associates, Inc., as escrow holder of the Deposit, pursuant to the Notice of Sale. This bid is for prompt acceptance and is conditional upon delivery of said Bonds to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, in accordance with the Notice of Sale. Delivery is anticipated to be on or about May 1, 2024.

This bid is subject to the Village's agreement to enter into a written undertaking to provide continuing disclosure under Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as described in the Preliminary Official Statement for the Bonds.

We have received and reviewed the Official Statement, and any addenda thereto, and have submitted our requests for additional information or corrections to the Final Official Statement. As Underwriter (Syndicate Manager), we agree to provide the Village with the reoffering price of the Bonds within 24 hours of the bid acceptance.

This bid is a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds identified in the Notice of Sale, on the terms set forth in this bid form and the Notice of Sale, and is not subject to any conditions, except as permitted by the Notice of Sale.

By submitting this bid, we confirm that we are an underwriter and have an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds. YES: _____ NO: ____.

If the competitive sale requirements are not met, we elect to use either the:	10% test, or the	_hold-the-offering-price rule to determine the
issue price of the Bonds.		

By:

Account Manager:	
Account Members:	

Award will be on a true interest cost basis. According to our computations (the correct computation being controlling in the award), the total dollar interest cost (including any discount or less any premium) computed from May 1, 2024 of the above bid is \$______and the true interest cost (TIC) is %.

The foregoing offer is hereby accepted by and on behalf of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin, on April 17, 2024.

1	B	y:

Title: