PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED JANUARY 8, 2024

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds (i) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by Section 55 of the Code, (iii) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, and (iv) is not an item of tax preference for Minnesota alternative minimum tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds may, however, be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) and is included in net income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions. See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS" herein.

New Issue

Rating Application Made: Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 (SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS), MINNESOTA

(Houston County)

(Minnesota School District Credit Enhancement Program)
\$12,195,000* GENERAL OBLIGATION SCHOOL BUILDING BONDS, SERIES 2024A

PROPOSAL OPENING: January 16, 2024, 9:30 A.M., C.T. **CONSIDERATION**: January 16, 2024, 7:00 P.M., C.T.

PURPOSE/AUTHORITY/SECURITY: The \$12,195,000* General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds") are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 475, as amended, and a special election held November 7, 2023, by Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota (the "District"), for the purpose of financing the acquisition and betterment of school sites and facilities in the District. The Bonds will be general obligations of the District for which its full faith and credit and taxing powers are pledged. Delivery is subject to receipt of an approving legal opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

DATE OF BONDS: February 8, 2024 **MATURITY:** February 1 as follows:

Year	Amount*	Year	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*
2025	\$440,000	2032	\$515,000	2039	\$705,000
2026	455,000	2033	540,000	2040	735,000
2027	480,000	2034	570,000	2041	765,000
2028	540,000	2035	595,000	2042	795,000
2029	450,000	2036	625,000	2043	830,000
2030	470,000	2037	650,000	2044	865,000
2031	490,000	2038	680,000		

*MATURITY
ADJUSTMENTS:

The District reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same

gross spread per \$1,000.

TERM BONDS: See "Term Bond Option" herein.

INTEREST: August 1, 2024 and semiannually thereafter.

OPTIONALBonds maturing on February 1, 2033 and thereafter are subject to call for prior optional redemption on February 1, 2032 or any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of

optional redemption.

MINIMUM PROPOSAL: \$12,195,000.

GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT: A good faith deposit in the amount of \$243,900 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire

transfer of funds.

PAYING AGENT: Bond Trust Services Corporation.

BOND COUNSEL: Dorsey & Whitney LLP. **MUNICIPAL ADVISOR:** Ehlers and Associates, Inc.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY: See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein (unless otherwise specified by the purchaser).







REPRESENTATIONS

No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the District to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Preliminary Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District. This Preliminary Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Bonds in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction.

This Preliminary Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the Underwriter (Syndicate Manager). Statements contained herein which involve estimates or matters of opinion are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact. Ehlers and Associates, Inc. prepared this Preliminary Official Statement and any addenda thereto relying on information of the District and other sources for which there is reasonable basis for believing the information is accurate and complete. Bond Counsel has not participated in the preparation of this Preliminary Official Statement and is not expressing any opinion as to the completeness or accuracy of the information contained therein. Compensation of Ehlers and Associates, Inc., payable entirely by the District, is contingent upon the delivery of the Bonds.

COMPLIANCE WITH S.E.C. RULE 15c2-12

Certain municipal obligations (issued in an aggregate amount over \$1,000,000) are subject to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule").

Preliminary Official Statement: This Preliminary Official Statement was prepared for the District for dissemination to potential investors. Its primary purpose is to disclose information regarding the Bonds to prospective underwriters in the interest of receiving competitive proposals in accordance with the sale notice contained herein. Unless an addendum is posted prior to the sale, this Preliminary Official Statement shall be deemed nearly final for purposes of the Rule subject to completion, revision and amendment in a Final Official Statement as defined below.

Review Period: This Preliminary Official Statement has been distributed to prospective bidders for review. Comments or requests for the correction of omissions or inaccuracies must be submitted to Ehlers and Associates, Inc. at least two business days prior to the sale. Requests for additional information or corrections in the Preliminary Official Statement received on or before this date will <u>not</u> be considered a qualification of a proposal received from an underwriter. If there are any changes, corrections or additions to the Preliminary Official Statement, interested bidders will be informed by an addendum prior to the sale.

Final Official Statement: Copies of the Final Official Statement will be delivered to the underwriter (Syndicate Manager) within seven business days following the proposal acceptance.

Continuing Disclosure: Subject to certain exemptions, issues in an aggregate amount over \$1,000,000 may be required to comply with provisions of the Rule which require that underwriters obtain from the issuers of municipal securities (or other obligated party) an agreement for the benefit of the owners of the securities to provide continuing disclosure with respect to those securities. This Preliminary Official Statement describes the conditions under which the District is required to comply with the Rule.

CLOSING CERTIFICATES

Upon delivery of the Bonds, the underwriter (Syndicate Manager) will be furnished with the following items: (1) a certificate of the appropriate officials to the effect that at the time of the sale of the Bonds and all times subsequent thereto up to and including the time of the delivery of the Bonds, this Preliminary Official Statement did not and does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (2) a receipt signed by the appropriate officer evidencing payment for the Bonds; (3) a certificate evidencing the due execution of the Bonds, including statements that (a) no litigation of any nature is pending, or to the knowledge of signers, threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, (b) neither the corporate existence or boundaries of the District nor the title of the signers to their respective offices is being contested, and (c) no authority or proceedings for the issuance of the Bonds have been repealed, revoked or rescinded; and (4) a certificate setting forth facts and expectations of the District which indicates that the District does not expect to use the proceeds of the Bonds in a manner that would cause them to be arbitrage bonds within the meaning of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or within the meaning of applicable Treasury Regulations.

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SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHOOL BOARD

		Term Expires
Aaron Solum	Board Chair	January 2025
Stephanie Jaster	Vice Chair	January 2025
Kelly Rohland	Clerk	January 2027
Aric Elton	Member	January 2025
Rhan Flatin	Member	January 2027
Angie Solie	Member	January 2027

ADMINISTRATION

Rachel Udstuen, Superintendent of Schools Tanya Elton, District Accountant

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Ratwik, Roszak & Maloney, P.A., District Attorney, St. Paul, Minnesota

Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, Minneapolis, Minnesota

Ehlers and Associates, Inc., Municipal Advisors, Roseville, Minnesota (Other office located in Waukesha, Wisconsin)

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Preliminary Official Statement contains certain information regarding Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota (the "District") and the issuance of its \$12,195,000* General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds"). Any descriptions or summaries of the Bonds, statutes, or documents included herein are not intended to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such statutes and documents and the form of the Bonds to be included in the resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of the Bonds ("Award Resolution") to be adopted by the School Board on January 16, 2024.

Inquiries may be directed to Ehlers and Associates, Inc. ("Ehlers" or the "Municipal Advisor"), Roseville, Minnesota, (651) 697-8500, the District's municipal advisor. A copy of this Preliminary Official Statement may be downloaded from Ehlers' web site at www.ehlers-inc.com by connecting to the Bond Sales link and following the directions at the top of the site.

THE BONDS

GENERAL

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form as to both principal and interest in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof, and will be dated, as originally issued, as of February 8, 2024. The Bonds will mature on February 1 in the years and amounts set forth on the cover of this Preliminary Official Statement. Interest will be payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2024, to the registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month. Interest will be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. (For example, if a rate of 4.50% is proposed for the 2025 maturity, then the lowest rate that may be proposed for any later maturity is 2.50%.) All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from the date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). (See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein.) As long as the Bonds are held under the book-entry system, beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds may be acquired in book-entry form only, and all payments of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds shall be made through the facilities of DTC and its participants. If the book-entry system is terminated, principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds shall be payable as provided in the Award Resolution.

The District has selected Bond Trust Services Corporation, Roseville, Minnesota ("BTSC"), to act as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). BTSC and Ehlers are affiliate companies. The District will pay the charges for Paying Agent services. The District reserves the right to remove the Paying Agent and to appoint a successor.

*Preliminary, subject to change.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

At the option of the District, the Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2033 shall be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on February 1, 2032 or any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of optional redemption.

Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the selection of the amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be at the discretion of the District. If only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for redemption, then the District or Paying Agent, if any, will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant's interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interest in such maturity to be redeemed.

Notice of redemption shall be sent by mail not more than 60 days and not less than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

AUTHORITY; PURPOSE

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 475, as amended, and a special election held November 7, 2023, by the District, at which voters approved a building program by a vote of 374 - 257. Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to provide funds for the acquisition and betterment of school sites and facilities, including but not limited to, replacements, upgrades and improvements to mechanical and electrical systems, roofing, windows, bathrooms, locker rooms and renovation to the kitchen and cafeteria, and career and technical education space.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES*

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Par Amount of Bonds	\$12,195,000	
Reoffering Premium	381,832	
Total Sources		\$12,576,832
Uses		
Total Underwriter's Discount (1.200%)	\$146,340	
Costs of Issuance	106,800	
Deposit to Construction Fund	12,323,692	
Total Uses		\$12,576,832

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

SECURITY

The Bonds will be general obligations of the District to which its full faith and credit and taxing powers are pledged. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District will levy each year an amount not less than 105% of the debt service requirements on the Bonds, less estimated collections of other revenues pledged for payments on the Bonds. In the event funds on hand for payment of principal and interest are at any time insufficient, the District is required to levy additional taxes upon all taxable properties within its boundaries without limit as to rate or amount to make up any deficiency.

RATING

The District will be participating in the State of Minnesota Credit Enhancement Program ("MNCEP") for this issue and is requesting a credit enhanced rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). Moody's has a policy which assigns a minimum rating of "Aa1" to issuers participating in the MNCEP. The "Aa1" rating is based on the State of Minnesota's current "Aaa" rating from Moody's. See "STATE OF MINNESOTA CREDIT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS" for further details.

The District currently has an "A2" underlying rating from Moody's and will be requesting an underlying rating on this issue. Such rating, if any, reflects only the views of such organization and explanations of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Such rating is not to be construed as a recommendation of the rating agency to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and the rating assigned by the rating agency should be evaluated independently. Except as may be required by the Disclosure Undertaking described under the heading "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" neither the District nor the underwriter undertake responsibility to bring to the attention of the owner of the Bonds any proposed changes in or withdrawal of such rating or to oppose any such revision or withdrawal.

STATE OF MINNESOTA CREDIT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS

By resolution adopted for this issue on December 18, 2023 (the "Resolution"), the District has covenanted and obligated itself to be bound by the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.55, as amended, which provides for payment by the State of Minnesota in the event of a potential default of a school district obligation (herein referred to as the "State Payment Law" or the "Law"). The provisions of the State Payment Law shall be binding on the District as long as any obligations of the issue remain outstanding.

Under the State Payment Law, if the District believes it may be unable to make a principal or interest payment for this issue on the due date, it must notify the Commissioner of Education as soon as possible, but not less than 15 working days prior to the due date (which notice is to specify certain information) that it intends to exercise the provisions of the Law to guarantee payment of the principal and interest when due. The District also covenants in the Resolution to deposit with the Paying Agent for the issue three business days prior to the date on which a payment is due an amount sufficient to make that payment or to notify the Commissioner of Education that it will be unable to make all or a portion of the payment.

The Law also requires the Paying Agent for this issue to notify the Commissioner of Education if it becomes aware of a potential default in the payment of principal and interest on these obligations, or if, on the day two business days prior to the payment date, there are insufficient funds to make the payment or deposit with the Paying Agent.

The Law also requires, after receipt of a notice which requests a payment pursuant to the Law, after consultation with the Paying Agent and District, and after verifying the accuracy of the information provided, the Commissioner of Education shall notify the Commissioner of Management and Budget of the potential default. The State Payment Law provides that "upon receipt of this notice . . . the commissioner of management and budget shall issue a payment and authorize the commissioner of education to pay to the paying agent for the debt obligation the specified amount on or before the date due. The amounts needed for the purposes of this subdivision are annually appropriated to the [Department of Education] from the state general fund."

The Law requires that all amounts paid by the State on behalf of any school district are required to be repaid by the district to the State with interest, either via a reduction in State aid payable to the district, or through the levy of an ad valorem tax which may be made with the approval of the Commissioner of Education.

In its Official Statement dated August 1, 2023, for General Obligation State Bonds, Series 2023A, 2023B, 2023C, 2023D and 2023E, the State of Minnesota disclosed the following information about the State Credit Enhancement Program for School Districts:

"As of June 30, 2023, the total amount of principal on certificates of indebtedness and capital notes issued for equipment, certificates of participation and bonds, plus the interest on these obligations, through the year 2050, is approximately \$17,500,000,000. Based upon these currently outstanding balances now enrolled in the program, during the Current Biennium the total amount of principal and interest outstanding as of June 30, 2023, is currently estimated at \$2,700,000,000, with the maximum amount of principal and interest payable in any one month being \$1,060,000,000. However, more certificates of indebtedness, capital notes, certificates of participation and bonds are expected to be enrolled in the program and these amounts are expected to increase.

The State has not had to make any debt service payments on behalf of school districts or intermediate school districts under the program and does not expect to make any payments in the future. If such payments are made the State expects to recover all or substantially all of the amounts so paid pursuant to contractual agreements with the school districts and intermediate school districts."

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist brokers, dealers, and municipal securities dealers, in connection with their participation in the offering of the Bonds, to comply with Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"), the District shall agree to provide certain information to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system, or any system that may be prescribed in the future.

In the Award Resolution, the District will covenant for the benefit of holders including beneficial holders, to provide electronically, or in a manner otherwise prescribed, certain financial information annually and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule (the "Disclosure Undertaking"). The details and terms of the Disclosure Undertaking for the District are set forth in Appendix D. Such Disclosure Undertaking will be in substantially the form attached hereto.

A failure by the District to comply with any Disclosure Undertaking will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. However, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

In the previous five years, the District believes it has not failed to comply in all material respects with its prior undertakings under the Rule. The District has reviewed its continuing disclosure responsibilities along with any changes to the Rule, to ensure compliance. Ehlers is currently engaged as dissemination agent for the District.

LEGAL OPINION

An opinion in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B will be furnished by Dorsey & Whitney LLP ("Bond Counsel"), Minneapolis, Minnesota, bond counsel to the District.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal and Minnesota income tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds. This summary is based on the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial decisions, and published rulings and administrative pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. Any such change could adversely affect the matters discussed below, including the tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. The District has not sought and will not seek any rulings from the IRS regarding the matters discussed below, and there can be no assurance the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position regarding these matters.

Prospective purchasers of Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to applicable federal, state, and local tax rules, and any pending or proposed legislation or regulatory or administrative actions, relating to the Bonds based on their own particular circumstances.

This summary is for general information only and is not intended to constitute a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership, and disposition of Bonds. It does not address the application of the alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers and applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) or the additional tax on net investment income, nor does it address the U.S. federal estate and gift tax or any state, local, or non-U.S. tax consequences except with respect to Minnesota income tax to the extent expressly specified herein. This summary is limited to consequences to U.S. holders that purchase the Bonds for cash at original issue and hold the Bonds as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment).

This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income or state taxation that may be relevant to particular holders of Bonds in light of their specific circumstances or the tax considerations applicable to holders that may be subject to special income tax rules, such as: holders subject to special tax accounting rules under Section 451(b) of the Code; insurance companies; brokers, dealers, or traders in stocks, securities, or currencies or notional principal contracts; foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax; holders receiving payments in respect of the Bonds through foreign entities; and S corporations, partnerships, or other pass-through entities or investors therein.

For purposes of this discussion, the "issue price" of a maturity of Bonds is the first price at which a substantial amount of Bonds of that maturity is sold for cash to persons other than bond houses, brokers, or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents, or wholesalers.

Tax-Exempt Interest

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds (i) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code, (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by Section 55 of the Code, (iii) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, and (iv) is not an item of tax preference for Minnesota alternative minimum tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds may, however, be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) and is included, in net income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions.

The Code establishes certain requirements that must be met after the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excluded from federal gross income and from Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts. These requirements include, but are not limited to, provisions regarding the use of Bond proceeds and the facilities financed or refinanced with such proceeds and restrictions on the investment of Bond proceeds and other amounts. The District has made certain representations and has covenanted to comply with certain restrictions, conditions, and requirements designed to ensure interest on the Bonds will not be included in federal gross income. Inaccuracy of these representations or noncompliance with these covenants may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in federal gross income or in Minnesota taxable net income retroactively to their date of issue. Bond Counsel has not independently verified the accuracy of these representations and will not verify the continuing compliance with these covenants. No provision has been made for redemption of or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds in the event that interest on the Bonds is included in federal gross income or in Minnesota taxable net income.

Original Issue Discount

Bonds may be issued with original issue discount ("OID"). A Bond will be treated as issued with OID (a "Discount Bond") if its "stated redemption price at maturity" (i.e., the sum of all amounts payable on the Bond other than payments of qualified stated interest) exceeds its issue price. OID that accrues to a holder of a Discount Bond is excluded from federal gross income and from Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts to the same extent that stated interest on such Discount Bond would be so excluded. The amount of OID that accrues on a Discount Bond is added to the holder's federal and Minnesota tax bases. OID is taxable under the Minnesota franchise tax on corporations and financial institutions.

OID on a Discount Bond generally accrues pursuant to a constant-yield method that reflects semiannual compounding on dates that are determined by reference to the maturity date of the Discount Bond. The amount of OID that accrues for any particular semiannual accrual period generally is equal to the excess of (1) the product of (a) one-half of the yield on such Discount Bonds (adjusted as necessary for an initial short period) and (b) the adjusted issue price of such Discount Bonds, over (2) the amount of stated interest actually payable. For this purpose, the adjusted issue price is determined by adding to the issue price for such Discount Bonds the OID that is treated as having accrued during all prior accrual periods. If a Discount Bond is sold or otherwise disposed of between compounding dates, then the original issue discount that would have accrued for that accrual period for federal income tax purposes is allocated ratably to the days in that accrual period.

If a Discount Bond is purchased for a cost that exceeds the sum of the issue price plus accrued interest and accrued OID, the amount of OID that is deemed to accrue thereafter to the purchaser is reduced by an amount that reflects amortization of such excess over the remaining term of the Discount Bond. If the excess is greater than the amount of remaining OID, the basis reduction rules for amortizable bond premium may result in taxable gain upon sale or other disposition of the Bonds, even if the Bonds are sold, redeemed, or retired for an amount equal to or less than their cost.

It is possible under certain state and local income tax laws that original issue discount on a Discount Bond may be taxable in the year of accrual and may be deemed to accrue differently than under federal law.

Market Discount

If a Bond is purchased for a cost that is less than the Bond's issue price (plus accrued original issue discount, if any), the purchaser may be treated as having purchased the Bond with market discount (unless a statutory *de minimis* rule applies). Market discount is treated as ordinary income and generally is recognized on the maturity or earlier disposition of the Bond (to the extent that the gain realized does not exceed the accrued market discount on the Bond).

Bond Premium

A holder that acquires a Bond for an amount in excess of its stated redemption price at maturity generally must, from time to time, reduce the holder's federal and Minnesota tax bases for the Bond. Premium generally is amortized for federal income tax purposes and Minnesota income and franchise tax purposes on the basis of a bondholder's constant yield to maturity or to certain call dates with semiannual compounding. Accordingly, holders who acquire Bonds at a premium might recognize taxable gain upon sale of the Bonds, even if such Bonds are sold for an amount equal to or less than their original cost. Amortized premium is not deductible for federal income tax purposes or for purposes of the Minnesota income tax applicable to individuals, estates, and trusts.

Related Tax Considerations

Section 86 of the Code and corresponding provisions of Minnesota law require recipients of certain social security and railroad retirement benefits to take interest on the Bonds into account in determining the taxability of such benefits.

Section 265(a) of the Code denies a deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds, and Minnesota law similarly denies a deduction for such interest in the case of individuals, estates, and trusts. In the case of a financial institution, generally, no deduction is allowed under Section 265(b) of the Code for that portion of the holder's interest expense that is allocable to interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, unless the obligations are "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Indebtedness may be allocated to the Bonds for this purpose even though not directly traceable to the purchase of the Bonds. The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

Income or loss on the Bonds may be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations.

The ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of amounts treated as interest on, the Bonds may affect a holder's federal, state, or local tax liability in some additional circumstances. The nature and extent of these other tax consequences depends upon the particular tax status of the holder and the holder's other items of income or deduction.

Sale or Other Disposition

A holder will generally recognize gain or loss on the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement, or other disposition of a Bond equal to the difference between (i) the amount realized less amounts attributable to any accrued but unpaid stated interest and (ii) the holder's adjusted tax basis in the Bond. The amount realized includes the cash and the fair market value of any property received by the holder in exchange for the Bond. A holder's adjusted tax basis in a Bond generally will be equal to the amount that the holder paid for the Bond, increased by any accrued original issue discount with respect to the Bond and reduced by the amount of any amortized bond premium on the Bond. Except to the extent attributable to market discount (which will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent not previously included in income), any gain or loss will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the holder held the Bond for more than one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by certain non-corporate persons, including individuals, generally are taxable at a reduced rate. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to significant limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments of interest on the Bonds (including any allocable bond premium or accrued original issue discount) and proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the Bonds are expected to be reported to the IRS as required under applicable Treasury Regulations. Backup withholding will apply to these payments if the holder fails to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number and certification that it is not subject to backup withholding (generally on an IRS Form W-9) or otherwise fails to comply with the applicable backup withholding requirements. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Certain holders are exempt from information reporting. Potential holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding qualification for an exemption and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Ehlers has served as municipal advisor to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor cannot participate in the underwriting of the Bonds. The financial information included in this Preliminary Official Statement has been compiled by the Municipal Advisor. Such information does not purport to be a review, audit or certified forecast of future events and may not conform with accounting principles applicable to compilations of financial information. Ehlers is not a firm of certified public accountants. Ehlers is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the MSRB as a municipal advisor. Ehlers makes no representation, warranty or guarantee regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information in this Preliminary Official Statement, and its assistance in preparing this Preliminary Official Statement should not be construed as a representation that it has independently verified such information.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR AFFILIATED COMPANIES

Bond Trust Services Corporation ("BTSC") and Ehlers Investment Partners, LLC ("EIP") are affiliate companies of Ehlers. BTSC is chartered by the State of Minnesota and authorized in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Colorado, and Illinois to transact the business of a limited purpose trust company. BTSC provides paying agent services to debt issuers. EIP is a Registered Investment Advisor with the Securities and Exchange Commission. EIP assists issuers with the investment of bond proceeds or investing other issuer funds. This includes escrow bidding agent services. Issuers, such as the District, have retained or may retain BTSC and/or EIP to provide these services. If hired, BTSC and/or EIP would be retained by the District under an agreement separate from Ehlers.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The basic financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, Rochester, Minnesota, independent auditors (the "Auditor"). The report of the Auditor, together with the basic financial statements, component units financial statements, and notes to the financial statements are attached hereto as "APPENDIX A – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS". The Auditor has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. The Auditor also has not performed any procedures relating to this Preliminary Official Statement.

RISK FACTORS

The following is a description of possible risks to holders of the Bonds without weighting as to probability. This description of risks is not intended to be all-inclusive, and there may be other risks not now perceived or listed here.

Taxes: The Bonds are general obligations of the District, the ultimate payment of which rests in the District's ability to levy and collect sufficient taxes to pay debt service should other revenue (state aids) be insufficient. In the event of delayed billing, collection or distribution of property taxes, sufficient funds may not be available to the District in time to pay debt service when due.

State Actions: Many elements of local government finance, including the issuance of debt and the levy of property taxes, are controlled by state government. Future actions of the state may affect the overall financial condition of the District, the taxable value of property within the District, and the ability of the District to levy and collect property taxes.

Future Changes in Law: Various State and federal laws, regulations and constitutional provisions apply to the District and to the Bonds. The District can give no assurance that there will not be a change in or interpretation of any such applicable laws, regulations and provisions which would have a material effect on the District or the taxing authority of the District.

Ratings; Interest Rates: In the future, the District's credit rating may be reduced or withdrawn, or interest rates for this type of obligation may rise generally, either possibility resulting in a reduction in the value of the Bonds for resale prior to maturity.

Tax Exemption: If the federal government or the State of Minnesota taxes all or a portion of the interest on municipal obligations, directly or indirectly, or if there is a change in federal or state tax policy, the value of the Bonds may fall for purposes of resale. Noncompliance following the issuance of the Bonds with certain requirements of the Code and covenants of the bond resolution may result in the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in gross income of the recipient for United States income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for State of Minnesota income tax purposes. No provision has been made for redemption of the Bonds, or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds, in the event that interest on the Bonds becomes subject to United States or State of Minnesota income taxation, retroactive to the date of issuance.

Continuing Disclosure: A failure by the District to comply with the Disclosure Undertaking for continuing disclosure (see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE") will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. Any such failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer, or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

Levy Limits: Minnesota school district tax levies for most purposes are subject to statutory limitations. No limit, however, is placed on the debt service levy, and districts are required to levy 105% of actual principal and interest requirements to allow for delinquencies. School districts receive a basic revenue amount per pupil unit from aid and levy proceeds in a variety of categorical state aids. They are also allowed to certify additional levies within limits for certain specified purposes. The State Department of Education and the applicable County Auditors review the levies of each school district to determine compliance with state levy limits.

State Economy; State Aids: State of Minnesota cash flow problems could affect local governments and possibly increase property taxes.

Book-Entry-Only System: The timely credit of payments for principal and interest on the Bonds to the accounts of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may be delayed due to the customary practices, standing instructions or for other unknown reasons by DTC participants or indirect participants. Since the notice of redemption or other notices to holders of these obligations will be delivered by the District to DTC only, there may be a delay or failure by DTC, DTC participants or indirect participants to notify the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

Economy: A combination of economic, climatic, political or civil disruptions or terrorist actions outside of the control of the District, including loss of major taxpayers or major employers, could affect the local economy and result in reduced tax collections and/or increased demands upon local government. Real or perceived threats to the financial stability of the District may have an adverse effect on the value of the Bonds in the secondary market.

Secondary Market for the Bonds: No assurance can be given that a secondary market will develop for the purchase and sale of the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. The underwriters are not obligated to engage in secondary market trading or to repurchase any of the Bonds at the request of the owners thereof. Prices of the Bonds as traded in the secondary market are subject to adjustment upward and downward in response to changes in the credit markets and other prevailing circumstances. No guarantee exists as to the future market value of the Bonds. Such market value could be substantially different from the original purchase price.

Bankruptcy: The rights and remedies of the holders may be limited by and are subject to the provisions of federal bankruptcy laws, to other laws, or equitable principles that may affect the enforcement of creditors' rights, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to limitations on legal remedies against local governments. The opinion of Bond Counsel to be delivered with respect to the Bonds will be similarly qualified.

Cybersecurity: The District is dependent on electronic information technology systems to deliver services. These systems may contain sensitive information or support critical operational functions which may have value for unauthorized purposes. As a result, the electronic systems and networks may be targets of cyberattack. There can be no assurance that the District will not experience an information technology breach or attack with financial consequences that could have a material adverse impact.

Impact of the Spread of COVID-19: In late 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) emerged in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China. COVID-19 has spread throughout the world, including to the United States, resulting in the World Health Organization proclaiming COVID-19 to be a pandemic and President Trump declaring a national emergency. In response to the spread of COVID-19, the United States government, state governments, local governments and private industries have taken measures to limit social interactions in an effort to limit the spread of COVID-19.

The effects of the spread of COVID-19 and the government and private responses to the spread continue to rapidly evolve. COVID-19 has caused significant disruptions to the global, national and State economy. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts the District and its financial condition will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted by the District, including the duration of the outbreak and measures taken to address the outbreak.

The foregoing is intended only as a summary of certain risk factors attendant to an investment in the Bonds. In order for potential investors to identify risk factors and make an informed investment decision, potential investors should be thoroughly familiar with this entire Official Statement and the Appendices hereto.

VALUATIONS

OVERVIEW

All non-exempt property is subject to taxation by local taxing districts. Exempt real property includes Indian lands, public property, and educational, religious and charitable institutions. Most personal property is exempt from taxation (except investor-owned utility mains, generating plants, etc.).

The valuation of property in Minnesota consists of three elements. (1) The <u>estimated market value</u> is set by city or county assessors. Not less than 20% of all real properties are to be appraised by local assessors each year. (2) The <u>taxable market value</u> is the estimated market value adjusted by all legislative exclusions. (3) The <u>tax capacity (taxable) value</u> of property is determined by class rates set by the State Legislature. The tax capacity rate varies according to the classification of the property. Tax capacity represents a percent of taxable market value.

The property tax rate for a local taxing jurisdiction is determined by dividing the total tax capacity or market value of property within the jurisdiction into the dollars to be raised from the levy. State law determines whether a levy is spread on tax capacity or market value. Major classifications and the percentages by which tax capacity is determined are:

Type of Property	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Residential homestead ¹	First \$500,000 - 1.00%	First \$500,000 - 1.00%	First \$500,000 - 1.00%
	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%
Agricultural homestead ¹	First \$500,000 HGA - 1.00%	First \$500,000 HGA - 1.00%	First \$500,000 HGA - 1.00%
	Over \$500,000 HGA - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 HGA - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 HGA - 1.25%
	First \$1,880,000 - 0.50% ²	First \$1,900,000 - 0.50% ²	First \$1,890,000 - 0.50% ²
	Over \$1,880,000 - 1.00% ²	Over \$1,900,000 - 1.00% ²	Over \$1,890,000 - 1.00% ²
Agricultural non-homestead	Land - 1.00% ²	Land - 1.00% ²	Land - 1.00% ²
Seasonal recreational residential	First \$500,000 - 1.00% ³	First \$500,000 - 1.00% ³	First \$500,000 - 1.00% ³
	Over \$500,000 - 1.25% ³	Over \$500,000 - 1.25% ³	Over \$500,000 - 1.25% ³
Residential non-homestead:	1 unit - 1st \$500,000 - 1.00%	1 unit - 1st \$500,000 - 1.00%	1 unit - 1st \$500,000 - 1.00%
	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%	Over \$500,000 - 1.25%
	2-3 units - 1.25%	2-3 units - 1.25%	2-3 units - 1.25%
	4 or more - 1.25%	4 or more - 1.25%	4 or more - 1.25%
	Small City ⁴ - 1.25%	Small City ⁴ - 1.25%	Small City ⁴ - 1.25%
	Affordable Rental:	Affordable Rental:	Affordable Rental:
	First \$174,00075%	First \$100,00075%	First \$100,00075%
	Over \$174,00025%	Over \$100,00025%	Over \$100,00025%
Industrial/Commercial/Utility ⁵	First \$150,000 - 1.50%	First \$150,000 - 1.50%	First \$150,000 - 1.50%
	Over \$150,000 - 2.00%	Over \$150,000 - 2.00%	Over \$150,000 - 2.00%

A residential property qualifies as "homestead" if it is occupied by the owner or a relative of the owner on the assessment date.

² Applies to land and buildings. Exempt from referendum market value tax.

Exempt from referendum market value tax.

⁴ Cities of 5,000 population or less and located entirely outside the seven-county metropolitan area and the adjacent nine-county area and whose boundaries are 15 miles or more from the boundaries of a Minnesota city with a population of over 5,000.

⁵ The estimated market value of utility property is determined by the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

CURRENT PROPERTY VALUATIONS

2022/23 Economic Market Value				
2022/23 Assessor's Estimated Market Value				
Real Estate	\$436,470,500			
Personal Property	3,481,800			
Total Valuation	\$439,952,300			
2022/23 Net Tax Capacity				
Real Estate	\$3,092,113			
Personal Property	69,581			
Net Tax Capacity	\$3,161,694			
Less: Captured Tax Increment Tax Capacity ²	(30,124)			
Taxable Net Tax Capacity	\$3,131,570			

2022/23 NET TAX CAPACITY BY CLASSIFICATION

	2022/23 Net Tax Capacity	Percent of Total Net Tax Capacity
Residential homestead	\$671,420	21.24%
Agricultural	2,042,524	64.60%
Commercial/industrial	193,328	6.11%
Public utility	1,461	0.05%
Non-homestead residential	160,990	5.09%
Commercial & residential seasonal/rec.	22,390	0.71%
Personal property	69,581	2.20%
Total	\$3,161,694	100.00%

According to the Minnesota Department of Revenue, the Assessor's Estimated Market Value (the "AEMV") for the District is about 83.50% of the actual selling prices of property most recently sold in the District. The sales ratio was calculated by comparing the selling prices with the AEMV. Dividing the AEMV of real estate by the sales ratio and adding the AEMV of personal property and utility, railroads and minerals, if any, results in an Economic Market Value ("EMV") for the District of \$526,988,545.

The captured tax increment value shown above represents the captured net tax capacity of tax increment financing districts in the District.

TREND OF VALUATIONS

ecrease nated	Increase/Dec in Estima Market Va	Taxable Net Tax Capacity ²	Net Tax Capacity ¹	Levy Year Assessor's Estimated Market Value Assessor's Taxable Market Value		
%	1.22%	\$2,597,553	\$2,636,924	\$335,821,800	\$373,371,200	2018/19
%	2.08%	2,703,565	2,745,200	343,858,600	381,119,800	2019/20
%	4.49%	2,937,436	2,961,478	369,951,300	398,242,100	2020/21
%	-1.33%	2,914,718	2,941,561	363,521,900	392,935,200	2021/22
%	11.97%	3,131,570	3,161,694	385,935,300	439,952,300	2022/23
% %	4.49% -1.33%	2,937,436 2,914,718	2,961,478 2,941,561	369,951,300 363,521,900	398,242,100 392,935,200	2020/21 2021/22

LARGEST TAXPAYERS

Taxpayer	Type of Property	2022/23 Net Tax Capacity	Percent of District's Total Net Tax Capacity
Individual	Agricultural	\$56,654	1.79%
Minnesota Energy Resources	Utility	52,466	1.66%
Individual	Agricultural	39,171	1.24%
Aqua Terra, LLC	Agricultural	36,550	1.16%
Individual	Agricultural	33,567	1.06%
Individual	Agricultural	26,952	0.85%
Individual	Agricultural	25,956	0.82%
Way-Mar Farm, Inc.	Agricultural	24,290	0.77%
Individual	Agricultural	23,291	0.74%
Individual	Agricultural	23,259	0.74%
Total		\$342,156	10.82%

District's Total 2022/23 Net Tax Capacity \$3,161,694

Source: Current Property Valuations, Net Tax Capacity by Classification, Trend of Valuations and Largest Taxpayers have been furnished by Houston County.

¹ Net Tax Capacity includes tax increment values.

² Taxable Net Tax Capacity does not include tax increment values.

DEBT

DIRECT DEBT1

General Obligation Debt (see schedule following)

Total G.O. debt secured by taxes and state aids² (includes the Bonds)*

\$12,750,000

DEBT PAYMENT HISTORY

The District has no record of default in the payment of principal and interest on its debt.

FUTURE FINANCING

The District has no current plans for additional financing in the next 12 months.

STATE AID FOR DEBT SERVICE

The Minnesota Debt Service Equalization program provides state aid to finance a portion of the principal and interest payments on voter approved school building bonds. Bonds and Certificates that are not eligible for the program include all alternative facilities bonds, facilities maintenance bonds, capital facilities bonds, OPEB bonds, building bonds with relatively short maturities, and Certificates of Participation (COPs).

Under the Debt Service Equalization Formula (the Formula) adopted by the 2001 Minnesota State Legislature, each school district is responsible for the amount of its qualifying annual debt service which is equal to 15.74% of its Adjusted Net Tax Capacity (ANTC). The District does not currently qualify for debt service equalization aid.

In addition to debt service equalization aid, some school districts will qualify for state Long Term Facilities Maintenance Aid to finance a portion of the payments on Alternative Facilities Bonds and Facilities Maintenance Bonds, pursuant to the Long Term Facilities Maintenance Revenue program approved by the State in 2015. If any aid is received, it is deposited into the school district's debt service fund and must be used for payments on the bonds; any payment of state aid into the debt service fund causes a reduction in the tax levy for Alternative Facilities Bonds and Facilities Maintenance Bonds. The amount of aid received in the debt service fund will vary each year, depending on a number of factors. Although the District expects to receive some Long Term Facilities Maintenance Aid in its debt service fund, Ehlers has not attempted to estimate the portion of debt service payments that would be financed by state aid.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

Outstanding debt is as of the dated date of the Bonds.

Based upon the Long Term Facilities Maintenance Revenue formula, the agricultural land valuation and current statistics, the District anticipates a portion of this debt will be paid by the State of Minnesota.

Some school districts will also receive aid for debt service payments through the state School Building Bond Agricultural Credit, which is paid to school districts to offset a portion of certain bond levies (Minnesota Statutes, Section 273.1387). The reimbursement percentage is 70% for taxes payable in 2023, and thereafter. The school building bond agricultural credit applies to farmland, excluding the house, garage and one acre, and to rural vacant land and managed forest land. The amount of agricultural credit received in the debt service fund for taxes payable 2023 is approximately 39.47% of total annual debt service levies, based on the District's 2022/23 qualifying agricultural land valuation.

BONDED DEBT LIMIT

Minnesota Statutes, Section 475.53, subdivision 4, presently limits the "net debt" of a school district to 15% of the estimated market value of all taxable property situated within its corporate limits. The estimated market value of property within a district, on which its debt limit is based, is (a) the value certified by the county auditors, or (b) this value divided by the ratio certified by the commissioner of revenue, whichever results in a higher value. The current debt limit of the District is computed as follows:

2022/23 Economic Market Value	\$526,988,545
Multiply by 15%	0.15
Statutory Debt Limit	\$79,048,282
Less: Long-Term Debt Outstanding Being Paid Solely from Taxes (includes the Bonds)*	(12,750,000)
Unused Debt Limit*	\$66,298,282

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public School), Minnesota Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness General Obligation Debt Secured by Taxes (As of 02/08/2024)

	Facilities Maintena Series 2016		School Buildin Series 202	-						
Dated Amount	07/14/201 \$1,000,00		02/08/20 \$12,195,0							
Maturity	02/01	- 1	02/01							
Fiscal Year		$\overline{}$		Estimated				Principal		Fiscal Year
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total P & I	Outstanding	% Paid	Ending
2025	75,000	12,350	440,000	544,961	515,000	557,311	1,072,311	12,235,000	4.04%	2025
2026	75,000	10,850	455,000	533,768	530,000	544,618	1,074,618	11,705,000	8.20%	2026
2027	75,000	9,350	480,000	511,018	555,000	520,368	1,075,368	11,150,000	12.55%	2027
2028	80,000	7,850	540,000	487,018	620,000	494,868	1,114,868	10,530,000	17.41%	2028
2029	80,000	6,250	450,000	460,018	530,000	466,268	996,268	10,000,000	21.57%	2029
2030	85,000	4,250	470,000	437,518	555,000	441,768	996,768	9,445,000	25.92%	2030
2031	85,000	2,125	490,000	414,018	575,000	416,143	991,143	8,870,000	30.43%	2031
2032			515,000	389,518	515,000	389,518	904,518	8,355,000	34.47%	2032
2033			540,000	363,768	540,000	363,768	903,768	7,815,000	38.71%	2033
2034			570,000	336,768	570,000	336,768	906,768	7,245,000	43.18%	2034
2035			595,000	308,268	595,000	308,268	903,268	6,650,000	47.84%	2035
2036			625,000	278,518	625,000	278,518	903,518	6,025,000	52.75%	2036
2037			650,000	253,518	650,000	253,518	903,518	5,375,000	57.84%	2037
2038			680,000	227,518	680,000	227,518	907,518	4,695,000	63.18%	2038
2039			705,000	200,318	705,000	200,318	905,318	3,990,000	68.71%	2039
2040			735,000	172,118	735,000	172,118	907,118	3,255,000	74.47%	2040
2041			765,000	140,880	765,000	140,880	905,880	2,490,000	80.47%	2041
2042			795,000	108,368	795,000	108,368	903,368	1,695,000	86.71%	2042
2043			830,000	74,580	830,000	74,580	904,580	865,000	93.22%	2043
2044			865,000	38,060	865,000	38,060	903,060	0	100.00%	2044
	555,000	53,025	12,195,000	6,280,511	12,750,000	6,333,536	19,083,536			

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

OVERLAPPING DEBT¹

Taxing District	2022/23 Taxable Net Tax Capacity	% In District	Total G.O. Debt ²	District's Proportionate Share
Houston County	\$24,875,049	12.5892%	\$8,230,000	\$1,036,091
City of Spring Grove	811,857	100.0000%	420,000	420,000
District's Share of Total Overlapping Debt DEBT RATIOS				\$1,456,091
	G.(D. Debt	Debt/Economic Market Value \$526,988,545	Debt/ Per Capita 2,143 ³
Direct G.O. Debt Paid From Taxes and State	e Aids* \$12,7	750,000		
Less: Agricultural Credit ⁴	(5,0)32,425)		
Tax Supported General Obligation Debt*	\$7,7	717,575	1.46%	\$3,601.29

\$1,456,091

\$9,173,666

0.28%

1.74%

\$679.46

Total*

District's Share of Total Overlapping Debt

Overlapping debt is as of the dated date of the Bonds. Only those taxing jurisdictions with general obligation debt outstanding are included in this section. It does *not* include non-general obligation debt, self-supporting general obligation revenue debt, short-term general obligation debt, or general obligation tax/aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

Outstanding debt is based on information in Official Statements obtained on EMMA and the Municipal Advisor's records.

³ Estimated 2022 population.

⁴ Based on current State law and statistics, the State of Minnesota is estimated to pay approximately 39.47% of the principal and interest of the District's general obligation bonds. Assuming this percentage continues for the life of the issue, the State's proportionate share of principal is \$5,032,425.

TAX LEVIES, COLLECTION AND RATES

TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Tax Year	Net Tax Levy ¹	Total Collected Following Year	Collected to Date	% Collected
2018/19	\$584,943	\$568,259	\$584,410	99.91%
2019/20	588,714	579,201	588,136	99.90%
2020/21	633,519	626,695	632,335	99.81%
2021/22	594,537	587,034	592,028	99.58%
2022/23	626,336	In p	rocess of collection	

Property taxes are collected in two installments in Minnesota--the first by May 15 and the second by October 15.² Mobile home taxes are collectible in full by August 31. Minnesota Statutes require that levies (taxes and special assessments) for debt service be at least 105% of the actual debt service requirements to allow for delinquencies.

TAX CAPACITY RATES³

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
I.S.D. No. 297 (Spring Grove Public School)	7.054%	6.804%	6.607%	6.483%	6.128%
Houston County	64.434%	63.911%	59.147%	61.120%	53.266%
City of Spring Grove	109.717%	94.117%	92.394%	87.359%	85.360%
Town of Spring Grove ⁴	22.303%	21.640%	19.525%	20.491%	18.980%
Referendum Market Value Rates:					
I.S.D. No. 297 (Spring Grove Public School)	0.39361%	0.37279%	0.38995%	0.34229%	0.32825%

Source: Tax Levies and Collections and Tax Capacity Rates have been furnished by Houston County.

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This reflects the Final Levy Certification of the District after all adjustments have been made.

Second half tax payments on agricultural property are due on November 15th of each year.

After reduction for state aids. Does not include the statewide general property tax against commercial/industrial, non-homestead resorts and seasonal recreational residential property.

⁴ Representative town rate.

THE ISSUER

EMPLOYEES

The District is governed by an elected school board and employs a staff of 60, including 24 non-licensed employees and 36 licensed employees (33 of whom are teachers). The District provides education for 352 students in grades kindergarten through twelve.

PENSIONS; UNIONS

Teachers' Retirement Association (TRA)

All teachers employed by the District are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the State of Minnesota Teachers Retirement Association (TRA). TRA members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated members are covered by Social Security and Basic members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356, as amended.

Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District (other than those covered by TRA) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF) which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. This plan is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356, as amended.

Recognized and Certified Bargaining Unit

Bargaining Unit

Expiration Date of Current Contract

Spring Grove Education Association

June 30, 2025

POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District has obligations for some post-employment benefits for its employees. Accounting for these obligations is dictated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (GASB 75). The District's most recent audited financial statements (Audit) shows a total OPEB liability of \$166,026 as of June 30, 2023. The District has been funding these obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Source: The District's most recent Audit.

STUDENT BODY

The number of students enrolled for the past four years and for the current year have been as follows:

Year	Kindergarten	Grades 1-6	Grades 7-12	Total
2019/20	38	158	174	370
2020/21	24	157	175	356
2021/22	26	158	160	344
2022/23	28	166	157	351
2023/24	21	174	157	352

Enrollments for the next three years are projected to be as follows:

Year	Kindergarten	Grades 1-6	Grades 7-12	Total
2024/25	21	169	156	346
2025/26	19	164	149	332
2026/27	19	156	152	327

SCHOOL BUILDINGS

School Building	Year Constructed	Years of Additions/ Remodelings
Main	1922	2000
Elementary	1954	
Media Center/Computer Labs/Elevator	1988	2017
Lobby/Concessions/Practice Gym	1988	
Weight Room	1991	

LITIGATION

There is no litigation threatened or pending questioning the organization or boundaries of the District or the right of any of its officers to their respective offices or in any manner questioning their rights and power to execute and deliver the Bonds or otherwise questioning the validity of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BANKRUPTCY

Municipalities are prohibited from filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (reorganization) or Chapter 7 (liquidation) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532) (the "Bankruptcy Code"). Instead, the Bankruptcy Code permits municipalities to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, but only if certain requirements are met. These requirements include that the municipality must be "specifically authorized" under State law to file for relief under Chapter 9. For these purposes, "State law" may include, without limitation, statutes of general applicability enacted by the State legislature, special legislation applicable to a particular municipality, and/or executive orders issued by an appropriate officer of the State's executive branch.

Currently there is no statutory authority for Minnesota school districts to file for bankruptcy relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Nevertheless, there can be no assurance (a) that State law will not change in the future while the Bonds are outstanding; or (b) even absent such a change in State law, that an executive order or other executive action could not effectively authorize the District to file for relief under Chapter 9; or (c) whether it would still be eligible for voluntary or involuntary relief under Chapters of the Bankruptcy Code other than Chapter 9 or under similar federal or state law or equitable proceeding regarding insolvency or providing for protection from creditors. Such action could impact the rights of holders of the Bonds. Such modifications could be adverse to holders of the Bonds and there could ultimately be no assurance that holders of the Bonds would be paid in full or in part on the Bonds.

FUNDS ON HAND (as of December 31, 2023)

Fund	Total Cash and Investments
General	\$2,084,603
Food Service	118,158
Community Service	141,176
Trust & Agency	91,926
Total Funds on Hand	\$2,435,862

SUMMARY GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

The following are summaries of the revenues and expenditures and fund balances for the District's General Fund. These summaries are not purported to be the complete audited financial statements of the District, and potential purchasers should read the included financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the District. Copies of the complete statements are available upon request. Appendix A includes the District's 2023 audited financial statements.

Page		FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30				
Revenuer	COMBINED STATEMENT					2023-24
Revenues		2020	2021	2022	2023	Adopted
Cocal property taxes		Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Budget ¹
Earnings on investments	Revenues					
Other 565,347 224,105 349,931 31,150 0 Revenues from facteral sources 144,718 408,460 260,000 162,510 190,244 Local sales, insurance recovery and judgements 10 0 0 0 1,251 190,244 Local sales, insurance recovery and judgements 10 5,020,268 349,185 4,863,799 5,226,653 Total Revenues 5,165,017 5,020,628 349,185 4,863,799 5,226,653 Expenditures 2 351,210 \$416,331 339,933 3440,907 \$410,055 Current: 3351,210 \$416,331 339,933 \$440,907 \$410,055 Districtional support services 157,843 168,430 180,286 201,938 218,260 Please equal education instruction \$233,879 2,527,155 2,560,688 25,265,55 Vocational education instruction 707,662 665,497 70,066 717,600 671,00 Instructional support services 203,877 201,974 208,035 264,083	Local property taxes	\$555,256	\$561,630	\$612,370	\$578,107	\$943,625
Revenues from state sources 3.86,2708 3.816,574 3.67,132 3.743,069 40,824 Revenues from federal sources 144,718 408,60 26,00 16,210 19,244 Total Revenues 55,165,017 5027,628 4,911,854 3,463,79 55,226,633 Expenditures Terms Current Say 1,210 \$15,833 184,930 \$14,000 \$16,005 \$16,331 \$399,933 \$440,907 \$461,055 District support services 157,843 168,430 180,286 20,0188 212,606 Elementary & secondary regular instruction 2,353,879 2,527,15 25,606 26,0088 213,260 Special education instruction 707,662 66,497 70,706 671,000 <t< td=""><td>Earnings on investments</td><td>36,988</td><td>16,859</td><td>10,421</td><td>48,521</td><td>0</td></t<>	Earnings on investments	36,988	16,859	10,421	48,521	0
Revenues from federal sources	Other	565,347	224,105	349,931	331,592	0
Local sales, insurance recovery and judgements 6 5 50.276.28 50.00	Revenues from state sources	3,862,708	3,816,574	3,671,132	3,743,069	4,078,584
Expenditures	Revenues from federal sources	144,718	408,460	268,000	162,510	190,244
Expenditures	Local sales, insurance recovery and judgements					
Current: Administration \$351,210 \$416,331 \$399,933 \$440,907 \$461,055 District support services 157,843 168,430 180,286 201,938 218,260 Elementary & secondary regular instruction 2,353,879 2,527,315 2,564,068 2,606,878 2,756,365 Vocational education instruction 707,662 665,497 709,766 717,600 674,100 Instructional support services 203,877 291,914 208,403 254,988 235,540 Pupil support services 249,623 261,918 303,850 261,727 295,285 Sites and buildings 380,206 399,847 451,811 490,432 689,350 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 26,209 49,702 33,382 84,054 8000 Capital outlay 192,061 254,343 126,434 245,234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 0 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$4685,433 5102,165 \$577,055 \$	Total Revenues	\$5,165,017	\$5,027,628	\$4,911,854	\$4,863,799	\$5,226,653
Current: Administration \$351,210 \$416,331 \$399,933 \$440,907 \$461,055 District support services 157,843 168,430 180,286 201,938 218,260 Elementary & secondary regular instruction 2,353,879 2,527,315 2,564,068 2,606,878 2,756,365 Vocational education instruction 707,662 665,497 709,766 717,600 674,100 Instructional support services 203,877 291,914 208,403 254,988 235,540 Pupil support services 249,623 261,918 303,850 261,727 295,285 Sites and buildings 380,206 399,847 451,811 490,432 689,350 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 26,209 49,702 33,382 84,054 8000 Capital outlay 192,061 254,343 126,434 245,234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 0 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$4685,433 5102,165 \$577,055 \$	Expenditures					
District support services 157,843 168,430 180,286 201,938 218,260 Elementary & secondary regular instruction 2,353,879 2,577,315 2,546,088 2,606,878 2,756,265 Vocational education instruction 58,251 62,006 66,008 75,212 72,120 Special education instruction 707,662 665,497 709,766 717,600 674,100 Instructional support services 203,877 291,974 208,403 254,988 235,540 Pupil support services 249,623 261,918 303,850 261,727 295,285 Sites and buildings 380,206 399,847 451,821 490,432 689,350 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 62,029 49,702 53,382 84,054 40,00 Capital outlay 919,206 254,353 126,434 245,234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,952 \$540,000 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539 (\$15,191) (\$540,122	=					
Elementary & secondary regular instruction	Administration	\$351,210	\$416,331	\$399,933	\$440,907	\$461,055
Elementary & secondary regular instruction	District support services	157,843	168,430	180,286	201,938	218,260
Special education instruction 707,662 665,497 709,766 717,600 674,100 Instructional support services 203,877 291,974 208,403 254,988 235,540 Pupii support services 249,623 261,918 303,850 261,727 295,285 Sites and buildings 380,206 399,847 451,821 490,432 689,350 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 26,209 49,702 53,382 84,054 8,000 Capital outlay 192,061 254,435 126,434 245,234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,612 50,094 24,954 0 Total Expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) (\$158,191) (\$540,125) \$183,422 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) \$(\$158,191) (\$540,125) \$183,422 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$49,584 \$6,919 \$0 \$77,655 \$0 Capital lease proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 </td <td>Elementary & secondary regular instruction</td> <td>2,353,879</td> <td></td> <td>2,564,068</td> <td>2,606,878</td> <td>2,756,365</td>	Elementary & secondary regular instruction	2,353,879		2,564,068	2,606,878	2,756,365
Natructional support services 203,877 291,974 208,403 254,988 235,540 Pupil support services 249,623 261,918 303,850 261,727 295,285 295,285	Vocational education instruction	58,251	62,006	66,008	75,212	72,120
Pupil support services 249,623 261,918 303,850 261,727 295,285 Sites and buildings 380,206 399,847 451,821 490,432 689,350 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 26,209 49,702 53,382 84,054 800 Capital outlay 192,061 254,435 126,434 245,234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 0 Total Expenditures \$4,685,433 \$5,102,167 \$5,070,045 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) (\$158,191) \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Contact Expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) \$(\$158,191) \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Contact Expenditures \$6,919 \$0 \$5,510,125 \$77,655 \$0 Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 27,329 0 0 0 27,329 0 0 0 0 0 10 0 0	Special education instruction	707,662	665,497	709,766	717,600	674,100
Sites and buildings 380,206 399,847 451,821 490,432 689,350 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 26,209 49,702 53,382 84,054 8,000 Capital outlay 192,061 254,435 126,434 245,234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 0 Total Expenditures \$4685,433 \$5,102,167 \$5,070,045 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) (\$158,191) \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Proceeds from insurance recovery \$69,19 \$0 \$77,655 \$0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 27,329 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balance \$1,920,739 \$2,81,731 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876	Instructional support services	203,877	291,974	208,403	254,988	235,540
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 26,209 49,702 53,382 84,054 8,000 Capital outlay 192,061 254,435 126,434 24,5234 0 Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 0 Total Expenditures \$4,685,433 \$5,102,167 \$5,070,045 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) \$185,191 (\$540,125) \$(183,422) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 27,329 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 \$(74,539) \$(158,116) \$(843,891) \$(183,422) Prior Period Adjustment 904,255 0 0 0 <td< td=""><td>Pupil support services</td><td>249,623</td><td>261,918</td><td>303,850</td><td>261,727</td><td>295,285</td></td<>	Pupil support services	249,623	261,918	303,850	261,727	295,285
Capital outlay Debt service 192,061 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 24,954 0 245,234 0 24,954 0 0 Total Expenditures \$4,685,433 \$5,102,167 \$5,070,045 \$5,070,045 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 \$774,539 \$5,070,045 \$5,070,045 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$479,584 \$774,539 \$1,000,000 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 \$0 Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$0 \$75 \$7,655 \$0 \$0 \$27,329 \$0 \$0 Capital lease proceeds \$0 \$0 \$0 \$27,329 \$0 \$0 Proceeds from capital assets \$0 \$0 \$0 \$27,329 \$0 \$0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$375 \$106,234 \$0 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 \$0,910 \$0 \$27,42,992 \$0,900 \$0 \$31,62,42 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0	Sites and buildings	380,206	399,847	451,821	490,432	689,350
Debt service 4,612 4,712 6,094 24,954 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	26,209	49,702	53,382	84,054	8,000
Total Expenditures \$4,685,433 \$5,102,167 \$5,070,045 \$5,403,924 \$5,410,075 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) (\$158,191) (\$540,125) (\$183,422) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$0 27,329 \$0 Capital lease proceeds \$0 \$0 \$0 27,329 \$0 Proceeds from capital assets \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,250 \$0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 Prior Period Adjustment 904,255 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 General Fund Balance June 30 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985	Capital outlay	192,061	254,435	126,434	245,234	0
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$479,584 (\$74,539) (\$158,191) (\$540,125) (\$183,422) Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 0 27,329 0 Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 1,250 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876	Debt service	4,612	4,712	6,094	24,954	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 27,329 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,	Total Expenditures	\$4,685,433	\$5,102,167	\$5,070,045	\$5,403,924	\$5,410,075
Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 27,329 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 0	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$479,584	(\$74,539)	(\$158,191)	(\$540,125)	(\$183,422)
Proceeds from insurance recovery \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$77,655 \$0 Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 27,329 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 0	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Capital lease proceeds 0 0 0 27,329 0 Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,150,98		\$6,919	\$0	\$75	\$77,655	\$0
Proceeds from capital assets 0 0 0 1,250 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985		0	0	0	27,329	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$6,919 \$0 \$75 \$106,234 \$0 Net changes in Fund Balances \$486,503 (\$74,539) (\$158,116) (\$433,891) (\$183,422) General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 0 25,584,876 \$2,150,9		0	0	0	1,250	0
General Fund Balance July 1 \$1,426,773 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 Prior Period Adjustment 904,255 0 0 0 0 Residual Equity Transfer in (out) 0 0 0 0 General Fund Balance June 30 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 DETAILS OF JUNE 30 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250		\$6,919	\$0	\$75	\$106,234	\$0
Prior Period Adjustment 904,255 0 0 0 Residual Equity Transfer in (out) 0 0 0 0 General Fund Balance June 30 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 DETAILS OF JUNE 30 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250	Net changes in Fund Balances	\$486,503	(\$74,539)	(\$158,116)	(\$433,891)	(\$183,422)
Prior Period Adjustment 904,255 0 0 0 Residual Equity Transfer in (out) 0 0 0 0 General Fund Balance June 30 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 DETAILS OF JUNE 30 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250	General Fund Balance July 1	\$1,426,773	\$2,817,531	\$2,742,992	\$2,584,876	
General Fund Balance June 30 \$2,817,531 \$2,742,992 \$2,584,876 \$2,150,985 DETAILS OF JUNE 30 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted \$1,470,862 \$1,547,398 \$1,658,409 \$1,556,631 Assigned \$192,000 \$350,000 \$350,000 \$288,682 Unassigned \$1,127,016 \$842,207 \$571,072 \$300,250	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	904,255	0			
DETAILS OF JUNE 30 FUND BALANCE Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250	Residual Equity Transfer in (out)	0	0	0	0	
Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250	General Fund Balance June 30	\$2,817,531	\$2,742,992	\$2,584,876	\$2,150,985	
Nonspendable \$27,653 \$3,387 \$5,395 \$5,422 Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250	DETAILS OF JUNE 30 FUND BALANCE					
Restricted 1,470,862 1,547,398 1,658,409 1,556,631 Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250		\$27.653	\$3.387	\$5,395	\$5.422	
Assigned 192,000 350,000 350,000 288,682 Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250	1			,		
Unassigned 1,127,016 842,207 571,072 300,250						
	· ·	\$2,817,531				

Note: The draws on fund balance in Fiscal Years 2022 and 2023 are the result of prior year teacher settlements. In addition, the reductions in the assigned fund balance are due to a planned remodel of the science room in which one-third of the project occurred in Fiscal Year 2023 and the remainder in Fiscal Year 2024.

The 2023-24 budget was adopted on June 21, 2023.

GENERAL INFORMATION

LOCATION

The District, with a 2020 U.S. Census population of 2,109 and a 2022 population estimate of 2,143, and comprising an area of 90 square miles, is located approximately 153 miles south east of St. Paul, Minnesota.

LARGER EMPLOYERS1

Larger employers in the District include the following:

Firm	Type of Business/Product	Estimated No. of Employees
I.S.D. No. 297 (Spring Grove Public School)	Elementary and secondary education	63
Tweeten Lutheran Healthcare	Nursing and convalescent homes	58
New Age Tree Service of Minnesota Inc	Tree services and landscaping	49
Red's Hometown Market IGA	Grocers - retail	45
LAX Fabricating LTD	Manufacturers	35
Shooting Star Native Seeds	Seeds and bulbs - retail	25
City of Spring Grove	Municipal government and Services	24
Midwest Outdoor Resorts	Resorts	18
Kwik Trip	Convenience store	18
Northern Engraving ²	Manufacturers	

Source: Data Axle Reference Solutions, written and telephone survey, and the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

TT1 : 1

This does not purport to be a comprehensive list and is based on available data obtained through a survey of individual employers, as well as the sources identified above.

The plant closure was announced in October 2023, officially closing in December 2023. The plant remains under the ownership of Northern Engraving and it's use may change in the future, but no announcements to the public have been made at this time.

U.S. CENSUS DATA

Population Trend: The District

 2010 U.S. Census population
 2,266

 2020 U.S. Census population
 2,109

 Percent of Change 2010 - 2020
 -6.93%

2022 State Demographer Estimate 2,143

Income and Age Statistics

	The District	Houston County	State of Minnesota	United States
2022 per capita income	\$35,484	\$39,340	\$44,947	\$41,261
2022 median household income	\$62,768	\$71,580	\$84,313	\$75,149
2022 median family income	\$78,281	\$95,464	\$107,072	\$92,646
2022 median gross rent	\$1,000	\$870	\$1,178	\$1,268
2022 median value owner occupied units	\$164,000	\$216,400	\$286,800	\$281,900
2022 median age	46.8 yrs.	44.6 yrs.	38.5 yrs.	38.5 yrs.

	State of Minnesota	United States
District % of 2022 per capita income	78.95%	86.00%
District % of 2022 median family income	73.11%	84.49%

Source: 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing, and 2022 American Community Survey (Based on a five-year estimate), U.S. Census Bureau (https://data.census.gov/) and Minnesota State Demographer (https://mn.gov/admin/demography/data-by-place/school-district-data.jsp).

EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

Rates are not compiled for individual communities within counties.

Average Employment		Average Unemployment		
Year	Houston County	Houston County	State of Minnesota	
2019	10,099	3.2%	3.3%	
2020	9,996	4.4%	6.3%	
2021	10,040	3.1%	3.8%	
2022	10,215	2.3%	2.7%	
2023, November	10,485	1.5%	1.9%	

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

APPENDIX A

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Potential purchasers should read the included financial statements in their entirety for more complete information concerning the District's financial position. Such financial statements have been audited by the Auditor, to the extent and for the periods indicated thereon. The District has not requested or engaged the Auditor to perform, and the Auditor has not performed, any additional examination, assessments, procedures or evaluation with respect to such financial statements since the date thereof or with respect to this Preliminary Official Statement, nor has the District requested that the Auditor consent to the use of such financial statements in this Preliminary Official Statement. Although the inclusion of the financial statements in this Preliminary Official Statement is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the District since the date of the financial statements, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the District represents that there have been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the District, nor has the District incurred any material liabilities, which would make such financial statements misleading.

Copies of the complete audited financial statements for the past three years and the current budget are available upon request from Ehlers.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 BOARD OF EDUCATION AND ADMINISTRATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

BOARD OF EDUCATION		Term Expires		
Aaron Solum	Board Chair	12/31/24		
Stephanie Jaster	Board Vice Chair	12/31/24		
Kelly Rohland	Board Clerk	12/31/26		
Rhan Flatin	Member	12/31/26		
Aric Elton	Member	12/31/24		
Angie Solie	Member	12/31/26		
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
ADMINISTRATION				

ADMINISTRATION

Superintendent Rachel Udstuen





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Independent School District No. 297 Spring Grove, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Spring Grove Public Schools Independent School District No. 297 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund, of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance for subscription-based internet technology agreements (SBITA). The guidance requires subscribers to recognize a right-to-use SBITA asset and corresponding SBITA liability for all SBITAs with agreement terms greater than twelve months. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—general fund, the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—food service fund, the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—community service fund, the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of District Pension Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the listing of the board of education and administration but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Rochester, Minnesota December 28, 2023



This section of Spring Grove Public Schools – Independent School District No. 297's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2022-2023 fiscal year include the following:

- Overall General Fund revenues and other financing sources were \$4,863,799 and expenditures were \$5,403,924.
- The General Fund total fund balance decreased \$433,891, to \$2,150,985 in fiscal year 2023 compared to \$2,584,876 on June 30, 2022.
- The District received \$354,686 in Federal Revenue for FY2023, a decrease of \$251,801 from FY2022 primarily from Covid Relief funds.
- At the end of the fiscal year, construction began on the long-anticipated science room renovation project.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditors' Report, required supplementary information which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first of the two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The two district-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements the District's activities are shown in one category:

 Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education. Property taxes and state aids finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds* – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The District has one kind of fund:

Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE Net Position

The District's *combined* net position was \$948,143 on June 30, 2023, an increase of \$332,523 from the prior fiscal year. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1
The District's Net Position

	Governmen as of Ju	Percentage	
	2023	2022	Change
Current and Other Assets Capital and Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	\$ 3,760,417 2,315,918 6,076,335	\$ 4,167,690 2,262,113 6,429,803	(9.77)% 2.38 (5.50)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,287,708	1,459,152	(11.75)
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	743,552 4,185,743 4,929,295	659,132 2,791,040 3,450,172	12.81 49.97 42.87
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,486,605	3,823,163	(61.12)
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	1,657,442 1,842,615 (2,551,914) \$ 948,143	1,553,992 1,993,623 (2,931,995) \$ 615,620	6.66 (7.57) (12.96) 54.01

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED) Changes in Net Position

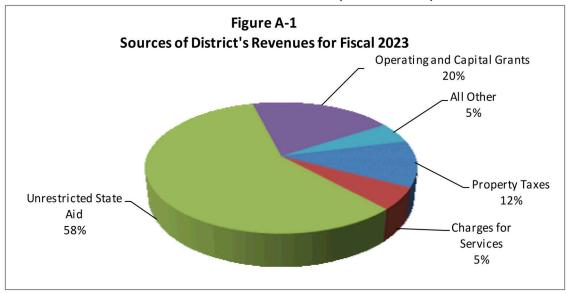
The District's total revenues were \$5,391,504 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Property taxes and unrestricted state formula aid accounted for 69% or \$3,742,312 of total revenue for the year. Another 20% or \$1,079,007 came from operating and capital grants. (See Figure A-1.)

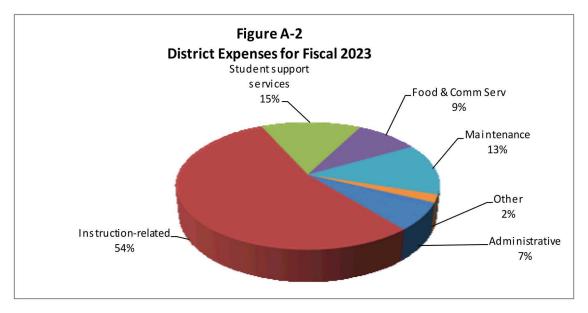
Table A-2 Change in Net Position

	(Governmental <i>i</i> Fiscal Year Ei	Total %	
		2023	2022	Change
Revenues	<u> </u>	_	 _	
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	292,597	\$ 167,830	74.34 %
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,007,061	1,293,914	(22.17)
Capital Grants and Contributions		71,946	85,821	(16.17)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		616,335	660,608	(6.70)
Unrestricted State Aid		3,125,977	3,033,735	3.04
Investment Earnings		56,479	15,087	274.36
Other		221,109	 177,775	24.38
Total Revenues		5,391,504	 5,434,770	(0.80)
Expenses				
Administration		354,764	391,415	(9.36)
District Support Services		213,070	175,298	21.55
Regular Instruction		2,077,288	2,584,991	(19.64)
Vocational Education Instruction		58,144	63,481	(8.41)
Special Education Instruction		606,748	694,755	(12.67)
Instructional Support Services		244,300	207,068	17.98
Pupil Support Services		280,468	252,837	10.93
Sites and Buildings		664,780	568,986	16.84
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs		84,054	53,382	57.46
Food Service		329,691	348,799	(5.48)
Community Service		131,050	56,857	130.49
Interest and Fiscal Charges on				
Long-Term Liabilities		14,624	17,846	(18.05)
Total Expenses		5,058,981	5,415,715	(6.59)
Increase in Net Position		332,523	19,055	
Net Position - Beginning		615,620	596,565	
Net Position - Ending	\$	948,143	\$ 615,620	

The total cost of all programs and services was \$5,058,981. Total revenues exceeded total expenses, increasing net position \$332,523 from last year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)





Typically, the District does not include in an analysis of all governmental funds a breakout of expenditures as depicted in Figure A-2. To do so distorts the latitude available to the District to allocate resources to instruction. All governmental funds include not only funds received for the general operation of the district, which are used for classroom instruction, but also includes resources from the Food Service and Community Education Funds, and from resources for fiscal service transactions. Funding for the general operation of the District is controlled by the state and the District does not have the latitude to allocate money received in Food Service or Community Education or for fiscal services to enhance classroom instruction resources.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$2,442,251 a decrease of \$483,776, from last year's ending fund balance of \$2,926,027.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the District in providing educational services to students from kindergarten through grade 12 including pupil transportation activities and capital outlay projects.

General Fund operational revenue is controlled by a complex set of state funding formulas resulting in the local school board having no meaningful authority to determine the level of resources. This includes special education state aid that is based upon a cost reimbursement model. Other state formulas then determine what portion of the revenue will be provided by property taxes and what portion will come from state aid.

Enrollment

Enrollment is a critical factor in determining revenue with approximately 90% of General Fund revenue being determined by enrollment. The following chart shows that enrollment has been stable since enrollment dropped due to the COVID 19 pandemic.

Table A-3
Five-Year Enrollment Trend
Average Daily Membership (ADM)

Grade	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	22-23
Kdgt.	29	38	25	27	29
1-3	73	80	93	89	88
4-6	94	80	63	68	78
7-12	165	175	173	160	154
Total K-12	361	373	354	344	349
ADM Change	18	12	(19)	(10)	5
Percent Change	5.2%	3.5%	-5.1%	-2.8%	1.5%

Enrollment increased by five students from the 2021-2022 to the 2022-2023 school year. Enrollment is projected to remain stable at approximately 350 students K-12 in the following school years.

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Revenues.

Table A-4
General Fund Revenues

		Year	Ended		Change			
	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change		
Local Sources:								
Property Taxes	\$	578,107	\$	612,370	\$ (34,263)	(5.6)%		
Earnings on Investments		48,521		10,421	38,100	365.6		
Other		331,592		349,931	(18,339)	(5.2)		
State Sources		3,743,069		3,671,132	71,937	2.0		
Federal Sources		162,510		268,000	(105,490)	(39.4)		
Total General Fund Revenue	\$	4,863,799	\$	4,911,854	\$ (48,055)	(1.0)		

Total General Fund Revenue decreased \$48,055 or 1% from the previous year, mostly driven by the reduction in federal Covid Relief funds. Basic general education revenue is determined by multiple state formulas, largely enrollment driven, and consists of an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. Other state-authorized revenue including operating levy referendum and the property tax shift also involve an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. Therefore, the mix of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year to year without any net change on total revenue.

The decrease in revenue from Federal sources of \$105,490 can be attributed to Federal Covid Relief funds. The increase in revenue from State Sources and Earnings on Investments is directly attributed to the increase in enrollment and interest rates, respectively.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Expenditures.

Table A-5
General Fund Expenditures

	 Year I	Ended	<u> </u>				
	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022	Ī	mount of ncrease Jecrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)	
Salaries	\$ 2,863,904	\$	2,762,484	\$	101,420	3.7 %	
Employee Benefits	938,030		911,692		26,338	2.9	
Purchased Services	965,426		922,426		43,000	4.7	
Supplies and Materials	283,354		287,243		(3,889)	(1.4)	
Capital Expenditures	264,722		126,434		138,288	109.4	
Other Expenditures	88,488		59,766		28,722	48.1	
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,403,924	\$	5,070,045	\$	333,879	6.6	

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

Total General Fund Expenditures increased \$333,879 or 6.6% from the previous year. Capital expenditures increased 94% and are attributed to water damage from the sprinkler expulsion during winter break as well as work in progress on the science room renovation.

Previously held in the Fiduciary Fund, there is \$1,233,071 Restricted for Scholarships in the General Fund.

General fund unassigned fund balance is the single best measure of overall financial health. The unassigned fund balance of \$312,285 (UFARS) at June 30, 2023 represents 6.2% of annual expenditures or about three weeks of operations. The District has a fund balance policy approved by the Board in June 2011 to maintain a minimum unassigned general fund balance of 13% of the annual budget.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Following approval of the budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the District revises the annual operating budget in mid-year. These budget amendments fall into two categories:

- Implementing budgets for specially funded projects, which include both federal and state grants and reinstating unexpended funds being carried over, and budgeting for clearing.
- Legislation passes subsequent to budget adoption, changes necessitated by collective bargaining agreements, changes in enrollment, and increases in appropriations for significant unbudgeted costs.

The District's final general fund results when compared to the revised budget for fiscal year 2023 are:

- Actual revenues were \$21,992 more than budgeted.
- Actual expenditures were \$43,871 under budget.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS

The Food Service Fund balance decreased \$22,130 to \$130,660 at June 30, 2023. Food Service revenue was \$307,701 compared to expenditures of \$329,831 in Fiscal 2023. The District has a Fund Balance Reduction plan on file with the Minnesota Department of Education.

Community Service revenue was \$123,007 compared to expenditures of \$151,093 in fiscal 2023. The Community Service Fund includes Early Childhood Family Education and School Readiness programs. The restricted for ECFE fund balance was \$99,572 at year-end, compared to \$86,921 on June 30, 2022. The School Readiness fund balance decreased \$3,769 to \$46,057 on June 30, 2023 with the implementation of a 4-year-old preschool program. The restricted for Community Education decreased \$1,996 to \$16,392 on June 30, 2023.

From the standpoint of maintaining current operating expenditures within the range of annual revenue and maintaining a sound fund balance, the Food Service and Community Service Funds continue to operate on a sound financial basis.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2023, the District had invested nearly \$5.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings and improvements, technology equipment, and other types of equipment. (See Table A-6.) (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.) Total depreciation expense for the year was \$209,287.

Table A-6 Capital Assets

		2023	 2022	Percentage Change		
Land	\$	78,551	\$ 78,551	- %		
Construction in Progress		64,546	-	N/A		
Land Improvements		230,920	208,548	10.7		
Buildings and Improvements		4,025,968	3,987,857	1.0		
Equipment		1,383,279	1,383,269	0.0		
Right-to-Use Lease Asset		45,313	5,163	777.6		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(3,512,659)	 (3,401,275)	3.3		
Total	\$	2,315,918	\$ 2,262,113	2.4		

Long-Term Liabilities

The District had an estimated \$30,332 in Compensated Absences Payable at June 30, 2023, a decrease of \$2,360 from June 30, 2022. (See Table A–7.)

The District issued \$1,000,000 of General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds in 2016, with the proceeds funding Long-term Facilities Maintenance projects. The principal balance due on these bonds was \$630,000 at June 30, 2023.

Table A-7
The District's Long-Term Liabilities

	 2023	2022	Percentage Change	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 630,000	\$ 700,000	(10.0)%	
Bond Premium	6,613	8,121	(18.6)	
Lease Liability	21,863	-	N/A	
Compensated Absences Payable	 30,332	 32,692	(7.2)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 688,808	\$ 740,813	(7.0)	
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	\$ 80,991	\$ 70,000		
Due in More Than One Year	 607,817	 670,813		
Total	\$ 688,808	\$ 740,813		

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the State of Minnesota for its revenue authority. The District and the Spring Grove Education Association negotiated a Quality Compensation Plan that was also approved by the Minnesota Department of Education to provide additional funding for teacher compensation thus adding additional revenue to the general fund. The Legislature has in recent years approved increases to the General Education Formula, an increase to the formula to fund All Day Kindergarten and simplified pupil weightings. Recent experience demonstrates that legislated revenue increases have not been sufficient to meet instructional program needs and increased costs due to inflation.

The most significant factor influencing the financial position of the District are the increasing costs of maintenance, supplies, and personnel. The District plans to continue to work on conservative spending and providing high quality education for students.

On election day 2023, voters approved a \$12 million dollar building bond question for replacement, upgrades, and improvements to mechanical and electrical systems, roofing, windows, bathrooms, and locker rooms, as well as renovations to the kitchen and cafeteria and career and technical education space.

The District will strive to maintain its long-standing commitment to academic excellence and educational opportunity for students within a framework of financial fiduciary responsibility.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Office, Independent School District No. 297, 113 2nd Ave NW, Spring Grove, Minnesota, 55974.



SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		overnmental Activities
ASSETS	•	0.700.400
Cash and Investments	\$	2,739,406
Receivables:		225 004
Property Taxes Other Governments		325,984
		581,211
Other Proposed Home		3,430
Prepaid Items		5,422
Inventory		11,941
Patronage Capital		93,023
Capital Assets:		142.007
Nondepreciable		143,097
Depreciable Amortized		2,130,877
Total Assets		41,944 6,076,335
Total Assets		0,070,333
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related		1,264,090
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		23,618
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,287,708
LIABILITIES		
Salaries Payable		464,689
Accounts Payable		149,653
Accrued Interest		5,771
Due to Other Governmental Units		16,248
Unearned Revenue		2,582
Long-Term Liabilities:		2,002
Portion Due Within One Year		80,991
Portion Due in More Than One Year		607,817
Net Pension Liability		3,435,518
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Due Within One Year		23,618
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Due in More Than One Year		142,408
Total Liabilities		4,929,295
		1,020,200
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		590,353
Pension Related		813,172
Other Postemployment Benefits Related		83,080
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,486,605
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,657,442
Restricted for:		1,001,112
Operating Capital Purposes		205,480
State-Mandated Reserves		1,351,151
Food Service		130,660
Community Service		143,740
Debt Service		11,584
Unrestricted Total Not Resition	Φ.	(2,551,914)
Total Net Position	\$	948,143

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Program	Reve	nues		Re	et (Expense) evenue and Change in et Position		
				haraaa far		Operating		Capital rants and		Total	
Functions		Expenses		harges for Services	_	Grants and Contributions		Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities		<u> </u>									
Administration	\$	354,764	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(354,764)	
District Support Services	•	213,070	,	_	Ť	500	•	_	•	(212,570)	
Regular Instruction		2,077,288		77,557		354,582		58,375		(1,586,774)	
Vocational Education Instruction		58,144		477		5,438		-		(52,229)	
Special Education Instruction		606,748		53,244		409,116		_		(144,388)	
Instructional Support Services		244,300		, -		, -		1,843		(242,457)	
Pupil Support Services		280,468		_		942		· -		(279,526)	
Sites and Buildings		664,780		569		545		11,728		(651,938)	
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs		84,054		_		-		-		(84,054)	
Food Service		329,691		123,738		181,038		-		(24,915)	
Community Service		131,050		37,012		54,900		-		(39,138)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges on											
Long-Term Liabilities		14,624				-		_		(14,624)	
Total School District	\$	5,058,981	\$	292,597	\$	1,007,061	\$	71,946		(3,687,377)	
		neral Revenu	Levie	ed for:						570.000	
		General Pur								573,989	
		Community S		е						21,477	
		Debt Service		4 4- C:E	- D					20,869	
		tate Aid Not F		•	c Pur	poses				3,125,977	
		arnings on In Iiscellaneous	vesime	enis						56,479	
	IV	Total Genera	d Dov	onuoc						4,019,900	
		Total Genera	ai Neve	enues						4,019,900	
	Cha	inge in Net Po	osition							332,523	
	Net	Position - Be	ginnin	g of Year						615,620	
	Net	Position - En	d of Ye	ear					\$	948,143	

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 BALANCE SHEET GOVENMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		Major	Fund	S		Go	Total overnmental
		Food		ommunity	Debt		Funds
	General	Service	Service		Service		2023
ASSETS			1				
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,455,776	\$ 120,715	\$	141,232	\$ 21,683	\$	2,739,406
Receivables:							
Current Property Taxes	276,027	-		13,110	30,231		319,368
Delinquent Property Taxes	6,128	-		237	251		6,616
Due from Other Minnesota School Districts	59,919	-		-	-		59,919
Due from Minnesota Department of Education	349,684	136		3,631	6,560		360,011
Due from Federal Through Minnesota Department							
of Education	118,268	1,063		27,493	-		146,824
Due from Federal Government Received Directly	6,040	-		-	-		6,040
Due from Other Governmental Units	8,417	-		-	-		8,417
Other Receivables	1,480	-		1,950	-		3,430
Prepaid Items	5,422	-		_	_		5,422
Inventory	-	11,941		-	_		11,941
Patronage Capital	93,023	· -		-	-		93,023
Total Assets	\$ 3,380,184	\$ 133,855	\$	187,653	\$ 58,725	\$	3,760,417
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:							
Salaries and Payroll Deductions Payable	\$ 450,973	\$ 613	\$	13,103	\$ -	\$	464,689
Accounts and Contracts Payable	144,391	-		5,262	-		149,653
Due to Other Governmental Units	16,248	-		· -	_		16,248
Unearned Revenue	_	2,582		_	_		2,582
Total Liabilities	611,612	 3,195		18,365	_		633,172
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	523,435	_		25,548	41,370		590.353
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes	1,129			23,340	251		1,617
Unavailable Revenue - Patronage Capital	93,023	_		251	251		93,023
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	617,587	 		25,785	 41,621		684,993
	017,307	_		25,765	41,021		004,993
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	-	11,941		-	-		11,941
Prepaid Items	5,422	-		-	-		5,422
Restricted for:							
Student Activities	58,743	-		-	-		58,743
Scholarships	1,233,071	-		-			1,233,071
Operating Capital	205,480	-			-		205,480
Learning and Development	7,292	-		-	-		7,292
Medical Assistance	11,520	-		-	-		11,520
Community Education Programs	-	-		16,392	-		16,392
Early Childhood and Family Education Programs	-	-		99,572	-		99,572
Basic Skills Programs	7,356	-		-	-		7,356
School Readiness	-	-		46,057	-		46,057
Safe Schools Levy	33,169	-		_	_		33,169
Restricted for Other Purposes	-	118,719		-	17,104		135,823
Assigned for:		,			,		.,
Facilities and Equipment	288,682	-		-	_		288,682
Unassigned	300,250	_		(18,518)	_		281,732
Total Fund Balance	2,150,985	 130,660	•	143,503	17,104		2,442,252
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_,,	 ,	•	,	,		-,,
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 3,380,184	\$ 133,855	\$	187,653	\$ 58,725	\$	3,760,417

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$ 2,442,252
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Land Construction in Progress Land Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Right-to-Use Lease Asset, Net of Accumulated Amortization	78,551 64,546 148,412 1,371,092 611,373 41,944
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	1,617
Patronage Capital will not be available to pay for current period expenditures and is therefore, deferred in the funds.	93,023
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(5,771)
The District's Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources are recorded only on the Statement of Net Position. Balances at year-end are:	
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Related	(166,026) 23,618 (83,080)
The District's Net Pension Liability and related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources are recorded only on the Statement of Net Position. Balances at year-end are:	
Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related	(3,435,518) 1,264,090 (813,172)
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at year-end are:	
Bonds Payable Unamortized Premiums Leases Liability Compensated Absences Payable	 (630,000) (6,613) (21,863) (30,332)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 948,143

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

										Total
				Major	Funds		Go	vernmental		
			F	ood	Co	mmunity		Debt		Funds
	Genera	al	S	ervice		Service		Service		2023
REVENUES										
Local Sources:										
Property Taxes	\$ 578	,107	\$	-	\$	21,443	\$	20,832	\$	620,382
Investment Income	48	,521		2,537		3,077		391		54,526
Other	331	,592		125,907		37,876		-		495,375
State Sources	3,743	,069		14,574		33,118		65,684		3,856,445
Federal Sources	162	,510		164,683		27,493		-		354,686
Total Revenues	4,863	,799		307,701		123,007		86,907		5,381,414
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Administration	440	,907		_		_		_		440,907
District Support Services	201	,938		_		_		_		201,938
Elementary and Secondary										
Regular Instruction	2,606	,878		_		_		_		2,606,878
Vocational Education Instruction	75	,212		_		_		_		75,212
Special Education Instruction	717	,600		_		_		_		717,600
Instructional Support Services	254	,988		_		_		_		254,988
Pupil Support Services	261	,727		-		_		-		261,727
Sites and Buildings	490	,432		_		_		_		490,432
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	84	,054		-		-		-		84,054
Food Service		-		322,402		_		-		322,402
Community Service		-		_		145,978		_		145,978
Capital Outlay	264	,722		7,289		5,115		-		277,126
Debt Service:										
Principal	5	,466		140		-		70,000		75,606
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		-		16,575		16,575
Total Expenditures	5,403	,924		329,831		151,093		86,575		5,971,423
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	(540	,125)		(22,130)		(28,086)		332		(590,009)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Lease Proceeds	27	,329		_		_		_		27,329
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		,250		_		_		_		1,250
Proceeds from Insurance Recoveries		,655		_		_		_		77,655
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,234	-	_		_		_		106,234
Net Change in Fund Balances		,891)	•	(22,130)	-	(28,086)		332		(483,775)
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,584	. ,		152,790		171,589		16,772		2,926,027
. and Dalanood Dogmining	2,004	,575		102,700	-	17 1,000		10,112		2,020,021
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,150	,985	\$	130,660	\$	143,503	\$	17,104	\$	2,442,252

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(483,775)

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	φ	(403,773)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays and acquisition of right-to-use assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported a depreciation or amortization expense.	as	
Capital Outlays Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets Proceeds from the Sales of Capital Assets Depreciation and Amortization Expense		267,784 (3,442) (1,250) (209,287)
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the currer period's expenditures, and therefore are unavailable in the governmental funds.	nt	(4,047)
The use of some capital assets are structured as leases. In governmental funds, a lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, and in the Statement of Net Position, the lease liability is reported. Repayment of lease principal in expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces the lease liability in the Statement of Net Position.		
Other Financing Sources - Leases Repayment of Lease Principal		(27,329) 5,466
Revenue from patronage capital in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		1,953
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. Pension exper in the Statement of Activities are measured by the change in Net Pension Liability and the related Deferred Outflows a Inflows of Resources.		692,191
Other postemployment benefits expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year benefit paymen Other postemployment benefits expense on the Statement of Activities is measured by the change in the total OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	its.	19,808
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences payable - are measured by amour earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amour financial resources used (amounts actually paid).		2,360
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as expenditure. In the Statement of Net Position; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities; however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effort these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:	the n	
Repayment of Bond Principal Change in Accrued Interest Liability Amortization of Bond Premium		70,000 583 1,508
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	332,523

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Independent School District No. 297 (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB pronouncements are recognized as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The District is an instrumentality of the state of Minnesota established to function as an education institution. The elected Board of Education (the Board) is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the District. A Superintendent is appointed by the Board and is responsible for administrative control of the District.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that the District's financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations which are not legally separate from the District. In addition, the District's financial statements are to include all component units – entities for which the District is financially accountable.

Financial accountability includes such aspects as appointing a voting majority of the organization's governing body, significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization or receiving specific financial benefits from, or imposing specific financial burden on, the organization. These financial statements include all funds of the District. There are no other entities for which the District is financially accountable.

Student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. The Board establishes broad policies and ensures that appropriate financial records are maintained for student activities, as well as controls and is financially accountable for these activities.

C. Basic Financial Statement Presentation

The District-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basic Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational; or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Depreciation expenses that can be specifically identified by function are included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the District-wide financial statements.

Separate Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

Revenue Recognition – Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues are generally considered available if collected within 60 days after year-end. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota Statutes and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Minnesota Statutes include state aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Food service sales, community education tuition, and other miscellaneous revenue (except investment earnings) are recorded as revenue when received because they are generally not measurable until then. Investment earnings are recorded when earned because they are measurable and available. A six-month availability period is generally used for other fund revenue.

Recording of Expenditures – Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures are recorded as prepaid for approved disbursements or liabilities incurred in advance of the year in which the item is to be used. Principal and interest on long-term debt issues are recognized on their due dates.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various District funds has been established by the State of Minnesota, Department of Education. The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. A description of each fund included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the general operations and pupil transportation activities of the District, as well as the capital related activities such as maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, health and safety projects, and disabled accessibility projects.

<u>Food Service Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures. Revenues for the Food Service Special Revenue Fund are composed of user fees and reimbursements from the Federal and State governments. These revenues are restricted for the Food Service Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, veterans, adult or early childhood programs, K-6 extended day programs, or other similar services. Revenues for the Community Service Special Revenue Fund are composed of user fees, local levy dollars, state tax credits, and aid from the State government. These revenues are restricted for the Community Service Special Revenue Fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs.

E. Budgeting

Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Each June, the School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for the General, Food Service, Community Service and Debt Service funds. The approved budget is published in summary form in the District's legal newspaper by November 30 or within one week of the acceptance of the final audit by the Board of Education each year. Reported budgeted amounts represent the amended budget as adopted by the School Board. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level.

Procedurally, in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education prior to July 1, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The budget is legally enacted by Board of Education action. Revisions to budgeted amounts must be approved by the Board of Education.

Total fund expenditures in excess of the budget require approval of the Board of Education. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at line item level.

F. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments consist of demand deposit accounts, time/savings accounts, Minnesota School District Liquid Assets Fund (MSDLAF), and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Receivables

Represents amounts receivable from individuals, firms, and corporations for goods and services furnished by the District. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary. The only receivable not expected to be collected within one year is current property taxes receivable.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as an expense or expenditure at the time of consumption.

I. Inventory

Inventory is recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consists of food and other supplies on hand at year-end and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Food and supply purchases are recorded at invoice cost, computed on a first-in, first-out method, and surplus commodities are stated at standardized cost, as determined by the Department of Agriculture.

J. Property Taxes

Property tax levies are established by the School Board in December each year and are certified to the County for collection the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes and are responsible for spreading all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1. Taxes are generally due on May 15 and October 15 and counties generally remit taxes to Districts at periodic intervals as they are collected. A portion of property taxes levied is paid through various state tax credits which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

Generally, tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year ending June 30, following the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible, while the current calendar year tax levy is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year). The majority of District revenue in the General Fund (and to a lesser extent in the District's Community Service Special Revenue Fund) is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is then allocated between taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities. Changes in this allocation are periodically accompanied by a change in property tax revenue recognition referred to as the "tax shift."

In accordance with state law, the current tax shift consists of an amount equal to 31% of the District's combined 2000 Pay 2001 operating referendum levy (frozen at \$60,668) for the District. Certain other portions of the District's 2022 pay 2023 levy, normally revenue for the 2023-23 fiscal year, are also advance recognized at June 30, 2023 as required by State Statute to match revenue with the same fiscal year as the related expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Property Taxes (Continued)

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is unavailable because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided as such amounts are not expected to be material. Current levies of local taxes, less the amount recognized as revenue in the current period, including portions assumed by the state which will be recognized as revenue in the next fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023, are included in Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year to indicate that, while they are current assets, they will not be recognized as revenue until the following year.

K. Patronage Capital

The District purchases telephone service from a cooperative which grants yearly patronage capital credit allocation to its customers. Capital credits represent the customer's share of ownership in the cooperative. They are held by the cooperative until retired by action of the cooperative's board of directors, at which time the customer will receive a capital credit refund check. Capital credit allocations are recognized in the year that they are received in the district-wide statements. In the fund statements, they are offset by unavailable revenue until they are paid out in cash.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the District-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the Fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purpose by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, 5 to 15 years for equipment, and 1 to 5 years for the right-to-use assets.

Capital assets not being depreciated include land.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets. Items such as sidewalks and other land improvements are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets (Continued)

Right-to-use assets are initially measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

SBITA assets are initially measured as the sum of the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term, payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, when applicable, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the SBITA term. SBITA assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful lives of the underlying IT assets.

M. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has two types of this item. They are pension related and other postemployment benefits related and are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the District-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period they are incurred.

In the Fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Accrued Employee Benefits

Vacation Pay

Accrued vacation has not been accrued in any funds as these benefits do not vest to employees.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Accrued Employee Benefits (Continued)

Compensated Absences Payable

Compensated absences payable consists of convertible sick leave payable to employees upon retirement.

Full-time employees who have completed five or more years of service with the District are eligible to receive severance pay. The amount of severance pay for teachers and other noncertified employees may be determined by multiplying the employee's unused sick leave days by the following rates:

Years of Service	
With the District	Rate of Pay
5-7	\$20
8-10	25
11+	50

The District budgets for payments of compensated absences payable for the ensuing year when it anticipates the retirement of personnel for a severance payment. The payment of compensated absences payable is recorded as a current expenditure in the year of the payment. At June 30, 2023, compensated absences payable totaling \$30,332 is recorded in the financial statements.

Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, the District recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase on one year or less, which are reported at cost.

P. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are those in which resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. The District has reported unearned revenues for school lunch deposits in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. This direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the State of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teacher's Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

PERA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund into GERF in fiscal year 2015.

R. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four types of these items. The first occurs because property tax receivables are recorded in the current year, but the revenue will be recorded in the subsequent year. The second type of deferred inflows of resources occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's year-end) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The third type, *pension related*, is reported in the Statement of Net Position. The fourth type is *other postemployment benefits* related.

S. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances. Nonspendable portions of fund balance are related to prepaid items and inventory. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the Board of Education. The Board of Education passed a resolution authorizing the Superintendent and Business Manager the ability to assign fund balances and their intended uses. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts, usually in the General Fund only.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Fund Balance (Continued)

In accordance with the District's fund balance policy, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available; it is the District's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available, it is the District's policy to use committed first, then assigned, and finally unassigned fund balance.

The District has a minimum fund balance policy, which identifies a minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of 13% of the annual budgeted expenditures.

The District's liabilities for compensated absences, severance, pension, and OPEB are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

T. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the District-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

U. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). This standard requires the recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for agreements that previously were classified as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the foundational principle that SBITAs are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a subscriber is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022, and has applied the provisions of this standards to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet as "Cash and Investments." In accordance with Minnesota Statutes the District maintains deposits at financial institutions which are authorized by the School District's Board of Education.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits will not be returned in full. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk and follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank of other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. It is required that the District sign authorizations releasing collateral once it is pledged.

The District's deposits in financial institutions at June 30, 2023 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by surety bonds and collateral in accordance with Minnesota Statutes.

B. Investments

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes as follows:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and receives the highest credit rating, is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less.
- General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- Commercial paper issued by United States bank, corporations, or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

- Guaranteed investment contracts guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks, or United States insurance companies if similar debt obligations of the issuer, or the collateral pledged by the issuer is in the top two rating categories.
- Repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities brokerdealers.

At June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

	Amo	rtized Cost
Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund		
Plus (MSDLAF+) Liquid Class	\$	831,689

The MSDLAF+ is an external investment pool that is managed to maintain a dollar-weighted-average portfolio maturity of no greater than 60 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1.00. The MSDLAF+ elects to measure its investments at amortized cost.

The Liquid Class has no redemption requirements.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The MSDLAF+ pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in the market interest rates.

The District does not have a formal investment policy that addresses permissible investments, portfolio diversification, and instrument maturities.

The deposits and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Deposits	\$ 1,907,717
Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund	
Plus (MSDLAF+)	831,689
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,739,406
Cash and Investments - Statement of Net Position	\$ 2,739,406

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

		eginning Balance	Inc	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	•	70 554	•		•		Φ.	70 554
Land Construction in Progress	\$	78,551	\$	- 64,546	\$	-	\$	78,551 64,546
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		78,551		64,546				143.097
, ,		70,001		04,040				140,007
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated								
Land Improvements		208,548		22,372		-		230,920
Buildings and Improvements		3,987,857		38,111		-		4,025,968
Equipment		1,383,269		97,442		(97,432)		1,383,279
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		5,579,674		157,925		(97,432)		5,640,167
Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		(73,694)		(8,814)		-		(82,508)
Buildings and Improvements	((2,540,241)	(114,635)		_		(2,654,876)
Equipment		(783,898)		(80,748)		92,740		(771,906)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,397,833)		204,197)		92,740		(3,509,290)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		2,181,841		(46,272)		(4,692)		2,130,877
Capital Assets, Being Amortized:								
Right-to-Use Equipment		5,163		25,825		(5,163)		25,825
Right-to-Use Software				19,488		-		19,488
Total Capital Assets, Being Amortized		5,163		45,313		(5,163)		45,313
Accumulated Amortization for:								
Right-to-Use Equipment		(3,442)		(4,303)		5,163		(2,582)
Right-to-Use Software		-		(787)		, -		(787)
Total Accumulated Amortization		(3,442)		(5,090)		5,163		(3,369)
Total Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net		1,721		40,223				41,944
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,262,113	\$	58,497	\$	(4,692)	\$	2,315,918

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Administration	\$ 3,678
District Support Services	492
Regular Instruction	169,754
Vocational Education Instruction	98
Special Education Instruction	3,037
Instructional Support Services	3,428
Pupil Support Services	3,644
Sites and Buildings	21,228
Food Service	3,718
Community Service	210
Total Depreciation and Amortization	
Expense, Governmental Activities	\$ 209,287

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Components of Long-Term Liabilities

			Principal Outstanding					
Issue	Interest	Original						
Date	Rate	Issue	Maturities	0	ne Year		Total	
7/14/2016	2.0% - 2.5%	\$ 1,000,000	2/1/2031	\$	75,000	\$	630,000	
Total	General Obligation	n Bonds			75,000		630,000	
Bond Premiums					-		6,613	
Leases Payable					5,991		21,863	
Compensated Ab	sences Payable						30,332	
				\$	80,991	\$	688,808	

B. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term debt, not including compensated absences payable, are as follows:

		General (Obliga	ition								
		Bonds Payable				Leases Payable				Total		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Р	rincipal		Interest	F	Principal		nterest
2024	\$	75,000	\$	13,850	\$	5,991	\$	409	\$	80,991	\$	14,259
2025		75,000		12,350		5,172		294		80,172		12,644
2026		75,000		10,850		5,290		176		80,290		11,026
2027		75,000		9,350		5,410		56		80,410		9,406
2028		80,000		7,850		-		-		80,000		7,850
2029-2031		250,000		12,625		-		-		250,000		12,625
Total	\$	630,000	\$	66,875	\$	21,863	\$	935	\$	651,863	\$	67,810

C. Description of Long-Term Liabilities

General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds, Series 2016A

The District issued \$1,000,000 of General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds, Series 2016A, dated July 14, 2016 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 2.50% and maturing February 1, 2031. The proceeds of this issue were used to finance various maintenance projects pursuant to the District's 10-year facility plan approved by the Commissioner of Education.

Lease Payable

The District has entered into one GASB 87 lease for copiers.

SBITA Payable

The District has entered into an agreement for wireless access points and classroom software licenses.

Compensated Absences Payable

The amount of the estimated obligation at June 30, 2023 is \$30,332. The District's General Fund, Food Service Fund, and Community Service Fund finance compensated absences on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	·	lune 30,					J	une 30,
	2022 Additions			Retirements			2023	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	700,000	\$	-	\$	70,000	\$	630,000
Bond Premiums		8,121		-		1,508		6,613
Lease Payable		-		27,329		5,466		21,863
Compensated Absences Payable		32,692				2,360		30,332
Total	\$	740,813	\$	27,329	\$	79,334	\$	688,808

NOTE 5 RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

Fund Equity

Certain portions of fund balance are restricted based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities, or as required by other outside parties. The following is a summary of the restricted fund balances for the governmental funds:

A. Restricted for Student Activities

In accordance with State Statute, this restriction represents available resources dedicated exclusively for student activities.

B. Restricted for Scholarships

In accordance with State Statute, this restriction represents available resources dedicated exclusively for scholarships.

C. Restricted for Operating Capital

The District levies taxes and receives state aid to be used for the purchase of equipment, books, and vehicles and to purchase, rent, improve, and repair school facilities as allowed by State Statute. The cumulative excess of such revenues over equipment and facilities expenditures is reported as a restriction of fund balance in the General Fund.

D. Restricted for Medical Assistance

This restricted fund balance represents accumulated resources available to be used for Medical Assistance expenditures.

E. Restricted for Community Education Programs

This restricted fund balance represents accumulated resources available to provide general community education programming.

NOTE 5 RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity (Continued)

F. Restricted for Early Childhood and Family Education Programs

This restricted fund balance represents accumulated resources available to provide services for early childhood family education programming.

G. Restricted for Basic Skills Programs

In accordance with State Statute, this restriction represents available resources dedicated exclusively for meeting the educational needs of pupils who enroll underprepared for learners of their age.

H. Restricted for School Readiness

This restricted fund balance represents accumulated resources available to provide school readiness programming in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

I. Restricted for Learning and Development

In accordance with State Statute, this restriction represents available resources dedicated exclusively for learning and development.

J. Restricted for Safe School Crime - Crime Levy

The District levies taxes to be used for the costs as allowed by State Statute for crime prevention, drug abuse, student, and staff safety, and violence prevention measures taken by the District. The cumulative excess of such revenues over expenditures is reported as a restriction of fund balance in the General Fund.

K. Restricted for Other Purposes

Represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resources providers, or through enabling legislation.

NOTE 6 ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

Assigning of the fund balance indicates a tentative plan for future use of the funds. The following is a summary of the assigned fund balance.

A. Assigned for Facilities and Equipment

The District has assigned, in the General Fund, an amount to pay for future facilities and equipment purchases.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The District participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA). PERA and TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA and TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan (GERF)

GERF covers certain full-time and certain part-time employees of the District, other than teachers. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA)

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities). Educators first hired by Minnesota state may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the defined contribution plan (DCP) administered by the state of Minnesota.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided

PERA and TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by State Statute and can only be modified by the State Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by *Minnesota Statute* and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

2. TRA Benefits (Continued)

Tier I Benefits

Tier I	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	First Ten Years of Service	2.2% per Year
	All Years After	2.7% per Year
Coordinated	First Ten Years if Service Years Are Up to July 1, 2006	1.2% per Year
	First Ten Years if Service Years Are July 1, 2006 or After	1.4% per Year
	All Other Years of Service if Service Years Are Up to July 1, 2006	1.7% per Year
	All Other Years of Service if Service Years Are July 1, 2006 or After	1.9% per Year

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) 3% per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

or

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7% per year for Coordinated members and 2.7% per year for Basic members is applied. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9% per year for Coordinated members and 2.7% per year for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under *Minnesota Statute*. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

C. Contribution Rate

1. GERF Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2020 and the District was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$48,276. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by State Statute.

2. TRA Contributions

Per *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 354 contribution rates for the fiscal year for the coordinated plan were 7.50% for the employee and 8.13% for the employer. Basic plan rates were 11.00% for the employee and 12.13% for the employer. The District's contributions to TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$196,390. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by State Statute.

D. Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$696,963 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District was \$20,302, for a total net pension liability of \$717,265 associated with the District. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was .0088% at the end of the measurement period and .0082% for the beginning of the period.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net	
Pension Liability	\$ 696,963
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Liability Associated with the District	20,302
Total	\$ 717,265

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. GERF Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$114,447 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense. It also recognized \$3,034 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Plan.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

GERF Pension Costs

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
Description	Resources		Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Economic Experience	\$	5,822	\$	7,445
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		157,735		2,835
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		12,089		_
Changes in Proportion		43,989		_
District Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		48,276		-
Total	\$	267,911	\$	10,280

The \$48,276 related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

General Employees Plan Pension Costs

	Pension Expe	nse
Year Ending June 30,	Amounts	
2024	\$ 86,7	03
2025	73,4	93
2026	(13,8	70)
2027	63.0	29

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,738,555 for its proportionate share of TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, city of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The District's proportionate share was 0.0342% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0365% for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

TRA Pension Costs

Description	Amount		
District's Proportionate Share of the TRA Net		_	
Pension Liability	\$	2,738,555	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension			
Liability Associated with the District		203,088	
Total	\$	2,941,643	

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a decrease to pension expense of (\$560,065). It also recognized (\$57,584) as a decrease to pension expense and grant revenue for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		lr	Deferred oflows of
Description	R	esources	R	esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Economic Experience	\$	40,058	\$	24,042
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		438,711		579,549
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		76,518		-
Changes in Proportion		244,502		199,301
District Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		196,390		
Total	\$	996,179	\$	802,892
			_	

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. TRA Pension Costs (Continued)

Of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date, \$196,390 is reported as deferred outflows and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to TRA will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expens	е
Year Ending June 30,	Amounts	
2024	\$ (463,233)
2025	105,175	
2026	47,863	
2027	345,021	
2028	(37,929)

3. Aggregate Pension Costs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

	PERA		TRA		Total
Net Pension Liability	\$	696,963	\$	2,738,555	\$ 3,435,518
Deferred Outflows of Resources		267,911		996,179	1,264,090
Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,280		802,892	813,172
Pension Expense		117,481		(617,649)	(500,168)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

GERF and TRA Assumptions

Assumptions	GERF	TRA		
Inflation	2.25% per year	2.50%		
Active Member Payroll Growth	10.25% after	2.85% to 8.85%		
	one year of	before July 1,		
	service to 3.00%	2028 and		
	after 27 years of	3.25% to 9.25%		
	service	after June 30,		
		2028		
Investment Rate of Return	6.5% per year	7.00%		

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

PERA salary growth assumptions were based on a service-related table. PERA mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience. PERA benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25% per year for the General Employees Plan. The assumption for long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

TRA pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment. TRA cost of living benefit increases 1.0% for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.1% each year up to 1.5% annually.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study for the PERA General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted and became effective with July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions for PERA occurred in 2022:

 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA and TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term
	PERA Target	TRA Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	33.5 %	5.10 %
International Equity	16.5	16.5	5.90
Private Markets	25.0	25.0	5.90
Fixed Income	25.0	25.0	0.75
Totals	100.0 %	100.0 %	

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GERF pension liability in 2022 was 6.50%. There was no change since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Retirement Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The discount rate used to measure the total TRA pension liability was 7.00%. There was no change since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2022 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

GENERAL EMPLOYEES PLAN AND TRA PENSION LIABILITY

Description	. , •	Decrease in scount Rate	Dis	Current scount Rate	. , .	Increase in scount Rate
General Employees Plan Discount Rate		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
District's Proportionate Share of the General						
Employees Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	1,100,889	\$	696,963	\$	365,681
TRA Discount Rate		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
District's Proportionate Share of the TRA Net						
Pension Liability	\$	4,317,183	\$	2,738,555	\$	1,444,572

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org; by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-4000; or by calling (651) 296-2409 or 1-800-657-3669.

NOTE 8 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The District provides eligible employees future retirement benefits through the District's 403(b) Plan (the Plan). Employees of the District are eligible to participate in the Plan commencing on the date of their employment. Eligible employees may elect to have a percentage of their pay contributed to the Plan. Some employees are eligible to receive a District match of employee contributions up to the qualifying amounts set forth in their respective collective bargaining agreements. Contributions are invested in tax-deferred annuities selected and owned by Plan participants. The amount of pension expense recognized by the employer in the reporting period ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$30,225 and \$28,650, respectively.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District operates a single employer retiree defined benefit plan (the Plan) that provides health care benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are 51 active participants and one retired participant. Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the District and various unions representing District employees and are renegotiated at various times and provided through a third-party insurer.

B. Benefits Provided

Teachers who are age 55 and have been employed by the District for a minimum of 15 years are eligible to remain on the District's medical insurance until age 65. The District will pay the premium for single coverage.

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2022, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of July 1, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to periods included in the measurement date, unless specified otherwise:

Inflation 2.50% (2.00% at the prior measurement date)

Salary Increases 4.00 %

Health Care Cost Trend Rates
6.25% decreasing to 5.00% over 6 years and

then to 4.00% over the next 54 years

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale (MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale as of the previous measurement date).

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.80% (2.10% at the prior measurement date). The discount rate is based on the estimated yield of 20-year AA-rated municipal bonds.

Plan Changes

Certified/Licensed employees with 15 years of service and at least 55 years old were offered an Early Retirement Incentive of single medical insurance premiums paid with a maximum of \$676 per month for one year.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Total OPEB Liability

		ncrease ecrease)
	· -	tal OPEB
		Liability
Balances at July 1, 2022	\$	172,701
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		18,600
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		3,826
Assumption Changes		(10,831)
Differences Between Expected and		, ,
Actual Experience		-
Plan Changes		-
Benefit Payments		(18,270)
Net Changes		(6,675)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	166,026

E. Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase
		2.80%		3.80%		4.80%
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	175,045	\$	166,026	\$	157,200

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Heal	Ithcare Cost		
	1%	Decrease	Tre	end Rates	1%	Increase
	1	(5.25%		(6.25%		(7.25%
	Dec	reasing to	Dec	creasing to	Dec	creasing to
	4.0	00% then	5.	00% then	6.	00% then
	;	3.00%)		4.00%)		5.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	149,008	\$	166,026	\$	185,844

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

F. OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$3,411). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	eferred atflows of esources	 red Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$	-	\$ 44,770
Changes of Assumptions		7,219	11,420
Difference Between Projected and			
Actual Experience		-	26,890
District Payment of Benefits			
Subsequent to the Measurement		16,399	-
Total	\$	23,618	\$ 83,080

District payment of benefits subsequent to the measurement date of \$16,399 will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2024	\$ (25,834)
2025	(25,834)
2026	(11,192)
2027	(11,192)
2028	(1,809)

NOTE 10 FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan that is classified as a "cafeteria plan" under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pre-tax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the plan for health care and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the plan year, which is from September 1 to August 31, each participant designates a total amount of pre-tax dollars to be contributed to the plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions for the health care portion of the plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

NOTE 10 FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Payments of health insurance premiums are made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies. These payments are made on a monthly basis and are accounted for in the General Fund.

Payments for amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are made to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses.

All plan property and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of the general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible health care and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 11 JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Hiawatha Valley Education District No. 61-6013 was established by an act of the 1987 Legislature of the State of Minnesota. The primary objective of Hiawatha Valley Education District is to provide, by a cooperative effort, comprehensive educational programs and other related services as can be effectively operated by its 14 member districts and 3 member charter schools. Each member district shares in the cost of the programming, which is paid to the education district in the form of membership fees, reimbursements, and other charges for services. The education district is able to recover the cost of its programs through the previously mentioned revenue sources. The jointly governed organization's financial statements are audited and available for inspection.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters and workers compensation. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for such risks.

The District has joined together with other school districts in southeastern Minnesota in the Southeast Service Cooperative Gross Self-Insured Health Insurance Plan, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member districts. The District pays an annual premium to this plan for its health insurance coverage. These premiums are used to purchase reinsurance through commercial companies. The administrators of the plan believe assessment to participating districts for future losses sustained is extremely remote.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the District's policies. In addition, there have been no settlements in excess of the District's insurance coverage in any of the prior three years.

NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Receivables

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The financial assistance received is subject to audits by the grantor agency.

NOTE 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 7, 2023, the public voted to approve a school building bond in an amount not to exceed \$12,195,000 for replacement, upgrades, and improvements to mechanical and electrical systems, roofing, windows, bathrooms, and locker rooms, as well as renovations to the kitchen and cafeteria and career and technical education space. The award for the sale of bonds is anticipated to be in January of 2024 with closing expected in February of 2024.



SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Am	nounts		Actual		er (Under)
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES								
Local Sources:								
Property Taxes	\$	576,057	\$	584,917	\$	578,107	\$	(6,810)
Investment Income		35,025		35,025		48,521		13,496
Other		258,469		296,759		331,592		34,833
State Sources		3,701,461		3,709,499		3,743,069		33,570
Federal Sources		185,925		215,607		162,510		(53,097)
Total Revenues		4,756,937		4,841,807		4,863,799		21,992
EXPENDITURES								
Current:				4=4.040				(40.400)
Administration		450,315		451,040		440,907		(10,133)
District Support Services		208,275		208,775		201,938		(6,837)
Elementary and Secondary Regular Instruction		2,593,490		2,641,725		2,606,878		(34,847)
Vocational Education Instruction		68,330		70,735		75,212		4,477
Special Education Instruction		738,135		720,720		717,600		(3,120)
Instructional Support Services		201,970		260,975		254,988		(5,987)
Pupil Support Services		297,580		278,060		261,727		(16,333)
Sites and Buildings		408,560		487,765		490,432		2,667
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs		84,000		84,000		84,054		54
Capital Outlay		146,000		238,000		264,722		26,722
Debt Service:		0.000		0.000		5 400		(50.4)
Principal		6,000		6,000		5,466		(534)
Total Expenditures	_	5,202,655	_	5,447,795	_	5,403,924		(43,871)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(445,718)		(605,988)		(540,125)		65,863
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		500		1,500		1,250		(250)
Insurance Recovery		5,000		80,000		77,655		(2,345)
Capital Lease Proceeds		· -		-		27,329		27,329
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,500		81,500		106,234		24,734
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(440,218)	\$	(524,488)		(433,891)	\$	90,597
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year, As Restated						2,584,876		
End of Year					\$	2,150,985		
End of Four					Ψ	2,100,000		

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOOD SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	1	Actual Amounts		r (Under) al Budget
REVENUES	 Original		ı ıııaı		Amounts	1 1116	ai Duuget
Local Sources:							
Investment Income	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	2,537	\$	1,537
Other - Primarily Meal Sales	147,625		125,625		125,907		282
State Sources	20,695		14,550		14,574		24
Federal Sources	 102,700		155,610		164,683		9,073
Total Revenues	272,020		296,785		307,701		10,916
EXPENDITURES Current: Food Service	325,250		322,030		322,402		372
Capital Outlay	15,000		10,000		7,289		(2,711)
Debt Service	 850		850		140		(710)
Total Expenditures	 341,100		332,880		329,831		(3,049)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (69,080)	\$	(36,095)		(22,130)	\$	13,965
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year					152,790		
End of Year				\$	130,660		

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo		_	Actual		er (Under)
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							
Local Sources:							
Property Taxes	\$ 22,316	\$	21,572	\$	21,443	\$	(129)
Investment Income	1,000		1,000		3,077		2,077
Other - Primarily Tuition and Fees	45,700		45,660		37,876		(7,784)
State Sources	29,609		31,726		33,118		1,392
Federal Sources	17,000		12,000		27,493		15,493
Total Revenues	115,625		111,958		123,007		11,049
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community Service	130,595		207,440		145,978		(61,462)
Capital Outlay	1,000		1,000		5,115		4,115
Total Expenditures	131,595		208,440		151,093		(57,347)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (15,970)	\$	(96,482)		(28,086)	\$	68,396
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of Year					171,589		
End of Year				\$	143,503		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX MEASUREMENT PERIODS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Measurement Date Total OPEB Liability	JuC	ıly 1, 2022	ηſ	July 1, 2021	ηſ	July 1, 2020	7	July 1, 2019	Jul	July 1, 2018	٦,	July 1, 2017
Service Cost Interest	↔	18,600 3,826	↔	22,402 6,847	↔	22,329 6,278	\$	21,679 9,222	↔	24,472 8,970	↔	23,759 9,053
Assumption Changes Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		(10,831)		10,829 (67.154)				(7,186)				
Benefit Payments Plan Changes		(18,270)		(13,267)		(7,431)		(17,311)		(29,045)		(42,801)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(6,675)		(32,348)		21,176		(74,266)		4,397		(6,989)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending	c .	172,701	65	172 701	U.	183,873	U.	258,139 183,873	U .	253,742	₩ #	263,731
Covered Employee Payroll	φ	2,669,487	₩	2,591,735	↔ ↔	2,485,089	↔ ↔	2,412,708	₩	2,120,263	₩ ₩	2,058,508
District's Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of the Covered Employee Payroll		6.22%		%99.9		8.25%		7.62%		12.17%		12.33%

Note 1: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST NINE MEASUREMENT PERIODS SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Fiscal Year	2023	2022	İ	2021		2020		2019	l I	2018	ļ	2017	l	2016		2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	1021	June 30, 2020	020	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017	Ju	June 30, 2016	Jul	June 30, 2015	Jun	June 30, 2014
General Employees Plan District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District Total	0.0088% \$ 696,963 20,302 \$ 717,265	\$ 350 \$ 350 \$ 360	0.0082% 350,177 10,756 360,933	0.0081% \$ 485,632 15,065 \$ 500,697	.o I	0.0071% \$ 392,543 12,166 \$ 404,709	1% 43 \$ 66 \$	0.0073% 404,974 13,391 418,365	↔	0.0074% 472,411 5,940 478,351	ө ө	0.0077% 625,202 8,165 633,367	6	0.0071% 367,959	မှ မှ	0.0078% 366,405
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 643,684	\$ 658	658,783	\$ 584,941		\$ 499,017	=======================================	492,181	₩	472,592	↔	480,346	↔	418,470	↔	408,346
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	108.28%	53	53.16%	83	83.02%	78.66%	%9	82.28%	,o	%96.66		131.86%		87.93%		89.73%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.67%	87	87.00%	79.	%90.62	80.20%	%0	79.50%	, 0	75.90%		%06:89		78.20%		78.70%
TRA District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Grate's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.0342% \$ 2,738,555	0.0365% \$ 1,597,349	0.0365% 597,349	0.0350%	0.0350%	0.0329%	9%	0.0322%	↔	0.0318% 6,347,857	↔	0.0325% 7,752,025	↔	0.0329% 2,035,190	ь	0.0356%
States Proportionate Strate of the Net Fersion Elability Associated with the District Total	203,088 \$ 2,941,643	134,717 \$ 1,732,066	134,717 732,066	216,702 \$ 2,802,549	1 11	185,583 \$ 2,282,636	36	189,879 2,210,881	 ↔	614,084 6,961,941	φ	778,925 8,530,950	↔	249,396 2,284,586	s	115,388 1,755,810
District's Covered Payroll District's Description of the Not Description Linksling	\$ 2,289,673	\$ 2,096,291	,291	\$ 2,053,574		\$ 1,854,396	\$ 96	1,800,484	↔	1,709,838	↔	1,707,592	↔	1,663,128	8	1,655,531
District's Proportionate Strate of the Net Perison Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	119.60%	9/	76.20%	125.	125.92%	113.09%	%6	112.25%	\ 0	371.25%		453.97%		122.37%		%60'66
riair riduciary net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.17%	98	%69.98	75.	75.48%	78.21%	1%	78.07%	、 0	51.57%		44.88%		76.80%		81.50%

Note: Information prior to June 30, 2014 is unavailable.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

; :		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
General Employees Plan Contractually Required Contribution	↔	48,276	s	49,409	↔	44,259	↔	43,871	s	37,426	↔	36,914	s	35,445	↔	36,026	↔	30,934	s	29,693	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	es	(48,276)	မာ	(49,409)	မှ	(44,259)	မာ	(43,871)	မှ	(37,426)	₩	(36,914)	s	(35,445)	↔	(36,026)	မှ	(30,934)	φ	(29,693)	
District's Covered Payroll	8	643,684	s	658,783	↔	590,111	↔	584,941	€	499,017	↔	492,181	s	472,592	↔	480,346	₩	418,470	↔	408,346	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.39%		7.27%	
Contractually Required Contribution	49	196,390	ક	175,414	€	179,287	↔	163,243	↔	144,301	↔	135,620	69	128,246	↔	128,077	↔	124,735	8	117,093	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	€	(196,390)	s	(175,414)	↔	(179,287)	€	(163,243)	€	(144,301)	ω	(135,620)	မ	(128,246)	s	(128,077)	မ	(124,735)	es	(117,093)	
District's Covered Payroll	69	2,289,673	s	\$ 2,096,291	€9	2,197,571	€9	2,053,574	69	1,854,396	€9	1,800,484	s	1,709,838	69	1,707,592	↔	1,663,128	69	1,655,531	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		8.58%		8.37%		8.16%		7.95%		7.78%		7.53%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.07%	

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

2022

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

2021

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2020

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2020 (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreased from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018

Changes in Actuarial Assumption

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50% beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2017

Changes in Actuarial Assumption

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5 % per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

2015

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due on September 2015.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Teachers Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

2022

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• There were no changes in actuarial assumptions for financial reporting purposes.

2021

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 7.00%, for financial reporting purposes.

2020

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January to 1.0, effective January 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase .01% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next two years (8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.5% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

2019

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2018

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.5% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The wage inflation assumption (above price inflation) was reduced from 0.75% to 0.35% for the next 10 years, and 0.75% thereafter.
- The total salary increase assumption was adjusted by the wage inflation change.
- The amortization date for the funding of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrual Liability (UAAL) was reset to June 30, 2048 (30 years).
- The mechanism in the law that provided the TRA Board with some authority is set contribution rates was eliminated.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to 0% beginning July 1, 2019.
 Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018.
 Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next four years, (7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2017

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- Adjustment were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5% but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for 10 years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

2016

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment was not assumed to increase (it remained at 2.0% for all future years).
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes at some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back six years and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- The postretirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 while collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustments.
- Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989 were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.
- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional forms of payment at retirement were made.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2015

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2037.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.25% to 8.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015. This also resulted in a state-provided contribution stream of \$14.377 million until the System becomes fully funded.

2014

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

 The cost of living adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually once the legally specified criteria was met. This was estimated to occur July 1, 2031.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The increase in the postretirement benefit adjustment (COLA) will be made once the System is 90% funded (on a market value basis) in two consecutive years, rather than just one year.

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the District's other postemployment benefits plan for the year ended June 30:

2022

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was changed from 2.10% to 3.80%.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.

2021

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was changed from 2.40% to 2.10%.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 Certified/Licensed employees with 15 years of service and at least 55 years old were offered an Early Retirement Incentive of single medical insurance premiums paid with a maximum of \$676 per month for one year.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2020

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The discount rate was changed from 3.10% to 2.40%.

2019

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was changed from 3.40% to 3.10%.
- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale to the Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates with vary by service and contract group.

2018

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions.

2017

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The subsidized post-retirement benefit for medical and life insurance was removed for principals and the superintendent.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.40%.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Independent School District No. 297 Spring Grove, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Grove Public Schools Independent School District No. 297 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Spring Grove Public Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2023-001 through 2023-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Rochester, Minnesota December 28, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Independent School District No. 297 Spring Grove, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Grove Public Schools Independent School District No. 297 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2023.

In connection with our audit, we noted that the District failed to comply with the miscellaneous provisions section of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65, in so far as they relate to accounting matters as described in the schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-004. Also, in connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting-bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above-referenced provision, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the legal compliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance relating to the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Rochester, Minnesota December 28, 2023

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

FINDING: 2023-001 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP)

Type of Finding: Material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.

Condition: The District has a control in place for the review of the drafted financial

statements. However, the District does not have the expertise to ensure all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are included in the annual financial statements.

Criteria or Specific

Requirement: The District should have controls in place to prevent or detect an omission of

a material disclosure in the annual financial statements.

Effect: The potential exists that a material disclosure could be omitted from the

financial statements and not be prevented, or detected and corrected, by the

District's internal controls.

Cause: The District does not have the expertise to draft the notes to the financial

statement; however, they have reviewed and approved the annual financial

statement as prepared by the audit firm.

Repeat Finding: Yes, 2022-001

Recommendation: We recommend the District continue to evaluate their internal staff and

expertise to determine if further controls over annual financial reporting are

beneficial.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The Business Manager reviews the drafted financial statements and notes. The District does not have the expertise to ensure all disclosures required by GAAP are included in the financial statements. Accordingly, the District will continue to engage the auditors to prepare the financial statements and related disclosures. However, the Business Manager will review the notes for accuracy and compare the balances to UFARS and other District reports prior to issuance of the statements.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Tanya Elton, Business Manager, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the deficiency.

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

June 30, 2024

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

Rachel Udstuen, Superintendent, will ensure the review by the Business Manager has been completed. She will do this through discussions with the Business Manager and reviewing the draft of the financial statements.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING: 2023-002 CONTROL OVER CASH RECEIPTS

Type of Finding: Material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.

Condition: The Business Manager currently enters the receipts in the system on a

weekly basis. At month-end, the Business Manager also reconciles the bank

statement.

Criteria: Generally, a system of internal controls contemplates separation of duties

such that no individual has responsibility for recording and reconciling the

cash receipts.

Context: As of June 30, 2023, the District did not have a process in place that

segregated the role of entering receipts and the role of reconciling the bank

statement.

Effect: It is more than reasonably possible that a material misstatement would not be

prevented or detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary

course of business.

Cause: One individual in the District is in charge of recording and reconciling the

cash receipts.

Repeat Finding: Yes, 2022-002.

Recommendation: We recommend the District involve two individuals in the cash receipts

procedures.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding

The District reviews and makes improvements to its internal controls on an ongoing basis and attempts to maximize the segregation of duties in all areas within the limits of the staff available.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP

Tanya Elton, Business Manager, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the deficiency.

Planned Completion Date for CAP

June 30, 2024

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP

Rachel Udstuen, Superintendent, will be monitoring this corrective action plan.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING: 2023-003 TIMELY COMPLETION AND REVIEW OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS

Type of Finding: Material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.

Condition: Bank reconciliations were not prepared in a timely manner throughout the

fiscal year 2023. Additionally, the reconciliations were not consistently reviewed by other members of the District's management or governance.

Criteria: The District should have controls in place to prevent, or detect and correct, a

material misstatement in the financial statements in a timely manner.

Context: The District's internal control indicated that these cash reconciliations should

be prepared in a timely manner and reviewed by the Board of Education.

Effect: The potential exists that a material misstatement could occur in the financial

statements and not be prevented, or detected and corrected, by the District's

internal controls.

Cause: The District's controls were not properly implemented.

Repeat Finding: Yes, 2022-003.

Recommendation: We recommend the District follow its control of timely preparation and review

of cash reconciliations.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding

Cash reconciliations will be done on a monthly basis. The Board of Education or other member of the management team will review the reconciliations upon completion.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP

Tanya Elton, Business Manager, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the deficiency.

Planned Completion Date for CAP

June 30, 2024

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP

Rachel Udstuen, Superintendent, will be monitoring this corrective action plan.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING: 2023-004 MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE – REMITTING UNCLAIMED CHECKS

TO THE STATE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE

Condition: The District has over 30 outstanding checks that are listed on their

outstanding check listing that are over three years old.

Criteria: Minnesota State Statute 345.38-.43 states that unclaimed checks or other

intangible property held for more than three years should be reported and

paid to the State Commissioner of Commerce.

Context: Over 30 outstanding checks on the June 30, 2023 bank reconciliation were

over three years old.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with this State Statute.

Cause: The District was unaware of the State Statute.

Repeat Finding: Yes, 2022-004.

Recommendation: We recommend the District be in compliance with the State Statute and

follow the necessary steps to remit all unclaimed checks over three years old.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding

The District will remit unclaimed checks as per state statute.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP

Tanya Elton, Business Manager, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the deficiency.

Planned Completion Date for CAP

June 30, 2024

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP

Rachel Udstuen, Superintendent, will be monitoring this corrective action plan.

SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 UNIFORM FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS COMPLIANCE TABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Audit	UFARS	Difference		Audit	UFARS	Difference
01 GENERAL FUND				06 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION			
Total Revenue	\$ 4,863,799	\$ 4,863,780	\$ 19	Total Revenue	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -
Total Expenditures 460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 5,403,924 \$ 5,422	\$ 5,403,903 \$ 5,422	\$ 21	Total Expenditures 460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -
Restricted/Reserved:	\$ 5,422	<u></u> 5,422	<u> </u>	Restricted/Reserved:	3 -	<u> </u>	3 -
401 Student Activities	\$ 58,743	\$ 58.743	\$ -	407 Capital Projects Levy	s -	\$ -	s -
402 Scholarships	\$ 1,233,071	\$ 1,233,071	\$ -	413 Project Funded by COP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
403 Staff Development	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	467 LTFM	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
406 Health and Safety	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Restricted:			
407 Capital Project Levy	\$	\$ -	\$ -	464 Restricted Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
408 Cooperative Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Unassigned:			_
413 Project Funded by COP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	463 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -
414 Operating Debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	07 DEDT CEDVICE			
416 Levy Reduction 417 Taconite Building Maint	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ -	07 DEBT SERVICE Total Revenue	- \$ 86,907	\$ 86,907	e
423 Certain Teacher Programs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Total Expenditures	\$ 86,575	\$ 86,575	\$ -
424 Operating Capital	\$ 205,480	\$ 205,480	\$ -	460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
426 \$25 Taconite	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Restricted/Reserved:			
427 Disabled Accessibility	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	425 Bond Refunding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
428 Learning & Development	\$ 7,292	\$ 7,292	\$ -	451 QZAB Payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
434 Area Learning Center	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	467 LTFM	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
435 Contracted Alt. Programs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Restricted:			
436 St. Approved Alt. Programs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	464 Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 17,104	\$ 17,104	\$ -
438 Gifted & Talented	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Unassigned:		•	•
440 Teacher Development and Eval 441 Basic Skills Programs	\$ - \$ 7,356	<u> </u>	\$ -	463 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>
441 Basic Skills Programs 445 Career & Tech Programs	\$ 7,356 \$ -	\$ 7,356 \$ -	\$ -	08 TRUST			
448 Achievement and Integration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Total Revenue	- s -	\$ -	s -
449 Safe Schools Levy	\$ 33,169	\$ 33,169	\$ -	Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
450 Pre-Kindergarten	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	422 Net Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
451 QZAB Payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
452 OPEB Liab Not in Trust	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	20 INTERNAL SERVICE	_		
459 Basic Skills Extended Time	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Total Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
467 LTFM	\$ (12,035)	\$ (12,035)	\$ -	Total Expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -
472 Medical Assistance	\$ 11,520	\$ 11,520	\$ -	422 Net Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted: 464 Restricted Fund Balance	e	\$ -	\$ -	25 OPEB REVOCABLE TRUST			
Committed:	\$ -	Φ -	<u> </u>	Total Revenue	- s	\$ -	\$ -
418 Committed for Separation	s -	\$ -	\$ -	Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
461 Committed Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	422 Net Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Assigned:							
462 Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 288,682	\$ 288,682	\$ -	45 OPEB IRREVOCABLE TRUST	_		
Unassigned:				Total Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
422 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 312,285	\$ 312,285	\$ -	Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
				422 Net Assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
02 FOOD SERVICE		A 007 700	(0)	47 OPER REPT CERVICE			
Total Revenue Total Expenditures	\$ 307,701 \$ 329.831	\$ 307,703 \$ 329,832	\$ (2) \$ (1)	47 OPEB DEBT SERVICE Total Revenue		¢.	•
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 11,941	\$ 11,941	\$ -	Total Expenditures	3 -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted/Reserved:	Ψ 11,541	Ψ 11,3+1	Ψ	460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
452 OPEB Liab Not in Trust	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Restricted:		Ψ	
Restricted:				425 Bond Refunding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
464 Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 118,719	\$ 118,720	\$ (1)	464 Restricted Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unassigned:				Unassigned:			
463 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	463 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE		ф 400.00г					
Total Revenue Total Expenditures	\$ 123,006 \$ 151.093	\$ 123,005 \$ 151,090	\$ 1				
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 151,093	\$ 151,090	\$ -				
Restricted/Reserved:	Ψ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
426 \$25 Taconite	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
431 Community Education	\$ 16,392	\$ 16,392	\$ -				
432 E.C.F.E.	\$ 99,572	\$ 99,572	\$ -				
440 Teacher Development & Eval	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
444 School Readiness	\$ 46,057	\$ 46,057	\$ -				
447 Adult Basic Education	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
452 OPEB Liab Not in Trust	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Restricted: 464 Restricted Fund Balance	e	¢	\$ -				
464 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>				
463 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ (18,518)	\$ (18,517)	\$ (1)				
•		,/					



APPENDIX B

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION

(See following pages)



APPENDIX B

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION

Independent School District No. 297 Spring Grove, Minnesota

[Purchaser] [City, State]

Re: \$12,195,000 General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2024A

Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota

Houston County, Minnesota

Ladies and Gentlemen:

As Bond Counsel in connection with the authorization, issuance and sale by Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota (the District), of the obligations described above, dated, as originally issued, as of February 8, 2024 (the Bonds), we have examined certified copies of certain proceedings taken, and certain affidavits and certificates furnished, by the District in the authorization, sale and issuance of the Bonds, including the form of the Bonds. As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have assumed the authenticity of and relied upon the proceedings, affidavits and certificates furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation. From our examination of such proceedings, affidavits and certificates and on the basis of existing law, it is our opinion that:

- 1. The Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the District, enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 2. The principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes heretofore duly levied on all taxable property in the District, but if necessary for payment thereof, additional ad valorem taxes are required by law to be levied on all such property, which taxes are not subject to any limitation as to rate or amount.
- 3. The resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds obligates the District to be bound by the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Section 126C.55. We express no opinion as to the enforceability of the provisions of such law against the State of Minnesota in the absence of legally appropriated and available funds to pay the obligations of the State thereunder.
- 4. Interest on the Bonds (a) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code) and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by Section 55 of the Code.

Independent School District No. 297 [Purchaser] Page 2

5. Interest on the Bonds (a) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the Minnesota alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals, estates, and trusts.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 above are subject, as to enforceability, to the effect of any state or federal laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or creditors' rights and the application of equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 4 and 5 above are subject to the compliance by the District with certain requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds. Noncompliance with these requirements could result in the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in gross income for federal income tax purposes and taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

Except as stated herein, we express no opinion regarding federal, state, or other tax consequences to the owner of the Bonds. We note, however, that interest on the Bonds may be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code), and interest on the Bonds is included in net income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may occur after the date hereof and which may be retroactive.

We have not been asked, and have not undertaken, to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of any offering materials relating to the Bonds, and, accordingly, we express no opinion with respect thereto.

Dated this 8th day of February, 2023.

Very truly yours,

APPENDIX C

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

- 1. The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the securities (the "Securities"). The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Security certificate will be issued for [each issue of] the Securities, [each] in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC. [If, however, the aggregate principal amount of [any] issue exceeds \$500 million, one certificate will be issued with respect to each \$500 million of principal amount, and an additional certificate will be issued with respect to any remaining principal amount of such issue.]
- 2. DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.
- 3. Purchases of Securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Security ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.
- 4. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Securities; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

- 5. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. [Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Securities, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Securities for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.]
- 6. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.
- 7. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).
- 8. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct Participants.
- 9. A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Securities purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Securities by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Securities, on DTC's records, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Securities in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Securities are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Securities to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent's DTC account.
- 10. DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Security certificates are required to be printed and delivered.
- 11. The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Security certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.
- 12. The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

APPENDIX D

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE COVENANTS (EXCERPTS FROM SALE RESOLUTION)

(See following pages)

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

Continuing Disclosure. (a) Purpose and Beneficiaries. To provide for the public availability of certain information relating to the Bonds and the security therefor and to permit the Purchaser and other participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to comply with amendments to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R. § 240.15c2-12), relating to continuing disclosure (as in effect and interpreted from time to time, the Rule), which will enhance the marketability of the Bonds, the District hereby makes the following covenants and agreements for the benefit of the Owners (as hereinafter defined) from time to time of the outstanding Bonds. The District is the only obligated person in respect of the Bonds within the meaning of the Rule for purposes of identifying the entities in respect of which continuing disclosure must be made. If the District fails to comply with any provisions of this section, any person aggrieved thereby, including the Owners of any outstanding Bonds, may take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or appropriate to enforce performance and observance of any agreement or covenant contained in this section, including an action for a writ of mandamus or specific performance. Direct, indirect, consequential and punitive damages shall not be recoverable for any default hereunder to the extent permitted by law. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in no event shall a default under this section constitute a default under the Bonds or under any other provision of this resolution. As used in this section, Owner or Bondowner means, in respect of a Bond, the registered owner or owners thereof appearing in the bond register maintained by the Registrar or any Beneficial Owner (as hereinafter defined) thereof, if such Beneficial Owner provides to the Registrar evidence of such beneficial ownership in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Registrar. As used herein, Beneficial Owner means, in respect of a Bond, any person or entity which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, such Bond (including persons or entities holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of the Bond for federal income tax purposes.

- (b) <u>Information To Be Disclosed</u>. The District will provide, in the manner set forth in subsection (c) hereof, either directly or indirectly through an agent designated by the District, the following information at the following times:
 - on or before twelve (12) months after the end of each fiscal year of the District, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the following financial information and operating data in respect of the District (the Disclosure Information):
 - (A) the audited financial statements of the District for such fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in accordance with the governmental accounting standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board or as otherwise provided under Minnesota law, as in effect from time to time, or, if and to the extent such financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with such generally accepted accounting principles for reasons beyond the reasonable control of the District, noting the discrepancies therefrom and the effect thereof, and

- certified as to accuracy and completeness in all material respects by the fiscal officer of the District; and
- (B) to the extent not included in the financial statements referred to in paragraph (A) hereof, the information for such fiscal year or for the period most recently available of the type contained in the Official Statement under the headings: Current Property Valuations; Direct Debt; Tax Levies and Collections; Student Body; and Employment/ Unemployment Data, which information may be unaudited.

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the audited financial statements are not available by the date specified, the District shall provide on or before such date unaudited financial statements in the format required for the audited financial statements as part of the Disclosure Information and, within 10 days after the receipt thereof, the District shall provide the audited financial statements. Any or all of the Disclosure Information may be incorporated by reference, if it is updated as required hereby, from other documents, including official statements, which have been submitted to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the MSRB) through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System (EMMA) or the SEC. The District shall clearly identify in the Disclosure Information each document so incorporated by reference. If any part of the Disclosure Information can no longer be generated because the operations of the District have materially changed or been discontinued, such Disclosure Information need no longer be provided if the District includes in the Disclosure Information a statement to such effect; provided, however, if such operations have been replaced by other District operations in respect of which data is not included in the Disclosure Information and the District determines that certain specified data regarding such replacement operations would be a Material Fact (as defined in paragraph (2) hereof), then, from and after such determination, the Disclosure Information shall include such additional specified data regarding the replacement operations. If the Disclosure Information is changed or this section is amended as permitted by this paragraph (b)(1) or subsection (d), then the District shall include in the next Disclosure Information to be delivered hereunder, to the extent necessary, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect of any change in the type of financial information or operating data provided.

- (2) In a timely manner, not in excess of 10 business days, to the MSRB through EMMA, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events (each a "Material Fact," as hereinafter defined):
 - (A) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (B) non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - (C) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (D) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (E) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - (F) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB), or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds:

- (G) modifications to rights of Bond holders, if material;
- (H) Bond calls, if material and tender offers;
- (I) defeasances;
- (J) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds if material;
- (K) rating changes;
- (L) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or similar event of the obligated person;
- (M) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (N) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (O) incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; "financial obligation" means a (a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument; provided that "financial obligation" shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule; and
- (P) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

As used herein, for those events that must be reported if material, a "Material Fact" is a fact as to which a substantial likelihood exists that a reasonably prudent investor would attach importance thereto in deciding to buy, hold or sell a Bond or, if not disclosed, would significantly alter the total information otherwise available to an investor from the Official Statement, information disclosed hereunder or information generally available to the public. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, a Material Fact is also a fact that would be deemed material for purposes of the purchase, holding or sale of a Bond within the meaning of applicable federal securities laws, as interpreted at the time of discovery of the occurrence of the event.

For the purposes of the event identified in (L) hereinabove, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order

confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.

For purposes of the events identified in paragraphs (O) and (P) above, the term "financial obligation" means (i) a debt obligation; (ii) a derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) a guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term "financial obligation" shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

- (3) In a timely manner, to the MSRB through EMMA, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events or conditions:
 - (A) the failure of the District to provide the Disclosure Information required under paragraph (b)(1) at the time specified thereunder;
 - (B) the amendment or supplementing of this section pursuant to subsection (d), together with a copy of such amendment or supplement and any explanation provided by the District under subsection (d)(2);
 - (C) the termination of the obligations of the District under this section pursuant to subsection (d);
 - (D) any change in the accounting principles pursuant to which the financial statements constituting a portion of the Disclosure Information are prepared; and
 - (E) any change in the fiscal year of the District.

(c) Manner of Disclosure.

- (1) The District agrees to make available to the MSRB through EMMA, in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, the information described in subsection (b).
- (2) All documents provided to the MSRB pursuant to this subsection (c) shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time.

(d) Term; Amendments; Interpretation.

(1) The covenants of the District in this section shall remain in effect so long as any Bonds are outstanding. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, however, the obligations of the District under this section shall terminate and be without further effect as of any date on which the District delivers to the Registrar an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that, because of legislative action or final judicial or administrative actions or proceedings, the failure of the District to comply with the requirements of this section will not cause participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to be in violation of the Rule or other applicable requirements

- of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any statutes or laws successory thereto or amendatory thereof.
- (2) This section (and the form and requirements of the Disclosure Information) may be amended or supplemented by the District from time to time, without notice to (except as provided in paragraph (c)(2) hereof) or the consent of the Owners of any Bonds, by a resolution of this Board filed in the office of the recording officer of the District accompanied by an opinion of Bond Counsel, who may rely on certificates of the District and others and the opinion may be subject to customary qualifications, to the effect that: (i) such amendment or supplement (a) is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in law or regulation or a change in the identity, nature or status of the District or the type of operations conducted by the District, or (b) is required by, or better complies with, the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule; (ii) this section as so amended or supplemented would have complied with the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, giving effect to any change in circumstances applicable under clause (i)(a) and assuming that the Rule as in effect and interpreted at the time of the amendment or supplement was in effect at the time of the primary offering; and (iii) such amendment or supplement does not materially impair the interests of the Bondowners under the Rule.

If the Disclosure Information is so amended, the District agrees to provide, contemporaneously with the effectiveness of such amendment, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect, if any, of the change in the type of financial information or operating data being provided hereunder.

(3) This section is entered into to comply with the continuing disclosure provisions of the Rule and should be construed so as to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule.

TERMS OF PROPOSAL

\$12,195,000* GENERAL OBLIGATION SCHOOL BUILDING BONDS, SERIES 2024A INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 297 (SPRING GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOLS), MINNESOTA

Proposals for the purchase of \$12,195,000* General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds") of Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota (the "District") will be received at the offices of Ehlers and Associates, Inc. ("Ehlers"), 3060 Centre Pointe Drive, Roseville, Minnesota 55113-1105, municipal advisors to the District, until 9:30 A.M., Central Time, and **ELECTRONIC PROPOSALS** will be received via bondsale@ehlers-inc.com or **PARITY**, in the manner described below, until 9:30 A.M. Central Time, on January 16, 2024, at which time they will be opened, read and tabulated. The proposals will be presented to the School Board for consideration for award by resolution at a meeting to be held at 7:00 P.M., Central Time, on the same date. The proposal offering to purchase the Bonds upon the terms specified herein and most favorable to the District will be accepted unless all proposals are rejected.

AUTHORITY: PURPOSE: SECURITY

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 475, as amended, and a special election held November 7, 2023 by the District, for the purpose of financing the acquisition and betterment of school sites and facilities in the District. The Bonds will be general obligations of the District for which its full faith and credit and taxing powers are pledged.

DATES AND MATURITIES

The Bonds will be dated February 8, 2024, will be issued as fully registered Bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof, and will mature on February 1 as follows:

Year	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*
2025	\$440,000	2032	\$515,000	2039	\$705,000
2026	455,000	2033	540,000	2040	735,000
2027	480,000	2034	570,000	2041	765,000
2028	540,000	2035	595,000	2042	795,000
2029	450,000	2036	625,000	2043	830,000
2030	470,000	2037	650,000	2044	865,000
2031	490,000	2038	680,000		

ADJUSTMENT OPTION

The District reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread per \$1,000.

TERM BOND OPTION

Proposals for the Bonds may contain a maturity schedule providing for any combination of serial Bonds and term Bonds, subject to mandatory redemption, so long as the amount of principal maturing or subject to mandatory redemption in each year conforms to the maturity schedule set forth above. All dates are inclusive.

INTEREST PAYMENT DATES AND RATES

Interest will be payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2024, to the registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month. Interest will be computed upon the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and will be rounded pursuant to rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. (For example, if a rate of 4.50% is proposed for the 2025 maturity, then the lowest rate that may be proposed for any later maturity is 2.50%.) All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY FORMAT

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Bonds will be designated in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds, and will be responsible for maintaining a book-entry system for recording the interests of its participants and the transfers of interests between its participants. The participants will be responsible for maintaining records regarding the beneficial interests of the individual purchasers of the Bonds. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, all payments of principal and interest will be made to the depository which, in turn, will be obligated to remit such payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds.

PAYING AGENT

The District has selected Bond Trust Services Corporation, Roseville, Minnesota ("BTSC"), to act as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"). BTSC and Ehlers are affiliate companies. The District will pay the charges for Paying Agent services. The District reserves the right to remove the Paying Agent and to appoint a successor.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

At the option of the District, the Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2033 shall be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on February 1, 2032 or any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of optional redemption.

Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the selection of the amounts and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be at the discretion of the District. If only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for redemption, then the District or Paying Agent, if any, will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant's interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interest in such maturity to be redeemed.

Notice of redemption shall be sent by mail not more than 60 days and not less than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books.

DELIVERY

On or about February 8, 2024, the Bonds will be delivered without cost to the winning bidder at DTC. On the day of closing, the District will furnish to the winning bidder the opinion of bond counsel hereinafter described, an arbitrage certification, and certificates verifying that no litigation in any manner questioning the validity of the Bonds is then pending or, to the best knowledge of officers of the District, threatened. Payment for the Bonds must be received by the District at its designated depository on the date of closing in immediately available funds.

LEGAL OPINION

An opinion in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix B will be furnished by Dorsey & Whitney LLP ("Bond Counsel"), Minneapolis, Minnesota, bond counsel to the District.

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

Proposals must not be for less than \$12,195,000 plus accrued interest on the principal sum of \$12,195,000 from date of original issue of the Bonds to date of delivery. Prior to the time established above for the opening of proposals, interested parties may submit a proposal as follows:

- 1) Electronically to bondsale@ehlers-inc.com; or
- Electronically via **PARITY** in accordance with this Terms of Proposal until 9:30 A.M. Central Time, but no proposal will be received after the time for receiving proposals specified above. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in **PARITY** conflict with this Terms of Proposal, the terms of this Terms of Proposal shall control. For further information about **PARITY**, potential bidders may contact IHS Markit (now part of S&P Global) at https://ihsmarkit.com/products/municipal-issuance.html or via telephone (844) 301-7334.

Proposals must be submitted to Ehlers via one of the methods described above and must be received prior to the time established above for the opening of proposals. Each proposal must be unconditional except as to legality. Neither the District nor Ehlers shall be responsible for any failure to receive a facsimile submission.

A good faith deposit ("Deposit") in the amount of \$243,900 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire transfer of funds. Such Deposit shall be received by Ehlers no later than two hours after the proposal opening time. Wire transfer instructions will be provided to the winning bidder by Ehlers after the tabulation of proposals. The District reserves the right to award the Bonds to a winning bidder whose wire transfer is initiated but not received by such time provided that such winning bidder's federal wire reference number has been received by such time. In the event the Deposit is not received as provided above, the District may award the Bonds to the bidder submitting the next best proposal provided such bidder agrees to such award. The Deposit will be retained by the District as liquidated damages if the proposal is accepted and the Purchaser fails to comply therewith.

The District and the winning bidder who chooses to so wire the Deposit hereby agree irrevocably that Ehlers shall be the escrow holder of the Deposit wired to such account subject only to these conditions and duties: 1) All income earned thereon shall be retained by the escrow holder as payment for its expenses; 2) If the proposal is not accepted, Ehlers shall, at its expense, promptly return the Deposit amount to the winning bidder; 3) If the proposal is accepted, the Deposit shall be returned to the winning bidder at the closing; 4) Ehlers shall bear all costs of maintaining the escrow account and returning the funds to the winning bidder; 5) Ehlers shall not be an insurer of the Deposit amount and shall have no liability hereunder except if it willfully fails to perform or recklessly disregards, its duties specified herein; and 6) FDIC insurance on deposits within the escrow account shall be limited to \$250,000 per bidder.

No proposal can be withdrawn after the time set for receiving proposals unless the meeting of the District scheduled for award of the Bonds is adjourned, recessed, or continued to another date without award of the Bonds having been made.

AWARD

The Bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering the lowest interest rate to be determined on a True Interest Cost (TIC) basis. The District's computation of the interest rate of each proposal, in accordance with customary practice, will be controlling. In the event of a tie, the sale of the Bonds will be awarded by lot. The District reserves the right to reject any and all proposals and to waive any informality in any proposal.

BOND INSURANCE

If the Bonds are qualified for any bond insurance policy, the purchase of such policy shall be at the sole option and expense of the winning bidder. Any cost for such insurance policy is to be paid by the winning bidder, except that, if the District requested and received a rating on the Bonds from a rating agency, the District will pay that rating fee. Any rating agency fees not requested by the District are the responsibility of the winning bidder.

Failure of the municipal bond insurer to issue the policy after the Bonds are awarded to the winning bidder shall not constitute cause for failure or refusal by the winning bidder to accept delivery of the Bonds.

CUSIP NUMBERS

The District will assume no obligation for the assignment or printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds or for the correctness of any numbers printed thereon, but will permit such numbers to be printed at the expense of the winning bidder, if the winning bidder waives any delay in delivery occasioned thereby.

NON-QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The Bonds shall not be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriter (Syndicate Manager) in complying with the provisions of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 the District will enter into an undertaking for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds. A description of the details and terms of the undertaking is set forth in Appendix D of the Preliminary Official Statement.

ESTABLISHMENT OF ISSUE PRICE AT TIME OF AWARD

In order to establish the issue price of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, the District requires bidders to agree to the following, and by submitting a proposal, each bidder agrees to the following.

If a proposal is submitted by a potential underwriter, the bidder confirms that (i) the underwriters have offered or reasonably expect to offer the Bonds to the public on or before the date of the award at the offering price (the "initial offering price") for each maturity as set forth in the proposal and (ii) the bidder, if it is the winning bidder, shall require any agreement among underwriters, selling group agreement, retail distribution agreement or other agreement relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public to which it is a party to include provisions requiring compliance by all parties to such agreements with the provisions contained herein. For purposes hereof, Bonds with a separate CUSIP number constitute a separate "maturity", and the public does not include underwriters (including members of a selling group or retail distribution group) or persons related to underwriters.

If, however, a proposal is submitted for the bidder's own account in a capacity other than as an underwriter of the Bonds, and the bidder has no current intention to sell, reoffer, or otherwise dispose of the Bonds, the bidder shall notify the District to that effect at the time it submits its proposal and shall provide a certificate to that effect in place of the certificate otherwise required below.

If the winning bidder intends to act as an underwriter, the District shall advise the winning bidder at or prior to the time of award whether (i) the competitive sale rule or (ii) the "hold-the-offering price" rule applies.

If the District advises the Purchaser that the requirements for a competitive sale have been satisfied and that the competitive sale rule applies, the Purchaser will be required to deliver to the District at or prior to closing a certification, in a form reasonably acceptable to bond counsel, as to the reasonably expected initial offering price as of the award date.

If the District advises the Purchaser that the requirements for a competitive sale have not been satisfied and that the hold-the-offering price rule applies, the Purchaser shall (1) upon the request of the District confirm that the underwriters did not offer or sell any maturity of the Bonds to any person at a price higher than the initial offering price of that maturity during the period starting on the award date and ending on the earlier of (a) the close of the fifth business day after the sale date or (b) the date on which the underwriters have sold at least 10% of that maturity to the public at or below the initial offering price; and (2) at or prior to closing, deliver to the District a certification as to such matters, in a form reasonably acceptable to bond counsel, together with a copy of the pricing wire.

Any action taken or documentation to be received by the District pursuant hereto may be taken or received on behalf of the District by Ehlers & Associates, Inc.

Bidders should prepare their proposals on the assumption that the Bonds will be subject to the "hold-the-offering-price" rule. Any proposal submitted pursuant to the Terms of Proposal shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, and Bonds submitted will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal.

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Bidders may obtain a copy of the Preliminary Official Statement relating to the Bonds prior to the proposal opening by request from Ehlers at www.ehlers-inc.com by connecting to the Bond Sales link. The Underwriter (Syndicate Manager) will be provided with an electronic copy of the Final Official Statement within seven business days of the proposal acceptance. Up to 10 printed copies of the Final Official Statement will be provided upon request. Additional copies of the Final Official Statement will be available at a cost of \$10.00 per copy.

Information for bidders and proposal forms may be obtained from Ehlers at 3060 Centre Pointe Drive, Roseville, Minnesota 55113-1105, Telephone (651) 697-8500.

By Order of the School Board

Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota

PROPOSAL FORM

The School Board January 16, 2024 Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota (the "District") RE: \$12,195,000* General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Bonds") DATED: February 8, 2024 For all or none of the above Bonds, in accordance with the Terms of Proposal and terms of the Global Book-Entry System (unless otherwise specified by the Purchaser) as stated in this Official Statement, we will pay you \$ (not less than \$12,195,000) plus accrued interest to date of delivery for fully registered Bonds bearing interest rates and maturing in the stated years as follows: _____ % due ______ % due 2025 2032 % due 2039 % due 2026 % due 2033 % due 2040 % due 2027 2034 % due 2041 % due 2028 % due 2035 % due 2042 _____ % due 2029 _____ % due 2036 % due 2043 _____ % due ____ % due 2030 2037 % due 2044 % due 2031 % due 2038 The District reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds on the day of sale, in increments of \$5,000 each. Increases or decreases may be made in any maturity. If any principal amounts are adjusted, the purchase price proposed will be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread per \$1,000. The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. (For example, if a rate of 4.50% is proposed for the 2025 maturity, then the lowest rate that may be proposed for any later maturity is 2.50%.) All Bonds of the same maturity must bear interest from date of issue until paid at a single, uniform rate. Each rate must be expressed in an integral multiple of 5/100 or 1/8 of 1%. A good faith deposit ("Deposit") in the amount of \$243,900 shall be made by the winning bidder by wire transfer of funds. Such Deposit shall be received by Ehlers no later than two hours after the proposal opening time. Wire transfer instructions will be provided to the winning bidder by Ehlers after the tabulation of proposals. The District reserves the right to award the Bonds to a winning bidder whose wire transfer is initiated but not received by such time provided that such winning bidder's federal wire reference number has been received by such time. In the event the Deposit is not received as provided above, the District may award the Bonds to the bidder submitting the next best proposal provided such bidder agrees to such award. The Deposit will be retained by the District as liquidated damages if the proposal is accepted and the Purchaser fails to comply therewith. We agree to the conditions and duties of Ehlers and Associates, Inc., as escrow holder of the Deposit, pursuant to the Terms of Proposal. This proposal is for prompt acceptance and is conditional upon delivery of said Bonds to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, in accordance with the Terms of Proposal. Delivery is anticipated to be on or about February 8, 2024. This proposal is subject to the District's agreement to enter into a written undertaking to provide continuing disclosure under Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as described in the Preliminary Official Statement for the Bonds. We have received and reviewed the Official Statement, and any addenda thereto, and have submitted our requests for additional information or corrections to the Final Official Statement. As Underwriter (Syndicate Manager), we agree to provide the District with the reoffering price of the Bonds within 24 hours of the proposal acceptance. This proposal is a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds identified in the Terms of Proposal, on the terms set forth in this proposal form and the Terms of Proposal, and is not subject to any conditions, except as permitted by the Terms of Proposal. By submitting this proposal, we confirm that we are an underwriter and have an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal If the competitive sale requirements are not met, we elect to use either the: 10% test, or the hold-the-offering-price rule to determine the issue price of the Bonds. Account Manager: By: Account Members: Award will be on a true interest cost basis. According to our computations (the correct computation being controlling in the award), the total dollar interest cost (including any discount or less any premium) computed from February 8, 2024 of the above proposal is \$_____ and the true interest cost (TIC) is _____%. The foregoing offer is hereby accepted by and on behalf of the School Board of Independent School District No. 297 (Spring Grove Public Schools), Minnesota, on January 16, 2024. By: By: Title: Title: